FEBRUARY. 1783. THE NUMB. 2747.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1783.

WHEREAS the Eſtates hereunder mentioned, agreeable to the ſeveral Tax Laws of this Commonwealth, have been aſſeſſed, and made chargeable with the Payment of the ſeveral Sums of Money againſt them reſpectively placed, and the Owners have hitherto neglected to appear and diſcharge the ſame, altho' the Time and Times for that Purpoſe given and limited by Law are long ſince expired: WE, the Commiſſioners of Bucks County, therefore, purſuant to the ſaid Laws, do give this public Notice, that unleſs Payment of the ſaid Rates or Sums of Money (except the Sums due on the Firſt Claſs Tax) be made within Three Months from the Date hereof, and of the ſaid Claſs Monies within Two Months, together with the Coſts of this Advertiſement, &c. the ſaid Eſtates will be ſold (or ſuch Parts of them as will be ſufficient) in Order to pay the ſame, with ſuch additional Coſts as will then have accrued.

Bucks County, January 29, 1783.

SAMUEL SMITH,
FRANCIS MURRAY.
JOHN CARR.

		County Tax, Con. Money.	45 Mill. Dol. Tax, Con. Mo.	1ſt 8 Mo. Contin. Money.	2d 8 Mo. Contin. Money.	1ſt Claſs Tax Con. Money.	Supplies for 1781. Specie.	Supplies for 1781. State Mo.	Funding Tax 1781 State.	2d Claſs Tax, Specie.	County Tax, Specie.
PLUMSTED Townſhip.	*Acres.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Benjamin Harbeſon	50	0 10 0	3 3 0	3 3 0					0 4 4	0 2 0	0 0 3
ROCKHILL Townſhip.											
Land lately occupied by Michael Clark,	60										
---------- Maybury	600			21 2 0			6 10 0	6 10 0	13 0 0	3 12 0	0 6 6
FALLS Townſhip.											
Thomas Barclay	220							0 0 11	7 6 0		
Jonathan Martin	1½					8 8 0					
Matthew Muſgrove	1½					8 8 0					
Jacob Shallus	140					49 0 0					
Commons	100				164 0 0	57 8 0	1 17 0	1 17 0	3 15 0	1 2 0	0 2 0
James Moon	1					8 8 0					
Samuel Hillegas	190					63 10 0					
Colonel Lutterloh	60						0 18 0	0 18 0	1 16 0	0 10 6	0 1 0
Jones and Ledden	200						4 10 0	4 10 0	9 0 0	2 9 6	0 4 6
Jones and Reſburgh	40						0 9 0	0 9 0	0 18 0	0 5 0	0 0 6
HAYCOCK Townſhip.											
John Miller	10						0 1 6	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 1 0	0 0 3
SPRINGFIELD Townſhip.											
Land late John Chapman's	80						1 3 4		1 3 4	0 7 6	0 0 9
TINICUM Townſhip.											
John Bayley	150								2 0 0	0 11 0	0 1 0
Nicholas Patterſon	100								1 10 0	0 8 0	0 0 9

THE Creditors of John Ewan late of Mountholly, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to the Subſcriber, one of the Aſſignees, in order to make a dividend of a ſmall Sum of Money in his Hands.

‡ JOSHUA HOWELL.

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 186 acres of good land, with Cheſter creek running through the middle of it; there are 20 acres of good meadow, part thereof watered by ſaid creek, and as much more may be made and well watered, with a good ſeat for almoſt any ſort of water-works; there are erected on ſaid premiſes, a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with a log kitchen adjoining the ſame, and a never failing ſpring of water within a few yards of the door, with a good houſe over the ſame, part log and part ſtone, with a good frame barn, ſtables and other out-houſes, a good log ſhop ſuitable for a tradeſman; there are on ſaid place, two good bearing orchards, and a young orchard of 50 trees of the beſt grafted fruit, about 120 acres cleared, and the reſt well timbered; the whole in good repair. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid premiſes. *Jan.* 28. ‡ THOMAS RUSSELL.

TO BE LETT,

For one or more Years,

Two PASTURE LOTS,

CONTAINING about eight acres, ſituate at the back of the Blue-Houſe. For terms, apply to WILLIAM ALLISON or JOHN ELEAKLEY, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets. ‡

THIS ADVERTISEMENT is to ſhow,
To my ſubſcribers if they'd know,
Six months is almoſt o'er;
Which I have rode; therefore my wages,
I muſt demand from different ſtages,
Elſe I can ride no more.
I have been riding clear of gains,
Only my labour for my pains;
Expences almoſt double----
To what they were when I ſet out,
Well you may ſee, I make no doubt,
I've nothing for my trouble,
My money therefore, have I muſt,
Whether or not you take diſguſt----
Without further delay.
The printers muſt be paid, no doubt,
Or no more papers they'l give out,
Till they receive their pay.
Thoſe in arrears for time that's paſt,
I now adviſe them for the laſt,
To ſave themſelves and me,
Of further trouble-- I do warn---
Delinquents not to take alarm,
When they the Bailiff ſee.
No more my friends can I perform,
My weekly tours through cold and ſtorm,
I tell you now in fine----
Unleſs more wages, not a mile,
I'll ride hereafter the old ſtile----
my name's
JAMES BALLANDINE.

January 18, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

At public vendue, on the 20th of February next, on the premiſes, in Aſton townſhip, Cheſter county, near the ſign of the Seven Stars, about 5 miles from Cheſter, and 3½ from Marcus-hook,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, on Cheſter creek, with a fine conveniency for erecting any kind of water works at a ſmall expence. There are near 170 acres of land, of which 8 or 9 acres meadow, and more may be made, with 60 or 70 acres of woodland well timbered; a large orchard of good fruit, with a good ſtone houſe, and a ſpring near the door with a houſe over the ſame; a good garden pailed in, good barn, ſtabling and other out-houſes. The much frequented road leading from Edgmont to Marcus-hook goes by the houſe, which would well ſuit ſtore-keeping or other public buſineſs. The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy; and the title is indiſputable. Poſſeſſion will be given the 25th day of March next. At the ſame time and place will be ſold a mare with foal, a two year old colt, and a yearling ditto, wheat and rye in the ground, with ſundry other things, too tedious to mention. The ſale to begin at 10 o' clock on ſaid day, when attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, by JAMES PENNELL. ¶

N. B. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the land may view it before the day of ſale.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A BRICK HOUSE in Walnut-ſtreet near Fourth-ſtreet, in the tenure of Mr. Thomas Fitzſimons, containing in front 16 feet 6 inches, and in depth 40 feet; it has two parlours, two chambers, and two garrets, with a frame kitchen 16 by 13 feet, with a room over it; and back of the kitchen is a ſtable and chair-houſe. The lot is 108 feet deep, with a privilege of a 7 foot alley, the whole ſubject to a ground rent of Fourteen Dollars per annum. Alſo two lots adjoining the above houſe, containing on Walnut-ſtreet 24 feet 9 inches each in depth, and 220 feet each in length. On one of thoſe lots there are two brick kitchens, two ſtories high, a room below, one above, and a cellar to each; on the other lot is a ſtable that will hold four horſes and a chariot. There is a large new ſtore 48 by 20 feet two ſtories high, back of the two lots, which, as well as the ſtable, may be purchaſed or not with the lots. It would be moſt agreeable to ſell the whole together; if that cannot be done, they will be ſold ſeparate, and ſufficient time will be given for payment, on giving good ſecurity. For further particulars enquire of GEORGE MEADE.

He has alſo to diſpoſe of on credit ſeveral tracts of land, in the neighbourhoods of Alexandria and Winchester, in Virginia.

BELL's Book-Store, *in Third-ſtreet,*

January 30*th*, 1783.

The more exalted of the Sentimentaliſts, may now felicitate themſelves, and their friends, upon the opportunity of purchaſing, the liberal, moral, politic, and philoſophic explorations in various countries, juſtly exhibited in the following moſt elegant BOOK of TRAVELS, ſuperior in entertainment, and inſtruction, to all the productions of either ancient or modern TRAVELLERS.

NUMBER FIRST-----Price *One Dollar.*

A View of Society and Manners

In FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, GERMANY, and ITALY:
With ANECDOTES relating to ſome EMINENT CHARACTERS.
Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D.
During his travels through thoſe countries, with his Grace,
The preſent Duke of HAMILTON.
NUMBER SECOND----Price *One Dollar.*
Of MOORE's ELEGANT TRAVELS,
Will be publiſhed about three weeks from this date. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE HOUSE and LOT, pleaſantly ſituated in the townſhip of Little Egg-Harbour, Burlington county, and State of New-Jerſey; there is about two and a half acres in the lot, the houſe is almoſt new, and is 46 feet by 20, with three rooms on a floor, and a good kitchen, a well of good water near the door, about 40 young bearing apple-trees of good fruit; ſaid houſe is but a few rods from a Friends Meeting-houſe, ſaw and griſt mills, and as near a creek that puts in from the ſea and bay, that abounds with fiſh, fowl, &c. commands a pleaſing proſpect of the ſea and beaches, and is a good ſtand for a ſtore, tavern, or a mechanic.

Part of the purchaſe money being paid down, time will be given for the remainder.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Moore's-Town, New-Jerſey.

EBENEZER TUCKER.

Moore's-Town, Jan. 29, 1783.

P. S. If ſaid houſe is not ſold by the 24th day of March next, it will be ſold at public Sale on that day, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. ¶

French and Engliſh Languages taught.

A FRENCH Gentleman, who has learned both the Engliſh and his own Language by principles, offers to teach (at their own houſes) the Ladies and Gentlemen who may be deſirous to learn either of them. It does not become him to vaunt his own abilities, but he flatters himſelf the progreſs of his ſcholars will convince them that he is not ill qualified for the undertaking. The pleaſing proſpect of a long intercourſe of trade and friendſhip between the Americans and his countrymen, points out the uſefulneſs of theſe ſo faſhionable and ſo univerſally admired languages, in too ſtrong a manner, to render it neceſſary to expatiate in favor of the learning of them.

The ſaid Gentleman will tranſlate any piece of writing from either of theſe languages into the other, and keep the ſtricteſt ſecrecy, if required.

He lodges at the north-weſt corner-houſe but one of Fourth and Walnut-ſtreets. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A Large new commodious three ſtory houſe, kitchen, ſtables, coach-houſe and lot of ground thereto belonging, would accommodate a gentleman or man of buſineſs, being one of the beſt ſtands for trade in this city (300l. per annum has been refuſed for it) likewiſe a farm on a branch of Neſhaminy, within 19 miles of Philadelphia, about 90 acres thereof cleared, 20 of which are meadow, and the remainder well timbered; the ſoil is good, and there are upwards of 100 young fruit trees thereon.

Alſo 70 acres of land within 9 miles of this city, about 30 thereof cleared, and under good new poſt and rail fence, and has a fine ſtream of water thereon, ſituate on the Ridge road.

And two lots of ground, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Eighth and Ninth-ſtreets, each 23 feet front on Market-ſtreet, and extend in depth to ſtreet 306 feet. The perſon intereſted in the above mentioned property being diſpoſed to leave this country, will ſell on reaſonable terms. One half of the money to be paid down, and the remainder in two or three years. Apply to the Printers. ¶

Philadelphia, January 29, 1783.

BY virtue of Writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday the 8th of February next, at 12 o'clock at noon, the following nine lots of ground, viz.

No. 1. Containing 54 feet in front, on Saſſafras-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded eaſtward with Eighth-ſtreet from the river Schuylkill, ſouthward with back lots, weſtward with lot No. 2, and northward with Saſſafras-ſtreet.

No. 2. Containing 33 feet in front, on Saſſafras-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded eaſtward with lot No. 1, ſouthward with back lots, weſtward with lot No. 3, and northward with Saſſafras-ſtreet.

No. 3. Containing 44 feet in front on Saſſafras-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded eaſtward with lot No. 2, ſouthward with back lots, weſtward with-------, and northward with Saſſafras-ſtreet.

No. 4. Containing 50 feet in breadth, and in length 247 feet, bounded northward with Reeſe Peters's lot, eaſtward with Third-ſtreet, from the river Schuylkill, ſouthward with William Bayley's lot, and weſtward with back lots.

No. 5. Containing 49 feet and 6 inches in front, on Mulberry-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded weſtward by Fourth-ſtreet from the river Schuylkill, northward with back lots, eaſtward with lot No. 6, and ſouthward with Mulberry-ſtreet.

No. 6. Containing 50 feet in front, on Mulberry-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded weſtward with lot No. 5, northward with back lots, eaſtward with lot No. 7, and ſouthward with Mulberry-ſtreet.

No. 7. Containing 50 feet in front, on Mulberry-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded weſtward with lot No. 6, northward with back lots, eaſtward with lot No. 8, and ſouthward by Mulberry-ſtreet.

No. 8. Containing 49 feet and a half in front, on Mulberry-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded with lot No. 7, northward with back lots, eaſtward with lot No. 9, and ſouthward with Mulberry-ſtreet.

No. 9. Containing 49 feet and 6 inches in front, on Mulberry-ſtreet, and 306 feet deep, bounded weſtward with lot No. 8, northward with back lots, eaſtward with-------, and ſouthward with Mulberry-ſtreet---late the eſtate of Anthony Moore, deceaſed---taken in execution, by

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, 11 miles from Chriſtina landing, 9 miles from the Head of Elk, and 17 miles from Wilmington, containing 420 acres, about one half cleared, 25 acres of meadow and 6 more may be made, above 250 bearing apple trees. There is on ſaid plantation, a good houſe two ſtories high, with a kitchen adjoining; a good ſtone mill-houſe 42 feet by 32, built in 1769, (cedar roofed, with two pair of ſtones and two good bolting cloths &c.) on Big Elk Creek, a never failing ſtream; a good barn with ſtabling for 18 horſes, and hay lofts above, a ſpring and ſpring-houſe within 10 yards of the kitchen door, and never failing ſprings in each field; a good title will be given for the whole. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes. ROBERT WILKIN. †

To be Sold by way of Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 6th day of March next,

A Valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND (late the eſtate of Benjamin Hamilton, deceaſed) ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, containing about 126 acres, 12 of which are good meadow, and more may be made, about 30 acres of good woodland, and a young thriving orchard of about 100 bearing apple trees, a good ſquare log-houſe, with a never failing ſpring of water near the door, a good log barn and ſtables; the whole under good repair. Said place is ſituate near Old York road, 21 miles from Philadelphia, within half a mile of Neſhaminey Meeting-houſe, and very near ſeveral griſt mills. The conditions of ſale to be made known on the day of ſale, by

JOHN JAMISON,
ELIJAH STENSON,
JOHN HAMILTON, } Executors.

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment; likewiſe all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the Executors of ſaid eſtate. *Jan.* 27, 1783. ¶ w.

A MESSAGE *from the* PRESIDENT *and the* SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL *to the* GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GENTLEMEN,

WE heartily congratulate you on the recovery of Charlestown, and the final determination of the controverſy between this State and that of Connecticut, in our favour, by the unanimous judgment of the Commiſſioners.

The *firſt* of theſe events will be attended with very happy conſequences to the union in general, and in particular to the patriotic citizens of a ſiſter State, whoſe ſufferings have only been exceeded by their virtue.

The *ſecond* is highly intereſting in every point of view. The peaceable and concluſive ſettlement of a diſpute between two ſuch powerful ſovereign States, concerning a large and valuable territory, and the juriſdiction over it, caſts a light upon the *American* character, the martial ſpirit of which has been ſo fully and recently diſplayed, that muſt attract the attention and eſteem of the world.

This uncommon occurrence will furniſh to the good and wiſe, a pleaſing page in the mournful hiſtory of human diſcords; and we fervently wiſh, for the repoſe of mankind, it may be deemed worthy of imitation.

It reflects great honor alſo on the Confederation, by yielding memorable proof of its political energy, having been accompliſhed in the mode thereby preſcribed; and ſtrengthens the bands of the union, by evincing that it is the beſt protection againſt internal miſchiefs, as well as againſt external dangers. Thus the fears of the apprehenſive, who expected, and the hopes of the diſaffected, who wiſhed for confuſions, are diſſipated, and an agreeable preſage is formed of the like ſalutary effects attending ſimilar conteſts in future, which cannot fail of giving the firmeſt ſtability to the whole ſyſtem of our affairs.

By ſuch a temper and conduct, the United States will exhibit a very ſingular and truly dignified example of a people, who have wiſdom and virtue enough not to waſte, in civil convulſions, the happineſs and glory acquired by a ſucceſsful oppoſition to their foreign enemies---the fatal gulph in which ſo many nations have been loſt.

This determination will be of the utmoſt importance to the proſperity of *Pennſylvania*, if all the benefits are derived from it, that probably may be obtained by a prudent management. We have iſſued a proclamation for preſerving peace, and quieting the minds of the people on the lands lately diſputed, a copy of which, together with other papers relating to this affair, ſhall be immediately ſent. We rely on the Legiſlature, that ſuch farther meaſures will be adopted, as ſhall be moſt adviſeable for improving the deciſion that has been made to the beſt advantage.

The Secretary will lay before you, Gentlemen, letters from the Miniſter of *France*, of the 10th and 19th inſtant---from the Commander in Chief, of the 12th---from the Financier, of the 20th---from the Secretary at War, of the 7th of November and 11th of December---from the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, of the 23d---from the Commiſſioners for the defence of the navigation in the Bay and River *Delaware*, of the 13th---and from the Commiſſioners for the City and County of *Philadelphia*, of the 19th of the ſame month.

The moſt important intelligence we have received, relates to the negotiations at *Paris*. When all circumſtances reſpecting them are deliberately weighed, and compared with paſt tranſactions, it remains utterly uncertain what the concluſion will be. Policy dictates but a ſingle reſolution on the part of America, and that is---to make ſtrenuous efforts for continuing the war.

We have judged it our duty to exert all the powers with which we are inveſted, for compleating the line of this State to three regiments of infantry, beſides the artillery and dragoons, by the opening of the next campaign, as will appear by our act of the ſixth of December laſt, herewith tranſmitted. An act of Congreſs of the 3d of December, on that head, we alſo communicate.

We ſhall ſincerely rejoice, if theſe intentions can be carried into execution in time, as the line will be rendered more reſpectable, and ſeveral valuable and experienced officers will be employed.

Before we quit this ſubject, we cannot forbear mentioning, with the tendereſt concern, the caſe of retiring officers of our line. After bravely and patiently encountering every danger and difficulty, for many years, in the cauſe of their country, their former methods of life totally deranged, their fortunes injured or exhauſted, their conſtitutions in many inſtances impaired, to be thrown, unpaid and unprovided for, upon experiments for the ſubſiſtance of themſelves and their families, muſt be deeply diſtreſſing to perſons, who feel any ſentiments of gratitude and benevolence. Permit us to recommend them, in the warmeſt manner, to your Honorable Body.

From ſome late proceedings, it appears too probable, unleſs the national council can happily deviſe ſome effectual mode of removing difficulties, that a neceſſity will ſucceed, of ſatisfying the demands of juſtice and humanity on a more divided, and, perhaps, leſs politic plan, than has been wiſhed for and attempted.

In what manner theſe, and other exigencies, are to be anſwered, it is eſſential to the welfare of the Commonwealth, that the affairs of our revenues ſhould, with all poſſible diſpatch, be placed in the cleareſt order, and fixed on a perfectly œconomical arrangement. To lay a ſolid foundation for ſubſequent operations, it is abſolutely neceſſary that all former accounts and paſt expenditures of public monies ſhould be *ſpeedily* adjuſted. Theſe, and all that ſhall follow, ſhould be laid before our conſtituents *immediately*, as they are reſpectively adjuſted, and with as much *particularity*, as the nature of them will admit. A free people have a right to ſee them, and to judge of them. By ſuch means, their entire confidence in public meaſures will be gained; and they will not only bear, but be pleaſed to bear their ſeveral ſhares of public burthens, when they find, that what they pay is quickly and truly accounted for, and has been faithfully and prudently applied to their ſervice. This, we are convinced, is the generous diſpoſition of the people of *Pennſylvania*.

Such regulations tend directly to the eſtabliſhment of *public credit* on a firm baſis. Another ſtep towards it is, not to ſuffer thoſe to be diſappointed, who have relied upon the faith of the State. This obſervation reminds us of the officers and ſoldiers who have retained their certificates; and we earneſtly wiſh the Legiſlature to conſider whether it will not be, as it appears clearly to us, juſt, and, taking into view circumſtances that may hereafter occur, expedient, to make a diſtinction between ſuch officers and ſoldiers, and their executors and adminiſtrators, and the holders of certificates by purchaſe. We apprehend that this diſtinction will produce exceedingly extenſive and beneficial conſequences.

The ſelection of taxes, and equality in laying them, are matters of vaſt moment. The former of theſe objects employed the thoughts of the late Aſſembly for ſome time. Both of them deſerve a moſt ſerious inveſtigation.

We have made ſeveral promotions, in purſuance of the Act of Congreſs of the twentieth of laſt November, and have directed a copy of our order thereon to be communicated.

The diſtreſſes of the marine priſoners belonging to this State, at *New-York*, engaged our early and careful attention. We have the pleaſure to inform you, that a flag-veſſel has arrived there from this port, with two hundred barrels of flour, and other articles for their relief. The Secretary will preſent to you three letters reſpecting this buſineſs.

From a deſire to give as much efficacy as we could to your good intentions, we have ſent a large number of copies of the Act, entituled "*An Act to prevent the erecting any new and independent State within the limits of this Commonwealth*," and of the Bill, entituled "*An Act for the ſale of certain lands therein mentioned, for the purpoſe of redeeming and paying off the certificates of depreciation given to the officers and ſoldiers of the* Pennſylvania *line, or their repreſentatives, and for appropriating certain other lands therein mentioned for the uſe of the ſaid officers and ſoldiers, to be divided off to them ſeverally at the end of the war*," by gentlemen of reputation, to the counties of *Bedford*, *Weſtmoreland* and *Waſhington*, to be diſtributed among the inhabitants.

The laws require amendments in ſeveral inſtances. A juſt reſpect for the intereſts of His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty induces us, in the firſt place, earneſtly to recommend the paſſing, as ſoon as it can be done, an act for preventing the deſertion of *French* ſailors from the veſſels to which they belong, and for puniſhing perſons who ſhall encourage ſuch deſertion. The acts now exiſting, that relate to this point, are very defective.

This city is now become a place of ſuch reſort, which ſeems to be daily increaſing, that we requeſt the General Aſſembly to deliberate on the eſtabliſhment of a complete police for its government.

We ſhould be glad if the collection of taxes and fines could be made eaſier, and leſs expenſive, and if irregular and oppreſſive proceedings therein, which we have reaſon to believe too often have happened, could be prevented.

The Militia Laws ſhould be reduced into one act. They require great alterations for rendering them more efficient, and leſs expenſive. It appears to be a hardſhip upon retiring officers, who continue in ſome meaſure annexed to the army, and other circumſtances being conſidered, that they ſhould be liable to common militia duties.

We think it extremely proper, that acts ſhould alſo be paſſed for making the deciſions on references by rule of Court more ſimilar to trials by Jury,---for quieting titles after long poſſeſſion,----for preventing unneceſſary county expences,---and for regulating fees and preventing extortion. An act for this laſt purpoſe ſhould be drawn with ſuch preciſion, as to take away all evaſions from offenders, and ſo generally made known, that the innocent may not be preyed upon, by their ignorance of the injuries done them.

GENTLEMEN,

We judge it ſufficient thus briefly to ſuggeſt our ideas. If they are thought proper to receive ſuch improvements as your wiſdom can give them, we ſhall be amply rewarded for our care, by your approbation, and by the benefits which in conſequence will be conveyed to our fellow-citizens.

JOHN DICKINSON.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Philadelphia, Jan. 23, 1783.

Meſſrs. HALL & SELLERS,

By giving the following Circular Letter, and the Reſolutions in conſequence of it, a place in your paper, you will oblige all the friends of liberty and juſt government in the State.

DEAR SIR, *Hanover, Nov.* 28, 1782.

THE officers and repreſentatives of the 9th battalion of Lancaſter county militia, upon conſultation, have concluded, from the complexion of the preſent Houſe of Aſſembly, that the conſtitution and liberty of the State is at ſtake in ſome meaſure; and ſenſible of the importance of what has coſt us ſo much blood and treaſure, we have thought it incumbent upon us to exert ourſelves for their preſervation, as far as our influence extends, and to warn all who would wiſh to be free of the dangers that ſeem to impend, not doubting, at the ſame time, but you are ready to take the alarm, as you muſt be ſenſible of the ſame danger. We do not think it neceſſary to multiply words, tending to inſpire your ſpirit; for we think that you poſſeſs the ſame, and have been only waiting to know the ſentiments of your fellow friends to liberty. Let us not then coolly and ſimply ſuffer any of our rights to be taken from us by any men, eſpecially as our conſtitution inveſts us with full power to oppoſe any ſuch attempt. Perhaps our fears are groundleſs; but, in caſes of apparent danger, which undoubtedly is our preſent caſe, a wiſe man will be on his guard. And therefore let ſuch a number of proper perſons, as you will pleaſe to appoint, meet us at Manheim, on the 15th day of January next, in order that we may mutually contrive ſuch meaſures, as may tend moſt effectually to preſerve our good conſtitution, and our dear independence and liberty. We beſeech you, Sir, to be active, and not fail to fulfil our earneſt requeſt.

By Order of the Whole,
JOHN RODGERS, Colonel.

Directed to the Colonels of the Lancaſter county militia.

[A true copy of the original.]

Manheim, in Lancaſter county, Jan. 15, 1783.

AT a meeting held at the town of Manheim, in the county of Lancaſter, the 15th day of January, Anno Dom. 1783, in purſuance of circular letters from Col. *Rodgers*, of the Ninth Militia Battalion in ſaid county, directed to the Colonels of the different Battalions of Militia aforeſaid:

PRESENT,

Colonel *Thomas Edwards*, of the Second Battalion.
Mr. *Cloninger* and Mr. *Ord*, appointed by Colonel *Edwards* for that purpoſe.
Colonel *Ziegler*, of the Fourth Battalion.
Colonel *Lowry*, of the Seventh Battalion.
Major *Cook*, Mr. *Kelly*, Mr. *Hays*, and Mr. *Hare*, appointed by Col. *Lowry* to meet for the purpoſe aforeſaid.
Colonel *Roſs*, of the Eighth Battalion.
Mr. *Chambers*, Capt. *Ewing*. and Capt. *Joſeph Hubley*, appointed by Col. *Roſs* to meet for the purpoſe aforeſaid.
Colonel *Rodgers*, of the Ninth Battalion.
Mr. *Clark* and Capt. *Laird*, appointed by Colonel *Rodgers* to meet for the purpoſe aforeſaid.
Colonel *Elder*, of the Tenth Battalion.

On motion, Col. *Rodgers* was unanimouſly choſen Chairman, and Capt. *Joſeph Hubley* was unanimouſly choſen Secretary.

Col. *Rodgers* having reported, That he was credibly informed that the Preſident of the State of Pennſylvania was againſt the independence of America (at the time it was declared) and the conſtitution of this State, and that therefore our liberties are in danger.

On motion and ſeconded, The following queſtion was put:

QUESTION. Is it the opinion of the members preſent, that they approve of the appointment of JOHN DICKINSON, Eſquire, as Preſident of the State of Pennſylvania, or not?

The members of the 2d battalion are unanimouſly of opinion, that a better choice of a Preſident could not be made.

Col. *Ziegler*, of the 4th battalion, of the ſame opinion.

The members of the 7th battalion are of the ſame opinion.

The members of the 8th battalion are of the ſame opinion.

The members of the 9th battalion hope the Aſſembly have made a good choice, and if they have, they thank them.

Col. *Elder* of the ſame opinion with the 9th battalion.

Reſolved unanimouſly, "That the people have a right to aſſemble together, to conſult for their common good, to inſtruct their Repreſentatives, and to apply to the Legiſlature for redreſs of grievances, by addreſs, petition or remonſtrance."

Reſolved unanimouſly, That it is the opinion of the deputies from the different battalions now met, That "the complexion of the preſent Houſe of Aſſembly" is ſuch, that we have no reaſon to doubt but that the independence and conſtitution of this State are ſafe, and that we highly approve of the appointment of his Excellency JOHN DICKINSON, Eſquire, to be Preſident.

Reſolved, That we approve of Col. *Rodger*'s calling this meeting, in as much as it has conduced to remove doubts and unjuſt charges, that were circulating to the diſadvantage of his Excellency the Preſident of this State, *James Wilſon* and *John Montgomery*, Eſquires, two of our members in Congreſs, and that ſuch meetings may hereafter tend to ſuppreſs falſe and malicious reports, that thereby virtue may meet with its juſt reward, and vice be ſhewn its own deformity. *By Order*,

JOHN RODGERS, Chairman.

Atteſt. J. HUBLEY, Secretary.

A true copy,
J. HUBLEY, Secretary.

Cheſter County, January, 31, 1783.

THESE are to give notice to any perſon or perſons inclining to undertake the building of a new COURT-HOUSE and GOAL in the county aforeſaid, that the Commiſſioners will meet them at the houſe of THOMAS DOWNING, in Downing's-town, on the 20th day of February next, in order to enter into articles of agreement. ¶

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the 10th or middle of March next.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION in the Northern Liberties, within 3 miles of this city, containing 212 acres of land; on this place are a genteel meſſuage, good barn, ſtables, cow houſe, granary, corn crib, milk and ſmoke houſe, with large orchards of the beſt grafted fruit, beſides pears, plumbs, &c. It is capable of ſupporting a large ſtock, and very handy to attend the market. For terms, enquire of

Philad. Jan. 30, 1783. REYNOLD KEEN. ‡

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1783.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on fifth day, the 13th of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and grazing FARM, late the property of William Shreve, ſituate in one of the richeſt and beſt neighbourhoods in Jerſey, being about 30 miles from Philadelphia, in the townſhip of Mansfield, in Burlington county, containing about 320 acres, 80 acres of which are mowable meadow, and more may be made, being plentifully watered, about 110 acres of ploughland, the remainder extraordinary good wood, and moſtly under good cedar fence.---There are on the premiſes, a new two ſtory frame houſe, with two rooms below ſtairs, and an entry through, four rooms on the ſecond floor, a convenient kitchen, and a cellar under the whole, a pump of good water at the door, a kitchen garden, under a pailed fence, and a thriving young orchard of 200 grafted trees. It is a good ſtand for buſineſs, about 6 miles from Bordentown, 11 from Burlington, convenient to ſeveral Meeting-houſes and mills. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion on or before the firſt day of April, and the terms will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by JEREMIAH WARDER, MORDECAI LEWIS, and SAMUEL COATES, } Aſſignees.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid William Shreve, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame within three months from this date, or they will be put into an Attorney's hands to collect; and thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid Shreve, are requeſted to bring them in, properly proved, to CLAYTON NEWBOLD, ROBERT EMLAY, or CALEB NEWBOLD, in Mansfield, or the Aſſignees, in Philadelphia. ¶ 4 w.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

Purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Andrew Mitchell, deceaſed, the following plantations or tracts of LAND, viz.

ONE ſituate in Cumberland townſhip, York county, containing 159 acres, 70 whereof woodland, 8 acres of meadow made, and 8 more may be made with very little expence; bounded by lands of John Armſtrong, John Buchannan, and Carrol's tract; the land is exceeding good for grain or paſture, and well watered by ſprings and a large branch of Marſh Creek running through the premiſes, with a good log barn and a ſmall tenement thereon. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. David Ramſey, living on the premiſes. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock, on Wedneſday, the 12th day of March next.

Alſo a plantation, ſituate in Weſt Cain townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 130 acres, there are 70 acres cleared, and the remainder well timbered, with a good log houſe and ſpring of good water at the door, alſo a good bearing orchard. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. William Davidſon, near the premiſes. The ſale to begin at two o'clock on Thurſday, the tenth day of April next, where attendance and reaſonable credit will be given, by HUGH JORDEN, Executor, and FRANCES MITCHELL, Executrix. *Jan.* 23, 1783.

N. B. If the above plantations are not ſold on the day of ſale, they will be lett. ¶ 5 w.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable PLANTATION in Dragon-Neck, Red-Lion Hundred, and county of New-Caſtle, on Delaware, bounded by lands of John Thompſon, Eſq; Jonas Porter, and John Clark; containing about 240 acres, 140 whereof is cleared, 20 acres of which is mowable meadow, and 25 acres more may be made, the reſidue in woodland, under young thriving timber. The upland and meadow of the whole tract is of the beſt quality. On the premiſes is a good ſawed log dwelling-houſe well finiſhed off, a kitchen, ſawed log barn and granary, ſtables, a draw-well, garden, &c. alſo a young thriving peach orchard. For further particulars, and terms of ſale, enquire of John Clark, near the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, in Wilmington. *Jan.* 15, 1783. GEORGE CLARK.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 265 acres, with a good dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, four convenient fire places on the lower floor, and very ſuitable for any kind of public buſineſs, as its ſituation is where different roads lead to Lancaſter, Wilmington, Newport, Chriſtiana Bridge and to Johnſton's ferry, on Suſquehanna, and a good well of never failing water convenient to the houſe, a good barn and ſtables, with other out-houſes, two good bearing orchards of the beſt grafted fruit trees; the plantation well watered with ſeveral ſprings running through the ſame, 12 acres of meadow made, and more may be made; it hath been a public houſe of entertainment for many years paſt, and lies in a very healthy pleaſant ſituation. The title indiſputable. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. SAMUEL FUTHEY.

N. B. It is a very ſuitable place for a ſtore. ¶

Manor of Moreland, Philad. county, Jan. 24, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, near the Crooked-Billet, ſome time laſt fall, Eleven ſtray SHEEP, with different marks. The owners are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

† MORDECAI THOMAS.

LONDON, *September* 28.

The *Malagrida* ſcheme of inveigling money out of the people's pockets, *under pretence of building ſhips*, having made a moſt *ſnail-paced* progreſs through the county of Suffolk, and been totally defeated in every other part of England, where it has been attempted, a bold puſh is to be *this* day made at the Common-Hall, at Guildhall, for the obtaining a reſolution for building a ſhip of 74 guns, at the expence of the city, for the ſervice of government.

The Livery of London are called upon not to ſuffer themſelves to be taken, To-day, by *ſurprize*, by the creatures of Lord Shelburne. The *tyrant* of Bruce Caſtle, and his friends, will not be wanting in their endeavours; but they will have a *Wilkes*, a *Sawbridge*, a *Lewes*, and a *Falkener*, with every virtuous citizen, to oppoſe them.

The *humbug* of canvaſſing the people out of their money for building ſhips is now ſo very notorious, that when the promoters of this *unconſtitutional* meaſure are told, that the money they collect cannot be appropriated to that purpoſe, they are very coolly anſwered---*that it will do for ſomething elſe!*

Oct. 2. We are credibly informed, that Brigadier General Arnold has given a plan into Lord Shelburne's office, for ſubduing the rebel colonies in America in ſix months, with no other force than 5000 regular troops, in addition to the loyaliſts now reſident in New-York.

The recent intelligence received by the New-York papers has created a general confuſion in the political world. America has certainly been declared independent by his Majeſty's Commiſſioners; but with whom the orders for this declaration originated the public are ignorant, and muſt probably wait the meeting of parliament for that information.

This declaration is one of the greateſt political ſubjects ever agitated in this country, not excepting the queſtion upon abdication at the revolution---The firſt queſtion it contains is, "Can the Crown ſever the dominions of the empire?" Should this be determined in the negative, which no doubt it will, then the ſecond point will be, "Does the act of parliament, which authorizes the Crown to make peace with America, give it authority to declare America independent?"---Should this queſtion be determined againſt the exiſtence of the authority, then the enquiry will be, "Who is the Miniſter that adviſed the meaſure?"

Upon the late advices from Ireland ſeveral cabinet councils have been held in ſucceſſion, and ſo many conſultations on their tendency, among the miniſters, as moſt plainly evince how much they are alarmed. The county of Tyrone, diſtillers, victuallers, vintners, and all ſorts of manufacturers, ſupported by their armed aſſociations, have come to reſolutions to pay no exciſes whatever. Londonderry and Donegal, with part of Antrim, are in a ſtate little ſhort of anarchy, from the reſolutions which ſpread very rapidly, not to pay any tythes to the clergy. The late act of parliament relating to the ſtamping of linens, has been diſpenſed with by an armed force. The weavers of Dublin have declared that not a yard of Engliſh broadcloth ſhall be imported. Add to this the flaming reſolutions of all the corps throughout the north of Ireland, againſt the ſcheme of raiſing fencible regiments; in which they determine it to be unconſtitutional, and threaten the ſevereſt reſentment to any of their own bodies that accept commiſſions in them; theſe, and a variety of other circumſtances, have alarmed government exceedingly. Mr. Fox has procured very particular intelligence of the whole, and intends to reprobate, in the ſevereſt terms, the fencible ſcheme, as a moſt ill-timed, undigeſted and offenſive propoſition.---Thus it is that the affairs of Ireland are likely to prove the ſharpeſt thorn in the ſide of the preſent adminiſtration.

Mr. Fox has repeatedly declared, ſince the late advices from Ireland, that that country is more irrecoverably loſt, than even America.

NEW-YORK, *January* 30.

By the arrival of the brig George, from Bermuda, noticed in our laſt, letters dated the 15th inſtant, from a merchant of that iſland, to his correſpondent in this city, mention, that intelligence had been received there from England, via Weſt-Indies, to the 26th of November laſt, which gave hopes that a general peace would ſoon enſue; and that the merchants of London had been informed by the honorable T. Townſhend, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, that the continuation of the war or adoption of pacific meaſures would be decided upon by the 6th day of December.

Feb. 1. His Majeſty's ſhip Perſeverance, having three days ago met with a veſſel in about ſixty days from Cork, a News-paper was brought from on board, which affords us an opportunity to give the following extracts

From the Cork or Hibernian Gazette, dated Nov. 28, 1782.

Paris, Nov. 3. Since the Princes have quitted the Camp of St. Roche, the ſiege has been changed to a blockade. The plan of pacification ſeems to be at a greater diſtance ſince the expedition of the Engliſh in the Straits, and their momentary ſucceſs does not render the French and Spaniards leſs firm in their preparations.

Mr. Adams, Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the Congreſs to the Republic of Holland, arrived here four days ago. He reſides with Dr. Franklin. It is reported that the object of his journey is equally important and myſterious.

The Marquis de la Fayette is preparing for his departure, which will be very ſoon. He is going to America with ſix regiments, which will replace Comte Rochambeau's army.

Hague, Nov. 10. Notwithſtanding the reports lately ſpread with reſpect to peace, we can aſſure our readers, from the moſt authentic advices, that Mr. Fitzherbert continues to receive and diſpatch many couriers; and that notwithſtanding the formidable preparations for carrying on the next campaign with vigour, there is every reaſon to believe that the preliminaries of peace will ſoon be ſigned.

LONDON.

Nov. 20. Gibraltar, Quebec, and St. Lucia, are particulaaly inſiſted on to be reſtored to France and Spain; the troops to be immediately withdrawn from America, and in return, all our Iſlands to be reſtored to us except the Grenades. Theſe are the conditions that France has the effrontery to offer, which if accepted would enable this country to balance her profits from the war in the following way: Loſt in expence 130 Millions! Gave up America! Reſtored Quebec! Loſt the Grenades! Gave up Gibraltar!!!

A letter from Toulon, by the Flanders mail ſays, that part of the combined fleet is returned there, ſeveral of them much damaged, which are to be repaired as ſoon as poſſible, and then are to ſail with ſome other ſhips on an expedition, but who is to command that fleet is not yet known; it is whiſpered that they are to ſail for the Weſt-Indies, if a peace is not concluded on, or before they are ready to put to ſea.

Extract of a letter from Paris, November 3.

The Comte d'Eſtaing ſtill continues his expectations of ſucceſs; it is a formidable fleet for the Antilles. He has not, however, yet left Paris, nor is the day of his departure fixed, though his ſtay cannot be very long. A moſt formidable armament is now preparing.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, Nov. 15.

"On Wedneſday morning, the 13th inſt. arrived the Egmont, 74; Bienfaiſant, 64; and Buffalo, of 60 guns, part of Lord Howe's fleet. The accounts brought by theſe ſhips are, that Lord Howe had detached for the Weſt-Indies, having firſt victualled and watered them completely, from the fleet, the following men of war:

Princeſs Amelia, of 80 guns, Rear Admiral Sir R. Hughes, Capt. Reynolds; Union, 90, Capt. Dalrymple; Berwick, 74, Capt. Phipps; Bellona, 74, Capt. Onſlow; Suffolk, 74, Sir G. Home; Saiſonable, 64, Lord Hervey; Ruby, 64, Capt. Collins; and Polyphemus, 64, Capt. Lynch."

Nov. 21. The report circulated this morning in the newspapers, that preliminaries of peace WITH AMERICA have been ſigned, is premature; however, we have the pleaſure to aſſure our readers, *from the beſt authority*, that peace with America is at no great diſtance; for a commiſſion from the Congreſs is juſt arrived in Europe, empowering certain perſons to treat with Great-Britain: The Commiſſioners are, Dr. Franklin, Meſſrs. Adams, Laurens, Jay, and Jefferſon. We are ſorry, however, we cannot add to this agreeable news, that the Commiſſioners have power to treat of a *ſeparate* peace.

Notwithſtanding the negociation for peace, our miniſters are determined, that until it is ſigned, the war ſhall be vigorouſly proſecuted againſt the Houſe of Bourbon. A bold expedition is certainly to be undertaken by General Dalling; Major General Gray, a very gallant, active, and diſtinguiſhed officer, is already appointed ſecond in command: The number of troops to embark with them will be 5000, principally thoſe that came lately from Ireland, in conſequence of a vote of Parliament of that country. We are happy that it is not in our power to mention the place, or quarter againſt which this expedition is deſtined---happily the ſecret is well kept; and though ſome perſons think that it is bound for the Spaniſh Main, yet certain it is that they ſpeak only from conjecture.

Much credit is given to a report, that according to a plan for effecting an accommodation with America, certain commercial privileges are to be excluſively ſecured to Great-Britain, by way of compenſation for the conceſſion of the parent ſtate.

It is at length pretty generally agreed, that though the power of the Crown is competent to negociate conditions of American Independency, yet that ſo important a conceſſion cannot be made without the concurrence of the three branches of the Legiſlature. After the addreſs, it is ſaid this will be the firſt queſtion agitated in Parliament.

On Saturday laſt Mr. Strachey, one of the Under Secretaries of State, in Mr. Townſhend's office, ſet off in a chaiſe and four on his return to Paris, charged with diſpatches, of a very particular nature, to Mr. Fitzherbert, in anſwer to the requiſitions of that Court. He was in waiting ſeveral days, which time was taken up by the Cabinet in ſettling ſeveral points of great moment, made by the French Miniſtry.

Extract of a letter dated Antigua, December 23, 1782.

"Admiral Hood is cruizing off Cape Francois with his diviſion, and Admiral Pigot remains at Barbados with 26 ſail of the line, having been reinforced with 8 ſail under the command of Sir Richard Hughes, who captured the Solitaire, a French 64, in coming out. Some movements of the French at Guadaloupe occaſioned an alarm a few days ago, but every thing is now quiet."

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 5.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled,

JANUARY 15, 1783.

THE Honorable the Miniſter Plenipotentiary of His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty having notified to Congreſs, That the Term allowed to the Capitulants of St. Chriſtophers, Nevis and Montſerrat, for receiving Cargoes from Great-Britain, and for loading back the Veſſels under neutral Colours for that Kingdom, is expired, and that the Governor-General of thoſe Iſlands is inſtructed to grant no more Permits for ſuch Purpoſes.

Ordered, That the Notification be publiſhed.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

The Aſſembly of the State of Connecticut, in their preſent ſeſſions, have paſſed an act, that all European goods brought into that State directly from any power in Europe at war with Great-Britain, ſhall be received there, let them be the growth or manufacture of any country whatever.

The enemy in New-York are greatly alarmed for the ſafety of Jamaica, as very formidable land and naval armaments, French and Spaniſh, are about aſſembling in the Weſt-Indies, under that renowned, gallant and experienced commander Count D'Eſtaing, which, when joined, will, it is confidently ſaid, be directed againſt that iſland.

A diſpatch veſſel, it is reported, has arrived at New-York from Lord Hood, now on the Weſt-India ſtation, with advice of the arrival of the combined fleets in that quarter.---In conſequence of which ſeven regiments are immediately to embark, for the purpoſe of reinforcing the garriſon at Jamaica.

For the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

IS it not highly diſgraceful to the State of Pennſylvania, and diſcouraging to its inhabitants, that, in this early period of the *Republic*, when the ſeveral departments of *government* ought to be conducted with *fidelity and honor*, and its *adminiſtration* compoſed of perſons of *unimpeachable integrity*, a man is continued in an important *Revenue-Office*, who has been declared, by the *Legiſlature*, a *public defaulter?*

If there be two parties in the *Aſſembly*, as there are ſaid to be amongſt their conſtituents, to *which* of them are the public to attribute this perſon's continuance in office;---or does the matter reſt with *Council?*

If it remains with the Aſſembly, will it not be neceſſary for the public to know who are his ſupporters, and who his oppoſers, in the *Houſe*, before the next *election?*

AN HONEST WHIG.

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *Saturday, February* 1, 1783.

The Bill, entituled, "An Act for extending the proviſion made in the ſeventh ſection of the act, entituled, "An Act for the repeal of ſo much of the laws of this "Commonwealth as make the continental bills of credit, and the bills emitted by the reſolves or acts of the "Aſſemblies of the ſaid Commonwealth, a legal tender; "and for other purpoſes therein mentioned," was read the ſecond time, and debated by paragraphs:

Ordered, to be tranſcribed for a third reading, and in the mean time printed for public conſideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

An ACT *for extending the proviſion made in the ſeventh ſection of the act, entituled,* "An Act for the repeal of "ſo much of the laws of this Commonwealth as make "the continental bills of credit, and the bills emitted "by the reſolves or acts of the Aſſemblies of the ſaid "Commonwealth, a legal tender, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned."

WHEREAS the proviſion, made by the act, entituled, "An Act for the repeal of ſo much of the "laws of this Commonwealth as make the continental "bills of credit, and the bills emitted by the reſolves or "acts of the Aſſemblies of the ſaid Commonwealth, a "legal tender," in behalf of thoſe perſons, who, from principles of honor and honeſty, declined paying their debts with a depreciated paper currency, when they had in their power by law to have ſo done, will ceaſe on the twenty firſt day of *June* next, and by the expreſs words of the ſeventh ſection of ſaid act it is enacted, that where any judgment already hath been, or hereafter ſhall be entered in any Court of Record within this Commonwealth, by default, upon the confeſſion of the party, the report of the Referrees, or the verdict of a Jury, or otherwiſe, for any ſum of money contracted for, or due for rents, ground-rents or annuities, before the firſt day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, (debts due to the State excepted) the ſaid Court is authoriſed (if the ſame be not aſcertained by the ſaid confeſſion, report or verdict) to aſcertain how much of the ſaid ſum of money is due to the plaintiff, for the principal ſum due, and how much thereof is for intereſt, damages, coſts and charges, and to give judgment for the whole ſum; which judgment ſhall remain as a lieu upon the real eſtate of the defendant, in the ſame manner as judgments at law bind ſuch eſtate; and thereupon the ſaid Court ſhall award execution againſt the defendant, for ſo much of the ſaid ſum only, as the ſaid intereſt, damages, coſts and charges ſhall amount to, which money ſhall be levied, recovered and paid in gold and ſilver money, but no execution ſhall iſſue for the principal ſum, until two years after paſſing the ſaid act, or until permiſſion be given for that purpoſe, by an act of the Aſſembly of this Commonwealth, but the defendant ſhall nevertheleſs pay the intereſt of the ſaid principal ſum yearly, as it ſhall grow due; and in default thereof, the plaintiff ſhall be entitled to writs of execution, as often as there ſhall be occaſion to recover the ſame.

AND WHEREAS it was deemed reaſonable, at the time of paſſing the aforeſaid act, that ſuch honeſt debtors ſhould not be compelled to pay their old debts, till gold and ſilver money ſhould become more plenty and eaſier to be procured: And whereas, from divers cauſes, it hath actually become more ſcarce and difficult to be procured than at the time of paſſing the aforeſaid act, and in conſequence thereof great numbers of honeſt debtors as aforeſaid will be ruined, unleſs ſome further relief be provided for them:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, *in General Aſſembly met, and by the authority of the ſame*, That no execution ſhall iſſue for the principal ſum, in any of the caſes mentioned in the above recited ſection, until one year from and after the twenty firſt day of *June* next enſuing, and from thence until the end of the next ſitting of Aſſembly, any thing in the ſaid act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it alſo further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the aforeſaid act, as is contrary to this act, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made void.

*** The Pieces ſigned by Colonel PROCTER, and Captain BRICE, are unavoidably poſtponed till next week.

This Day is PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

FRANCIS BAILEY,

[Price HALF A DOLLAR,]

A SECOND EDITION OF

General REED's REMARKS

On a late Publication in the Independent Gazetteer; with a ſhort Addreſs to General Cadwallader, and the People of Pennſylvania, &c. ¶

SIXTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY from the ſhip NANCY, after receiving a month's pay advance, the following MEN, viz.

MATHIAS CLOGNER, a Dutchman, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, light hair, and ſmooth face, ſpeaks broken Engliſh.

Hugh Barnett, 6 feet 1 inch high, has black hair, with a remarkable long cut which extends over the right eye.

Philip Williams, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſhort black hair, and came laſt from the Havanna with Capt. Souder.

John Williams, alias *Welch*, about the ſize of Philip Williams, came from St. Thomas's with Capt. Truxton.

George Irons, armourer, was formerly in Col. Proctor's regt.

Johannes Peters and *Godfrey Antone*, Dutchmen, both of which came laſt from St. Thomas's with Capt. Truxton, and are each of them about 5 feet 6 inches high.

Andrew Barkus, a Spaniſh Negroe, who neither ſpeaks nor underſtands Engliſh.

J. Ln Clark, a likely young fellow, 5 feet 8 inches high.

Charles Lane, 5 feet 6 inches high, between 40 and 50 years of age, pock-marked, with one of his eyes very red.

The above perſons are ſo well known in this city, that a more particular deſcription is unneceſſary.

Whoever ſecures them in goal, and gives information to the Commanding Officer on board the Nancy, lying at Fort Miffin, or the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward, or in proportion for each. ROBERT SHEWELL.

N. B. Alſo run away from the above ſhip, JOHN HEWES (carpenter) about 5 feet 7 inches high, ſhort black hair and ſmooth face. Whoever ſecures him as above, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon on the 25th day of March next:

ALL that PLANTATION, formerly the property of Ellis Griffith, deceaſed, containing about 112 acres, ſituated in Amity townſhip, in the county of Berks, about one mile from the river Schuylkill, and adjoining Mounts Jones's plantation, which is about ten miles from Reading, on the new road in the ſaid townſhip; conſiſting of a dwelling houſe, barn, ſtable, and other out buildings, about 50 acres of good wheat land cleared, and under good fence, with about 6 acres of meadow, and a quantity more may be made at a ſmall expence; the whole is watered in the drieſt ſeaſon, by a conſtant ſtream running through the ſame. The ſaid plantation is capable of many valuable improvements, which may be made at a ſmall expence, and the remainder is good white oak timber land, &c.

For viewing the premiſes, and knowing the terms of ſale, apply to Mr. Henry Hiffa, at the ſign of the White Horſe, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, in the townſhip aforeſaid.

N. B. If the above plantation is not ſold before the firſt day of March next, it will be ſold on that day, between the hours of three and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the ſign of the White Horſe abovementioned, to the higheſt bidder, and a good title will be made to the purchaſer by the ſubſcriber,

Philad. Jan. 24, 1783. JOHN LEE.

TO BE SOLD,

A QUANTITY of RIGHTS to locate Lands, in any Part of the Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, on reaſonable Terms; and a good Title will be made by the Subſcriber,

Mount-Pleaſant, Feb. 4, 1783. JOHN LEE.

*** A Man is wanted for one Year, to ſuperintend a Plantation; if well qualified (none elſe need apply) good Wages will be given.

A WASH KETTLE,

WAS found, about five weeks ago, in Third ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, early in the morning, ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen and left in the ſtreet. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to the Printers, may be informed where it is, and may have it again, on proving property and paying charges. ‖ Philad. Feb. 3, 1783.

PURSUANT to an Order, iſſued out of the Orphans Court, for the county of Cheſter, will be SOLD at Public Vendue, By William Todd and Mary his wife, Adminiſtrat. of the Eſtate of JOHN MEREDITH, late of the townſhip of Weſt-Whiteland, deceaſed, on the premiſes, on FRIDAY, the 21ſt day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A PIECE or TRACT of LAND, with a Tenement thereon erected, containing 45 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Whiteland aforeſaid, Cheſter county, in the State of Pennſylvania, bounded on the north by Lancaſter road, on the weſt by land of Samuel Lewis, on the eaſt by land of John Jacobs, and on the ſouth by other land of the ſaid John Meredith, deceaſed, late the property of the ſaid deceaſed. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, by

WILLIAM TODD, Adminiſtrator,
Jan. 22, 1783. † MARY TODD, Adminiſtratrix.

Philadelphia county, Jan. 22, 1783.

LAND TO BE LETT.

THE Subſcriber has to lett 4500 acres of land, ſituate in Waſhington county, in the State of Maryland, all adjoining and laying contiguous to Hager's-town (the county town) and being that body of land on which the ſame ſtands; the land is of an excellent quality, the part of the country agreeable, and the advantages of being ſo near a thriving and well inhabited town are conſiderable; a great part of the land is yet to be cleared, and the whole will be divided into convenient plantations. The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Upper Salford townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, before the 15th day of February, or afterwards at Hager's-town till the 15th of March next. DANIEL HIESTER, jun.

N. B. Said Hieſter will alſo lett the plantation on which he now lives; the houſe is a large brick building, and one of the beſt houſes in that part of the country, and the place is otherwiſe in good order, and may be entered on the firſt of April next.

ALL perſons that are in any wiſe indebted to the eſtate of JONATHAN HAGER, Eſq; late of Waſhington county, deceaſed, are once more requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcriber, who will attend at Hager's-town from the 20th of February to the 15th of March next; ſuch as do not comply after ſo long an indulgence, as ſince the deceaſe of Mr. Hager, muſt expect to be dealt with as the law directs; ſuch of them, however, as live in the weſtern counties in this, and at a great diſtance from ſaid town, may make payment to Thomas Smith, Eſq; of Carliſle, at their reſpective ſpring Courts, who will be authoriſed to receive debts and give diſcharge.

DANIEL HIESTER, Adminiſtrator.

TO BE SOLD,

A valuable GRIST and SAW-MILL, with 280 acres of good land, adjoining the river Potowmack, in Waſhington county, State of Maryland, 40 acres is bottom land, equal to any in the State; the mill-houſe is very large and convenient, and the ſtream of water is a never failing one; the beſt of pine timber may be had down the river, and the ſtuff when ſawed may be ſold to great advantage; the mill is but 13 miles from Hager's-town, about 60 acres are clear, with good buildings, beſides the mill. For terms apply to DANIEL HIESTER, the younger, in the county of Philadelphia, or to MARTIN CARSNER, about ſix miles from the premiſes. ¶

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 26th of February next, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in London-grove townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres and allowance, on which is a good ſquare log houſe, that has four ſtone fire-places and five rooms on the firſt floor, with a good cellar, a ſtone ſpring-houſe on a choice ſpring of water near the dwelling-houſe, a large barn, ſtone ſmoke-houſe, a large orchard of apple, peach, cherry and quince trees, about ten acres of meadow chiefly watered, and more may be made, about 90 acres of upland cleared, the remainder woodland well timbered, the corn-land chiefly in good heart to bring grain, being lately cleared and well dunged; the great road from Lancaſter to Wilmington runs thro' it, and another leading to Philadelphia runs along the north line; it is very convenient to ſeveral places of worſhip, ſuch as Preſbyterians, Quakers, Church and Maſs, likewiſe to ſeveral merchant mills, about 15 miles from Philadelphia and 17 from Newport. An indiſputable title will be made for the ſame, and poſſeſſion given the tenth of April next; time will be given for two thirds of the purchaſe-money, clear of intereſt. Attendance will be given, and the terms made known on the day of ſale, by

¶ ALEXANDER LEWIS.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on the 25th of March next,

THE Corner Stone HOUSE, oppoſite Mrs. Withey's Tavern, in Cheſter, with the Appurtenances thereunto belonging. For Terms, enquire of Mr. JOHN HOGAN, next door to Mrs. Withey's, in Cheſter. ¶ Jan. 24, 1783.

First Month, 9th, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, lying in Lebanon townſhip, Hunterdon county, in Weſt New-Jerſey, about 6 miles from the river Delaware, and about the ſame diſtance from the Union Iron-works, and one mile and an half from Change-Water-Forge, containing 335 acres, of which 60 or 70 acres are cleared, and incloſed with good fence, chiefly cheſtnut, including about 10 acres of cleared meadow ground, there being alſo 30 or 40 acres of ſwamp, ſuitable for meadow; the woodland is well covered with timber. There are on the premiſes a log dwelling-houſe, barn, bearing orchard, and other improvements; now in the tenure of Philip Metler, whoſe leaſe will expire next ſpring. For terms of ſale, apply to ANTHONY SYKES, of Cheſterfield, in the county of Burlington. If not ſold before the 8th day of the Fourth Month (called April) next, it will on that day be expoſed to ſale, to the higheſt bidder, at the Union Iron-works. ¶ t. b. c.

By order of an Orphans court, held at Philadelphia, the 13th of December laſt, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe of John Jarret, deceaſed, on Monday the 17th of February, 1783, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Whitemarſh townſhip, Philadelphia county, 14 miles from Philadelphia, containing 220 acres of land, 100 acres thereof is cleared, 20 acres of meadow, and 100 acres of excellent woodland, 6 acres of orchard of the beſt kind of apple trees, whereon is erected a good dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a large ſtone barn and ſtable, a well at the door and ſpring-houſe, with a never failing ſpring, a lime-kiln and other conveniencies; late the property of JOHN JARRET, deceaſed. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may ſee the place by applying to DOROTHEA JARRET, living on the premiſes; an indiſputable title and attendance will be given by

DOROTHEA JARRET,)
¶ 4 w. FREDERICK SMITH,) Adminiſtrat.

By virtue of an Act, paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion of the General Aſſembly, for veſting ſeveral Houſes and Lots of Land in the city of Philadelphia, the reſiduary real Eſtate of JOHN NICHOLAS, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame, and to divide the money ariſing agreeable to Law and the ſaid Teſtator's Will,

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th of February, will be SOLD, the following deſcribed

HOUSES and Lots of LAND,

At the Coffee-Houſe, at ſix o'clock in the evening, by Public AUCTION, to the higheſt bidder,

A THREE ſtory brick HOUSE and Lot of GROUND, now in poſſeſſion of James Cochran, oppoſite the old Preſbyterian Meeting, in Market-ſtreet, containing on ſaid ſtreet 16 feet 9 inches, and extending north to a three feet alley, 97 feet; bounded ſouth by Market-ſtreet, weſt by Joſeph Cruikſhank's houſe, eaſt by a three feet alley, extending from Market-ſtreet to Church-alley.

N. B. Joſeph Cruikſhanks is entitled to the privilege of a water courſe, acroſs the above lot, at forty-ſix feet diſtance from Market-ſtreet, for draining off the water, without *nuiſance*, into the three feet alley.

A LOT, back of the aforeſaid meſſuage, on which is an old ſtable, the ſame breadth of the Market-ſtreet lot, 59 feet deep; bounded by Church-alley on the north, Joſeph Cruikſhanks on the weſt, the three feet alley leading from Market-ſtreet, to which it has a privilege, on the eaſt, and the three feet alley mentioned in the aforeſaid lot on the ſouth, to which it has an equal privilege.

A two ſtory HOUSE and Lot of GROUND, on the north ſide of Church-alley, in breadth on ſaid alley 15 feet 4 inches, in depth 120 feet, or thereabouts; bounded by Church-alley ſouth, Joſeph Paſchall's ground weſt, Jonathan Mifflin's eaſt, eſtate of Widow Wiſter north.

A HOUSE and Lot of GROUND, on the ſouth ſide of Mulberry or Arch-ſtreet, near the ſign of the George Tavern, containing on ſaid ſtreet 17 feet and an half, and in depth 50 feet; bounded north by ſaid ſtreet, eaſt by John Reynolds, ſouth by Samuel Mickle's eſtate, and weſt by heirs of Edward Warner, ſubject to a ground-rent of 35 Shillings per annum, payable to Rebecca Steel.

The terms of ſale, one half the purchaſe money to be paid immediately, one year's credit will be given for the other half; the buyer paying intereſt and giving ſecurity.

BENJAMIN MORGAN,
Jan. 8, 1783. MARMADUKE COOPER,
SAMUEL HUDSON.

Philadelphia, January 18, 1783.

Purſuant to the order of an Orphans Court, will be ſold, at public vendue, on the 7th day of February next, at ten o'clock, on the premiſes,

A THREE ſtory BRICK HOUSE and LOT, containing in breadth on Front-ſtreet, 17 feet, and in depth 65 feet, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, in the Northern Liberties, nearly oppoſite the ſign of Noah's Ark, now in the tenure of Henry Apeai; ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds Ten Shillings and Six-pence per annum; bounding on the north by a lot belonging to Benjamin Jones, and on the ſouth by a lot of Abraham Marpole's; late the property of Thomas Miller, deceaſed. The conditions of ſale will be made known on the day of ſale, by WILLIAM THOMPSON, Adminiſtrator. ¶

State of New-Jerſey, Cumberland, ſſ.

To ALL whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Court will be held agreeably to the 14th ſection of an Act for regulating and eſtabliſhing Admiralty Juriſdiction, at the houſe of Daniel Bowen, in Greenwich, in the county of Cumberland, on the 12th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the ſaid day, then and there to try the truth of the facts alledged in the bill of Zachariah Smith Allen (who as well, &c.) againſt a certain Schooner rigged BOAT, name unknown, burthen about 14 tons, brought from near Bombay-Hook, in the Delaware river; no load in her, and ſeized in Jacob creek, in ſaid county of Cumberland; together with her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, to the end and intent, that the owner or owners of ſaid veſſel, or any perſon or perſons intereſted therein, may appear and ſhew cauſe, if any there be, why ſaid veſſel and apparel aforeſaid ſhould not be condemned to the captors.

By Order of Benjamin Holms, one of the Judges of Inferior Court of Common pleas for ſaid county.

¶ ZACHARIAH SMITH ALLEN.

Purſuant to an order of the Orphans Court for the county of Bucks, will be expoſed to SALE, by way of Public Vendue, at the houſe of JOHN DOWDNEY, in the borough of Briſtol, on the fourteenth day of the ſecond month next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, conſiſting of 160 acres, 8 of which are good meadow, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made, a good proportion of Woodland, an Orchard, Dwelling-houſe, Barn, and other improvements in good order; the whole being ſituate within one mile of the borough of Briſtol aforeſaid, lying on the road leading from ſaid borough to New-town, being the real eſtate of JOHN MITCHELL, jun. late of Briſtol townſhip, deceaſed. For further information reſpecting the premiſes, pleaſe to apply to RICHARD HARTSHORN, PURSON MITCHELL, Adminiſtrators.

N. B. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock, and if the plantation is not ſold by three, it will then be offered to ſale in lots, from 5 to 10 acres each; a plan of which, with the terms of ſale, may be ſeen at or before the time, by applying as above.

TWO DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Elfrith's-alley, on the firſt inſtant, an apprentice Lad, named WILLIAM HENSLEY, a comb-maker by trade, he is about 18 years and an half old, middling tall for his age, black ſtrait hair, fair complexion and thin viſage; had on, when he went away, a purple ſailor's jacket, black breeches, and brown yarn ſtockings, a good ſhirt, and a hat. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Jan. 15, 1783. ¶ JACOB BINDER.

N. B. He returned home ſince the above date, but went off again, and took with him a red ſailor's jacket, and a pair of blue trowſers. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in the night of the 27th of November laſt, a bay MARE, about 14½ hands high, trots, paces and canters well, one hind foot white, ſhod before; ſhe has a ſmall ſcar on her buttock. Whoever takes up the ſaid Mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, ſhall receive half the above reward, and for taking up the Thief, and ſecuring him ſo as to be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the remainder, paid by

December 2, 1782. ¶ WILLIAM OWEN.

THESE are to acquaint you my brethren and ſiſters, viz. John Flenney, John Henry Flenney, Elizabeth Miller, Catherine Flenney and Mary Flenney, that I am in health, and live in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county, Pennſylvania, with William Hallowell, jun. It would be a pleaſure to me to hear from, and more to ſee you, and that you were as I have expreſſed I am, it being now upwards of nine years ſince I have ſeen either of you. If this ſhould come to your view, pleaſe to ſend an account of your preſent ſituation by writing, or otherwiſe. Pleaſe to direct to William Whitebread, living in Second-ſtreet, in Philadelphia, a little above the Market-place, to the care of the above named William Hallowell, for John Jacob Flenney. I remain your loving brother,

Jan. 7, 1783. ¶ JOHN JACOB FLENNEY.

ALL perſons that ſtand indebted to ROBERT WAY, late of the townſhip of Kennett, and county of Cheſter, deceaſed, or to the Adminiſtrators for goods bought at the deceaſed's Vendue, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame on or before the 12th day of February next, otherwiſe they will be dealt with as the law directs, without reſpect to perſons; and all perſons that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to ſend them properly proved, in order for ſettlement, to

HANNAH WAY,)
Dec. 30, 1782. ROBERT COOPER,) Adminiſtrat.

N. B. A young woman, named TAMER WAY, daughter to ſaid Robert Way, about 20 years of age, left the parts about the 1ſt day of July laſt, and has not been heard of ſince. She was at times lunatick. Any perſon or perſons knowing of her, are deſired to give information to Robert Lewis, in Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, in Cheſter county, near Kennett-Square, and the favour will be gratefully acknowledged, by

¶ ROBERT COOPER.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on Chriſtmas eve, from the ſubſcriber, living in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, and Delaware State, A Negroe Man, named CHARLES, formerly LONDON, a ſpare genteel fellow, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, has a high noſe and forehead, very well made, is talkative and bold in appearance, fond of ſtrong liquor, has a ſmall ſcar over one of his eyes. He had and took with him, two white linen ſhirts, one ruffled, the other plain, one old tow linen ditto, one pair of old leather breeches, one pair fine white worſted ſtockings, and one pair dark yarn ditto, a pair of good boots, new ſhoes, a new fine hat, an old round ditto, a ſcarlet coat and waiſtcoat, an old blue cloth great coat with a white velveret cape, an old brown round made jacket with wooden buttons, and lined with tow linen; alſo a braſs barrel'd piſtol, has been broke at the butt and mended.

At the ſame time a Negroe Man, named SAM, belonging to Mr. Gunning Bedford, run off with the above deſcribed Negroe, who were both ſeen in the city of Philadelphia. Sam has ſince been taken up on board of a brig in the city, and was juſt going to ſea, and it is ſuppoſed that Charles will endeavour to make his eſcape the ſame way. Sam informed he had obtained a paſs from a free Negroe in this town, by the name of Pott, under which paſs and name he now paſſes. All Captains of veſſels are forewarned taking the aforeſaid Negroe off. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the above Negroe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by the ſubſcriber,

Wilmington, Jan. 7, 1783. ¶ DANIEL I. ADAMS.

Maxatawney townſhip, Berks county, Jan. 16, 1783.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber, have ſome time laſt fall purchaſed a tract of land, lying in Windſor townſhip, in ſaid county, of one George Alſpach, and having paid ſaid Alſpach part of the purchaſe money, and gave bonds from my hand for the remainder, and ſince having found that the ſaid Alſpach, together with the reſt of his brothers and ſiſters, who releaſed their rights, had no good right to 100 acres of ſaid tract which I bought of him the ſaid George Alſpach and his brothers and ſiſters; theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons whatſoever from taking any aſſignment on ſaid bonds, as I am determined not to pay them until the ſaid Alſpach and the other heirs deliver me a good title for the hundred acres, or otherwiſe compelled to by a regular courſe of law, as the ſaid hundred acres have ſince I made the purchaſe been taken poſſeſſion of by another man. ¶ GEORGE CHRISTMAN.

FOUR-PENCE Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, this day, a ſervant Lad, named WILLIAM GORDON, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, ſandy hair; had on, when he went away, a light coloured jacket, and a ſtriped under one, alſo ſtriped trowſers of the ſame, a pair of blue yarn ſtockings, and two ſhirts. Whoever takes up ſaid lad, and brings him to me, ſhall have the above reward, paid by CASPER JOHNSON.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off. †

West Bradford, Cheſter county, Jan. 20, 1783.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 28th of December laſt, a dark brown HORSE, 15 and an half hands high, 5 years old, trots and canters well, ſhod all round, branded with P under his mane. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horſe only, paid by

¶ THOMAS CARPENTER.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL PLANTATION, in Weſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 92 acres, about ten acres of watered meadow, producing a large quantity of hay, with a houſe, barn and orchard; it is ſuitable for a tanner or a diſtiller, as there is a ſtill-houſe on the place. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be informed of the terms of ſale, and ſee the place, by applying to ¶ ROBERT WITHROW.

Lancaſter, January 6, 1783.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, on the 18th day of September laſt, a Negroe Wench, who calls herſelf POLLY HEANS, is about 20 years of age, 4 feet 6 inches high, and has with her a Mulatto child, about 6 months old. The owner or owners of ſaid wench and child, are deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away in ſix weeks from the above date, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged agreeable to law, by HUGH CUNNINGHAM, Goaler. †

THE Subſcriber takes the liberty thus to inform his friends, and acquaintance in particular, and the public in general, That he has furniſhed himſelf with materials of the firſt and beſt quality for carrying on the trade or buſineſs of ſaddle, bridle, collar and harneſs-making, which buſineſs he carries on in all its various branches, at his ſhop formerly occupied by his brother Joſeph Lownes, deceaſed, in the townſhip of Springfield, Cheſter county, in Pennſylvania. He flatters himſelf that by his care and attention to buſineſs and reaſonable prices for his work, he will be able to give full ſatisfaction to thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, which favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by their ready friend to ſerve,

Jan. 8, 1783. ¶ HUGH LOWNES.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

FEBRUARY. 1783. THE NUMB. 2748.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1783.

WHereas Mr. *Guillier de Mondoucet*, a French gentleman from Nogent Le Rotrou, and supposed to be now on the continent of North-America, is become heir to a very considerable fortune in France, by the demise of his parents. This is to desire any person or persons who may have heard of the said Mr. Guillier, to inform Messrs. LACAZE and MALLET, merchants in Philadelphia, by letter or otherwise, what is become of him, whether he be dead or living.

All information concerning the said Mr. Guillier will be thankfully received by LACAZE & MALLET.

Philad. Feb. 4, 1783.

LACAZE & MALLET,

At their STORE in Water-street, between Arch and Race-streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

An elegant assortment of Dry Goods,

Lately imported in the last vessels from France.

Also good English MUSKETS.

TO BE LETT,

About nine miles from this city, in a good neighbourhood,

A GENTEEL well finished dwelling house, two stories high, and garrets; there are four large rooms below, and five up stairs, a large kitchen adjoining, with chambers over it, and a cellar under the whole, large piazzas on the back and front sides of the house, a large pailed garden, with a variety of fruit, and in compleat order, and about twenty acres of upland and meadow, with a sufficient quantity of fire wood, stabling for eight horses, a carriage house, and hen house, and every other convenience, suitable for a gentleman's family. For particulars enquire of the Printers.

N. B. More land may be had with the above premises, if required, and supplied with every kind of stock, and a great variety of poultry, at a very reasonable rate.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION in West-Caln township, Chester county, containing 150 acres, more or less, whereon is a dwelling-house, spring-house, barn and stables, a large young orchard, and 20 acres of meadow, and near as much more may be made at a reasonable expence; there are about 80 acres of it good woodland, and so convenient to the lime-kilns, that it may be limed for less than Sixpence per pushel. Possession may be had the 25th of March next. For terms of sale, apply to NONES and COHEN, Brokers, in Front-street, next to the Post-office.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1783.

N. B. The above mentioned land is situate on the direct line between the Court-house of Lancaster and Philadelphia. The line has been run, and the road will run through it, which will undoubtedly render it a suitable place for a store or tavern.

To be Sold or Lett by the subscriber,

or exchanged for a House in town,

THE elegant HOUSE and LOT he now lives in, near the two mile stone on the Frankford road: Likewise to be sold, Two LOTS of GROUND, situated on the north side of a fifty feet street, extending into Passyunk road, near the south bounds of the city, one of them containing in front 100 feet, and in depth 180 feet; bounded westerly by ground of William Drury, and northerly partly by Drury's ground and partly by a seven feet alley: The other lot containing 50 feet in front, and 180 feet in depth; bounded westerly by ground late of Peter Howard, northerly by the above mentioned seven feet alley, westerly by a 14 feet alley. Enquire of Mr. ALEXANDER TODD, merchant, in Front-street, or of ¶ RICHARD FARMER.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the premises, on the first of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A CERTAIN HOUSE and LOT of one acre of Land, situate on the east side of the main street, the lower end of Germantown, opposite to Balthasar Reser's, deceased, containing in front on said street 50 feet, and in depth to a forty feet street, 52 perches; late the estate of William Hoffman, blacksmith, deceased. There is a good smith's shop on the lot, likewise an orchard and garden, in good repair, and suits a blacksmith, cooper, tanner, skin-dresser, or any public business. Any person inclining to purchase by private sale, may apply to John Hoffman, near the market place, in Germantown. Due attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by the Executors of the deceased. ¶

Will be exposed to public SALE,

On the 1st day of Fourth Month next, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the PREMISES,

A PLANTATION, situate in East-Bradford township, Chester county, near the forks of Brandywine; containing 130 acres, about 100 of which is cleared, 15 acres whereof is good watered meadow, and water courses dug for about 8 acres more, a stone dwelling-house, two stories high, with 2 rooms on a floor, a barn and stable, a good spring, with a house over it, a good bearing orchard, an oil-mill with a double press, a pair of stones 5 feet 6 inches diameter, and a pair of good rollers to grind the seed; there is also a convenient seat for a paper-mill, the race and mill-pit already dug.

N. B. The aforesaid plantation will admit of being divided in two parts, with the aforesaid mill to one, and mill-seat to the other. Any person inclining to view the premises before the day of sale, may apply to the subscriber at Naaman's-creek, or to NATHAN SHARPLESS, near the aforesaid plantation.

Second Month 8, 1783. §5w FRANCIS TOWNSEND.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of WILLIAM JACKSON, late of this City, deceased, are requested to make Payment to the Subscribers; and those Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are likewise desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted as soon as possible. MARY JACKSON, Administratrix.

§4w WILLIAM ADCOCK, Administrator.

CAME on the premises of the subscriber, living in Reading township, York county, near Hamer's mill, a black Mare, about 7 years old, and about 12 hands high; no brand nor saddle visible or natural marks. The owner is desired to come, and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Dec. 3, 1782. ¶ JOHN NEELY.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

Agreeable to the last Will and Testament of DANIEL WILLIAMS, deceased, on the 15th day of MARCH next.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Gwynedd township, Philadelphia county, about 20 miles from the city, containing 128 acres of land, 15 acres of which is meadow, and more may be made, the Whissahiccon creek running through it, upwards of 30 acres of woodland, the remainder good arable land: Thereon is erected a dwelling-house, part stone and part frame, a frame barn, orchard and well of good water near the door; there is a meeting house, grist mill, and saw mill, within a mile of said plantation. The terms will be made known on the premises, the day of sale, by

§ HUMPHREY WILLIAMS, } Executors.
Feb. 3, 1783. GEORGE MARIS }

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 3d day of MARCH, 1783,

A PLANTATION, late the estate of SAMUEL BLAKER, deceased, situate in Warwick township, Bucks county, 22 miles from Philadelphia, on the old York road, and may be entered upon the 1st day of April next. Containing 50 acres, be the same more or less, whereof about 20 acres is woodland, 3 of good meadow, and more may be made; there is on the place a good frame house and cellar under it, a well of good water at the door, a stone kitchen, a weaver's shop, a frame barn, and a good orchard. The place has been occupied for shop-keeping. The title is indisputable

The vendue will begin at 10 o'clock of said day, on the premises, where the conditions will be made known, and attendance given, by § CATHARINE BLAKER.

To be SOLD by the subscriber,

living in the township of Midletown, and county of Chester,

A LOT of GROUND, whereon are a large three story brick house, kitchen, tanyard and draw-well, &c.

Also a LOT of GROUND on Ridley creek, containing eight acres and one quarter, about one half marsh, in good timothy grass, the other half upland, whereon is a good bearing orchard; all situate in the borough of Chester; which will be sold separate or together. Any person inclining to purchase the above premises, by applying to the subscriber, may know the terms of sale.

Jan. 7, 1783. ¶ ROBERT PENNELL.

February 1, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of GEORGE GEARY, late of the township of Gwynedd, in the county of Philadelphia, deceased,

A PLANTATION situate in the township aforesaid, contiguous to the great road leading from Philadelphia to Bethlehem, about 21 miles from the former, and within a half a mile of a free school, containing 112 acres of land, 15 acres of which is good meadow, 40 acres of wood-land, the remainder arable; there is on said premises a log house, a large barn and a spring-house over a never failing spring of water, a bearing orchard of 150 apple trees, the whole in good repair.

For terms of sale apply to GEORGE MARIS, and HUGH EVANS, Executors, near North-Wales meeting-house. ¶

To be Lett for a certain term of years,

A GRIST-MILL and SAW-MILL, situate in Goshen township, Chester county, within two miles of Goshen meeting-house, with a good stream of water, a good dwelling-house and orchard, with upland and meadow ground; it may be entered on the first of April, or sooner. For terms, enquire of

¶ THOMAS REES, living on said premises.

Philadelphia County, February 7, 1783.

IN pursuance of an order of the ORPHANS COURT, we, the subscribers, Auditors appointed to ascertain the debts due from the estate of CHARLES JOLLY, Esq; of Lower Merion township, deceased, do hereby give notice to the creditors to produce their demands to us, at the house of Mrs. Catharine Jolly, near the Gulf Mill, on the 26th day of this inst. February, in order that a settlement may be made of the said estate.

ABRAHAM NANNA,
JONATHAN ROBERTS,
¶ LINDSAY COATS.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JACOB WENTZ, sen. late of Worcester township, Philadelphia county, deceased, by bills, bonds, notes, book-debts or otherwise, are hereby desired to make payment to the subscribers hereof, of the township and county aforesaid, before the 27th day of May next, to prevent farther cost; and all persons, who have any just demands against the said estate, are likewise desired to bring in their accounts, properly adjusted.

¶ JACOB WENTZ, and } Administrators.
Feb. 3, 1783. MICHAEL CROLL, }

NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been taken up trespassing in the inclosures of the subscribers, living in Mannelan township, in the county of York, in the state of Pennsylvania, the 10th instant: Two stray MARES, the one a sorrel, about 13 hands high, three white feet, with a blaze in her face, and a small white spot on one side of her neck, no brand, supposed to be about 12 years old; the other a dark roan, about 13 hands high, no brand nor particular marks, supposed to be 10 years old. The owner or owners is desired to prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

LAWRENCE BOSMAN,
Dec. 24, 1782. ¶ JOHN SIMONS.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE into the house of the subscriber, in the township of Chester, county of Burlington, state of New-Jersey, a yellow NEGROE MAN, with large fore teeth; had on a pair of striped trowsers, white cap, and no hat, his other clothes not remembered. He demanded the subscriber's money, who being hard of hearing did not understand him, his wife endeavoured to tell what he said; the Negroe said if she spoke one word he would put her to death. The Negroe having a pistol in his hand, discharged it at the subscriber, and the two balls that were in the pistol, hit the leather jacket he had on, but did not enter his body, though he was very much hurt, and the Negroe immediately left the house. Any person, who will apprehend and secure the said Negroe in any Goal, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall receive the above reward, paid by

Feb. 3, 1783. THOMAS WARRINGTON.

To VALERIUS.

SIR;

I was very much surprized at reading in some of the late newspapers an address from Hamden to you, by the name of *Joseph Reed*, Esq; on the subject of your allegiance. It is written with perhaps a greater degree of warmth than prudence required, or than almost any other subject would have called for. My indignation was soon raised, and alternately pointed against the writer and you, without being able to satisfy myself, whether he was a false accuser, or you a guilty man. I gave it a second, and a third reading, which only served to increase my doubts and astonishment. Being unwilling to suppose human nature so depraved, as to furnish a single instance of a person who had made the large professions of patriotism, and filled the high offices which you had done, withholding that evidence of his sincerity which every real whig has chearfully given. I was ready to mark Hamden as a malicious calumniator, but when I found him appealing to the records of the late Justice Ord, to the Journals of Congress, and the laws of the State, for the proofs of his charges, their truth was rendered so probable as to entitle him to belief. After exercising both faith and charity, and puzzling myself to little purpose, I resolved to consult my friends, and to hear the opinions of the candid and impartial part of the town. I met with a *few* whose sentiments were in favour of you, *many* who gave full credit to Hamden, and others who were equally at a loss with myself. Three or four of us, who were of no party, wishing to distinguish between the innocent and the guilty, to esteem merit and to censure vice, determined to examine for ourselves and to be satisfied. We had recourse to the justice's records, we collected and carefully perused the Journals of Congress, and the different acts of assembly. Having searched for myself, and drawn my knowledge from the purest sources of information, I shall take the liberty, by an accurate attention to dates, by comparing your conduct with your motives, and by tracing events from their causes, to pursue you through your political career of life, more minutely than he has done. As I am actuated by no private resentment, but undertake this task for the information of the public, truth shall be my guide, a manly but decent firmness my means, and the public good my object.

Audi et alteram partem is a good maxim, and should ever be religiously adhered to. Impressed with this sentiment, I remained silent for several weeks, in expectation of seeing your defence against the accusation of Hamden. Your laboured pamphlet, which the world was long assured would wash you white, has at length appeared, but you still remain as spotted as ever. As to the charges made against you by General Cadwallader, the public are in possession of nothing but assertion on one side, and denial on the other; and have therefore no grounds to form an opinion on, till the evidence shall be laid before them, which I am told will shortly be done. As to the other matters mentioned in your inflammatory and seditious work, manufactured of absurd fictions and a train of contradictions, unfortunately for the people of Pennsylvania, your oppressions and the feelings of almost every man in the State (except your favourites with whom you divided the loaves and fishes) form too powerful evidence to be opposed by your bare denial, though set off with flowers, and tinselled over with the feeble rhetoric of confident assertion. As to the charge brought against you by Hamden, you pass it over "in sullen silence," and are therefore convicted by a tacit acknowledgement of your guilt. If you had not felt yourself too vulnerable to stand the attack, you would have braved your accusers, freely exposed your conduct to view, and eagerly published to the world the certificate of your oaths of abjuration and allegiance, as a shield wherewith to blunt all the arrows that Hamden had pointed against you. That you took an early and decided part in favour of liberty, that your motives were patriotic, and your conduct animated, your country remembers with gratitude, and will acknowledge as a just tribute to your former merits, at the same time she must lament, that as the scene of public affairs changed, you shifted with it: I have indeed discovered one mistake in the address of Hamden, but that you cannot complain of, since it appears, that instead of your having abandoned the army in June 1778, as he has stated, you left it as early as February 1777, which was long before any test law was made; so that you have less excuse to offer than he supposed. The last office which you held in the army, was that of Adjutant General. The precise day when you resigned your commission, I cannot ascertain, but it is clear, that it was sometime before the 20th of February 1777; for in the III vol. of the Journals of Congress, page 71, I find a resolve, desiring General Gates to resume that office. At this time it must have been vacant, or General Gates could not have been re-appointed. It is true, that on the 12th of May 1777, you were elected a Brigadier General, but it is equally true, that you refused to accept of this appointment, as appears by your letter of the 7th of June following, published in the same volume of Journals, page 218. The motives which induced you to resign the first of these commissions, and to refuse accepting of the other, will appear more clearly than at present, when a few other facts are taken into consideration with those already stated. The first test law, as it is called, was passed on the 13th of June 1777, and allowed till the 1st day of July following for taking the oaths prescribed by it. This was more than four months after you had left the army, and during this time you resided with your family in the neighbourhood of Magistrates.

On the 1st day of April 1778, another test law was passed, requiring all those who had refused to comply with the first act, to take the oaths therein mentioned, on or before the first of June following, under many heavy penalties and disabilities, to continue during the life of the offender. You still stood out, till long after the time limited by this act had expired, and did not think proper to take the oath, till the very day on which you were elected a Counsellor for the county of Philadelphia, which was the 9th of October 1778. You were soon after appointed President of the State, and filled that high office during the time prescribed by the constitution. With a minute exactness I have mentioned, not only the books, but the very dates and pages, where full evidence of the facts here stated is to be found, and which, if attended to, will compel the greatest unbelievers, who will take the trouble of examining for themselves, to confess the truth of every word which I have written. Now, Sir, what inducement could you have, for pertinaciously refusing to renounce the sovereignty of the British King over this country, and to become a subject of it, till *the very moment of your election*, on the 9th of October 1778? This I will examine into with candour, and as much moderation as your conduct will admit of; for I am not your personal enemy nor prejudiced against you. On the contrary, I was long your friend and advocate, and if my sentiments have changed, it has been owing to your change of conduct from what I once knew or believed it to be. The circumstance of your resigning one office in the army, and refusing to

ject of another, if taken alone, ought not to weigh much against your firmneſs or attachment to your country; but when your ſubſequent conduct is taken into view, that which at firſt appeared but ſlight ſuſpicion, will be increaſed into ſtrong preſumption. The above offices were of high rank, and of no ſmall profit. Whoever is in the leaſt acquainted with you, will acknowledge you to be the laſt perſon, who would be inattentive to theſe conſiderations, and will therefore expect ſome reaſon for declining them. When he conſiders, that at this very time a Britiſh General had formed his deſigns, and was bending his courſe, at the head of a numerous army, compoſed of the flower of the Britiſh bands, and aided by a triumphant fleet againſt this State, that His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty had not become the ally or protector of America, and that our affairs then wore a melancholy and gloomy aſpect, he will conclude that you had formed the deſign of abandoning your country and making your peace at her expence. But when he learns that, in addition to your reſignation of one office and declining to accept of another in the moment of impending danger, you delayed taking your ſeat in Congreſs till near ſeven months after your appointment, and alſo refuſed to give up the Britiſh King, to change your allegiance and to acknowledge yourſelf a ſubject of America till the 9th of October 1778, when that danger was happily averted by the Convention of Saratoga, and the treaty with France, and the temptation of honor and preferment was again placed before your eyes on the ſide of America, no doubt can remain, but that you had reſolved to be quite unfettered, and at full liberty to play your part to advantage, on the one ſide or the other, as the events of war and the alluring proſpects of ſafety, honor or profit might dictate. You were not that baſe man, unmindful of character and of fame, who like an Arnold would traiterouſly betray a poſt to the enemy, whenever prudence ſhould whiſper in your ear, that the favourable moment was arrived for changing ſides, and therefore diſencumbered yourſelf of this difficulty by your reſignation.

But, Sir, your extraordinary conduct did not ſtop here, or ſuch is the force of long and deep rooted prejudice, and the influence of charity, that I might ſtill perhaps behold you through a falſe medium, and remain your friend and advocate.

Early in the ſpring of 1778, the enemy having long tryed the valour of America in vain, deſpaired of conqueſt by arms, and had recourſe to ſtratagem; bribery, ſpies and ſecret emiſſaries. This our Legiſlature ſaw, and were more alarmed with, than at all the armies which could be brought into the field againſt us. It was now become neceſſary for every man to declare his ſide, and openly avow himſelf the friend and ſubject of America or of Britain. The line to aſcertain this, and the teſt by which it was to be tryed, were drawn by another act paſſed on the firſt of April 1778, which called upon all perſons to renounce the Britiſh King, and to ſwear allegiance to this State, under the penalties (in addition to many others) of being diſtranchiſed of all the rights of citizenſhip, of being looked upon as ſpies, and of being incapable to be elected into, or of ſerving in any office, place or truſt, in this Commonwealth. Till the firſt day of June 1778 was allowed for this purpoſe, and the diſabilities of thoſe who ſhould ſhew themſelves to be tories, by not complying with it, were declared to continue during the lives of the offenders. Full notice was given, and till the firſt of June 1778 and no longer, was allowed for every man to make up his mind, and fix upon the ſide to which he meant to attach himſelf; on the one hand ſafety and protection were kindly offered; on the other heavy penalties and diſabilities were denounced. Thoſe who did not renounce the Britiſh King by the firſt of June 1778, made their election in favour of Britain, and ſuch was the force of ancient prejudice, or of averſion to a republican government, that at the head of this number your name is found, as an example to the timid and diſaffected. You did, it is true, take the oath mentioned in the firſt teſt law on the 9th of October 1778; but when the cauſe of your taking it, even at that late day, is examined into, inſtead of your drawing conſolation from it a bluſh will be drawn over your countenance. You had left the army near a year and eight months before this period, and during no part of this time were you either an officer or ſoldier, nor had you a ſingle circumſtance to ſhelter yourſelf within any exception of either of the acts. You reſided with your family in the neighbourhood of magiſtrates, and as you were not ignorant of the law, you knew yourſelf to be equally amenable to it with the loweſt man in the State, and ſubject to the ſame penalties and diſabilities for not complying with it. Why then did you dare to diſregard the voice of the people and to violate the law? Why ſet ſo pernicious an example to others and become diſfranchiſed of all your rights, rather than give up your King for the bleſſings of a Commonwealth? Were you prudently waiting the events of war, and wiſhing to ſtand fair with the ſovereign of Britain, if victory ſhould plant his ſtandard in the ruins of American liberty, and water it with the blood of her ſons? You recollect, Sir, that neither General Burgoyne had ſurrendered with his army, nor was the French alliance made, and therefore cannot be at a loſs for an anſwer to theſe queſtions. You were not ſo abandoned as to wantonly ſport with oaths, and therefore wiſhed to avoid taking one, more eſpecially as it might have ſtood in your way to preferment on the other ſide. You appear to have kept yourſelf at full liberty to play your cards to advantage, and will be found to have done it with the maſterly hand of an able gameſter. You will perhaps tell me, that after reſigning your commiſſion in the army, you were ſometimes with it, and frequently took an active part. I am willing to allow you all the merit which you can juſtly claim, but if you are wiſe, you will be ſilent on this head. To have withdrawn yourſelf entirely from public life, and to have refuſed giving up the Britiſh King too, would have been over-rating the part which you wiſhed to play, and rendered you ſuſpected. This was neceſſary to be avoided, and appearances at leaſt to be ſaved. Prudence therefore ſometimes led you to the army, but in what character did you appear there? By an act paſſed on the 13th of June 1777, it was declared, that thoſe who ſhould refuſe to take the oaths required by the teſt laws, ſhould be looked upon as ſpies. If any ſituation in which a man could be found would juſtify his being looked upon and treated as ſuch agreeable to this act, ſurely it muſt be him who refuſed to cancel his allegiance to the enemy, or to give any teſt of it to this State, at the time when he was watching all opportunities to run into the army, to ſhare in the councils of war, and to gain that intelligence which would enable him to betray them to the enemy.

It is a well known fact, that while the army lay at Whitemarſh and the Valley-Forge, you were frequently admitted into the councils, and that it was a common complaint, that within a few hours after their breaking up, the enemy knew every thing that had paſſed there.----Upon whom could the ſuſpicion of this treachery more properly fall, than upon him who was pointed out and fixed by the law as a ſpy?

On the 14th of September 1777, you were appointed a member of Congreſs, and on the 6th day of April following, and not before, ventured to take your ſeat without either giving up the Britiſh King, or deigning to ſwear allegiance to this State. If I were to differ from Hamden, and even againſt my own opinion admit, that the firſt act has an exception ſufficient to include the Delegates of this State, yet you were not choſen before the paſſing of this act, nor till long after the time preſcribed by it for taking the oaths had elapſed, ſo that previous to your appointment, your diſabilities had commenced, which rendered you incapable of being elected, and as much diſqualified to ſerve in this high office as an alien enemy. This however was no obſtacle in your eyes. To the ſacred voice of candour, honour, liberty and patriotiſm, which loudly called upon you to make your ſituation known, you cloſed your ears. By concealing your ſituation and your diſabilities, and by a feigned zeal in the cauſe of liberty and your country, you impoſed a fraud upon the people, who, had they known your ſituation, would never have been ſo inattentive to their ſafety and freedom, as to have placed in the councils of America, and laid open the ſecrets of nations to the view of a man, who had given no ſecurity againſt betraying them to that enemy, whom he ſtill refuſed to renounce.

But here another myſtery preſents itſelf, which is only to be explained by the ſame principles which regulated your other conduct. You declined taking your ſeat in Congreſs till the 6th of April, 1778, which was near ſeven months after your appointment. When a view is taken of your cautious prudence during that period of the war, when the fate of America was doubtful, and hung ſuſpended in the tottering ſcale of uncertain events, this myſtery will vaniſh, and the cauſe of this delay clearly appear to be caution and timidity, if not diſaffection. During theſe ſeven months the enemy were rioting in the capital of Pennſylvania. The genius of liberty hung her head, dropped a tear, and ſighed for her devoted ſons. The ſame motives which had led you to abandon the army, and to prefer the ſovereignty of Britain to the ſovereignty of the people, ſtill retained their influence, and furniſhed you with excuſes for *hanging back* till the 6th of April, 1778. Before this time the armies of Britain had ſurrendered at Saratoga to the arms of America. Yet this important blow was not ſufficient alone to ſettle your wavering mind. Although official accounts of the French alliance were not received till ſhortly after you took your ſeat in Congreſs, yet every veſſel which had arrived from Europe for a conſiderable time before, was the harbinger of this great news, and brought ſuch proofs of its rapid progreſs, as enſured the certainty of its taking place very ſoon. You ſaw the weight of theſe two important events in the political world, and they ſerved in ſome meaſure to fix you in the ſide you were to take. You again held up your head, and ſtept forth a patriot from behind the ſcene of private life, upon the great ſtage of national occurrences. Under every diſqualification which has been mentioned, you now ventured to take your ſeat in Congreſs, but not to renounce the Britiſh King, or to reveal that you had not done it. One of theſe you might have looked upon to be imprudent, as the fortune of war was uncertain----and the other would have prevented your being truſted: The firſt you therefore cautiouſly avoided, and the latter diſingenuouſly concealed. If hiſtory ſhall inform the world, that the ſecrets of America were betrayed to the enemy, poſterity will not be ſtruck with wonder, when they learn that a man, who refuſed to cancel his allegiance to the Britiſh King, ſhared in her councils!

As my views extend no further than to examine into the cauſes and the conſequences of your refuſing to change your allegiance till the late period which I have mentioned, I ſhall not follow you into Congreſs, nor take notice of the correſpondence kept up between Governor Johnſton, the Britiſh Commiſſioner, and you, as acknowledged in a pamphlet publiſhed by yourſelf in 1779, which ought to have been called your accuſation, inſtead of your defence. This and the other matters alledged againſt you while you were there, are ſuch, as might naturally be expected from a perſon filling that ſtation, at the very time when he refuſed to take an oath, either againſt the Britiſh King or in favour of America.

I have ſaid that you appear to have waited the events of war, before finally determining on the ſide you were to take. If I have not ſufficiently proved this already, I have an additional circumſtance to mention, which will almoſt reduce it to a mathematical demonſtration. In October 1778, when our powerful allies were increaſing in ſtrength and number; when battles had been fought and victories won on our ſide, when Britiſh veterans had fallen on the plains of Monmouth before American valour, and when our liberties and independence were in the opinions of all mankind firmly eſtabliſhed, your caution ceaſed, and you abandoned the Britiſh King, as you had before abandoned the American army, and ſwore allegiance to this State. This decided ſtep you took, when all danger was over, and long after your diſabilities had taken place, which were declared by law to continue during your life. You well knew that this could not reſtore you to a ſingle privilege, which you had long before forfeited, but as "better late than never" was your maxim, you adopted it, on the very day of your election of councillor for the county of Philadelphia, and when your eye was fixed on the preſidency of the State, This was too great a temptation for you to reſiſt, and the bewitching charms of your own aggrandizement, determined you to qualify yourſelf in the beſt manner you could. Unfortunately for you the act of the firſt of April 1778 had effectually diſabled you, and declared the election of a perſon in your ſituation to be *ipſo facto* void. You were therefore not councillor, by reaſon of your election being void, you were never capable of being preſident of this State, although you acted as ſuch, becauſe that officer muſt be choſen out of the body of the councillors. If you were not capable of being Preſident, all the orders which you made, the commiſſions which you iſſued, and the grants of land which you executed, were without authority, againſt law and void. The Legiſlature will therefore I hope, for the preſervation of the public tranquility, think proper to paſs an act ratifying your proceedings as Preſident while you filled that office.

SIDNEY.

Meſſieurs. HALL & SELLERS,

By giving the following Speech of the Hon. Mr. BLOODY-BONES, *in a certain Aſſembly, a place in your paper, you will oblige,* *Your's, &c.* MOMUS.

Mr. SPEAKER,

THE gentleman who ſpoke laſt has miſtaken the queſtion. He knaws nothing about it. I inſiſt upon it, Mr. Speaker, he is out of order. I have ſat two years in Congreſs, and near four years in this Hooſe, and I'd have you to knaw, I knaw more of the forms of buſineſs than any among ye. Auh! Mr. Speaker, I have ſat here when we were all of one way of thinking, or rather when one man thought for us all. But now, Mr. Speaker, we are terribly divided; and no wonder, for we have a party in this Hooſe who want to bring back the tories. Aye, Mr. Speaker, or why did they attempt to ſave Stephen Anderſon from the gallows, by granting him a trial after the time of his proſcription expired. It is true, this Hooſe allowed Reynold Keen and Albertſon Walton a trial, although they had actually joined the enemy, which it is true Anderſon never did; but then it is to be conſidered, that they were the friends of our late worthy Preſident. Some folks talk a great deal about being bound by the conſtitution, and laws of the ſtate.-------But I inſiſt upon it, Mr. Speaker, that we ſhould regard only what will be popular, and what will ſerve us at elections, in all our proceedings.

But, Sir, *here* is the principal cauſe of all our diviſions in this Hooſe (pulling Mr. Reed's pamphlet out of his pock-t.) Some of the members of this Hooſe are jealous of the power of us Preſbyterians, while others of them, who are Preſbyterians, are miſled by the arts of deſigning men. Sir, we have a hereditary right in the government of Pennſylvania. We have fought for and eſtabliſhed your independence. I grant that a few Quakers, and Churchmen, and Baptiſts, and German Lutherans, and Catholics, aſſiſted us in this revolution; but you knaw, Sir, the bible tells us, that "the earth ſhall help the woman." Sir, we are called in this pamphlet "a ſleeping lyon," and very emphatically too.----My learned friend, Mr. Praiſe-God Barebones, from Lancaſter county, is the tongue of this lyon----the author of this pamphlet is his upper jaw----I am his lower jaw----two of the judges of the ſupreme court, with two of our militia generals, are his feet----the members from Cumberland county (one excepted) together with the members from Bucks and Northampton counties, who aſſiſt us now and then with a ſilent vote, compoſe the poſteriors of this ſleeping baſte----Dr. Kauſtic, and his midnight junto, are his keepers----and the ſweepings of his den are conveyed into the ſtreets every Wedneſday morning in a certain news-paper.

Beware, therefore, Mr. Speaker, how you rouſe this dangerous baſte. He will chaſe you into the ocean, or tear you into pieces, if you dare to diſpute our ſole and indefeazable right to the power of Pennſylvania. Here (pointing to the pamphlet) is the charter of our privileges. It conſiſts of the *pen*, and the *tongue*, and the *ſword* of the upper jaw of the lyon. The ſword of the Lord and of Joſeph ſhall vanquiſh all before them. Auh! Mr. Speaker, you may well look aghaſt----but you, and your whole levitical family, ſhall feel the vengeance of this ſword. I confeſs that we failed in a late attempt we made at Manheim to uſe this ſword; but it was becauſe the Booby, who wrote the circular letter, did not tell the colonels of the militia that the kirk, as well as the conſtitution, was in danger. Auh! Col. Lowry, Col. Lowry!--- It was this backſlider from the true church, Mr. Speaker, that defeated us;----for one renegado, you knaw, Mr. Speaker, is worſe than ten Turks.

[To be continued.]

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *Saturday, February* 7, 1783.

The additional clauſes to the bill, entituled, "*A Supplement to an Act entituled, an Act for the repeal of ſo much of the Laws of this Commonwealth, as make the Continental Bills of Credit, and the Bills emitted by the Reſolves of Acts of the Aſſemblies of the ſaid Commonwealth, a legal Tender, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned,*"---were read the ſecond time, and having been debated, were ordered to be tranſcribed, and in the mean time printed for public conſideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

AND WHEREAS divers debtors, who had contracted debts, which by reaſon of loſſes and misfortunes in trade they were unable at the time to pay, have, before the ſaid *Firſt* day of *January* 1777, aſſigned and made over their real eſtates, or ſuch parts thereof as their creditors were willing to accept, to truſtees, in truſt that the ſame ſhould be ſold within a reaſonable time, to pay and ſatisfy ſuch debts, which ſaid truſts have not been executed: AND WHEREAS the ſcarcity of gold and ſilver hath cauſed the value of lands and tenements, in moſt parts of this State, to fall vaſtly below the real value of the ſame, and if compulſory ſales were to be made of ſuch lands and tenements, it is probable they would fall ſhort of paying the debts which they were at firſt ſuppoſed a ſufficient ſecurity for, to the injury and oppreſſion of both creditor and debtor: *Be it therefore enacted, &c.* That no ſales ſhall be made by any ſuch truſtees of any lands or tenements, which were ſo as aforeſaid aſſigned and made over to them, before the ſaid twenty firſt day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, without the conſent in writing of the debtor or aſſignor, or his legal repreſentatives, firſt had and obtained.

And be it further enacted, &c. That no act, or ſtatute of limitation of actions, ſhall run, or be deemed or taken to have run, at any time between the firſt day of *January*, 1776, and the end of one year from and after the twenty-firſt day of *June* next.

And be it further enacted, &c. That wherever it ſhall appear that any debt or duty was contracted or incurred, on or before the firſt day of *January*, 1777, and any bond, obligation, or other ſecurity hath been entered into for the payment thereof, ſince the ſaid firſt day of *January*, the plaintiff who hath brought or ſhall bring any ſuit or ſuits on any ſuch bond or obligation, executed in the manner aforeſaid, ſhall and may proceed to judgment in ſuch action, and may iſſue his execution for the intereſt, damages and coſts, as aforeſaid; but no execution ſhall iſſue for the principal debt or ſum, until one year from and after the twenty-firſt day of *June* next, as aforeſaid.

THE PUBLIC are hereby deſired to take NOTICE, That as there is now no Coffee-Houſe kept in this City, and as the preſent Occupier of the late Houſe has forbid any public Sales being held there for the future, without a very conſiderable Gratuity being made him by the Subſcriber; That all Sales of Goods, Horſes, Real Eſtate, Shipping, &c. which were uſually held there on Market Days and Evenings, will be held, 'till there is another Coffee-Houſe eſtabliſhed, at the CITY AUCTION-STORE, on the Eaſt Side of Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, where Goods, &c. are deſired to be ſent, and Sales adverti[ſed] to be held. JOHN BAYARD, Auctioneer.

Philadelphia, February 10, 1783.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of RICHARD PARKER, late of the city of Philadelphia Baſs-Founder, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who may have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known, in order to be adjuſted, by RICHARD PARKER, } Adminiſtrat.
MARGARET PARKER. }

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of SUSANNA CLAYTON, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known to
RICHARD PARKER, } Execut.
¶ MARGARET PARKER, }

WAS left at the ſubſcriber's, in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, and State of Pennſylvania, in December laſt, by a man who called himſelf *Archibald Criſty*, a dun HORSE, with a white mane and tail, about 6 years old. As ſaid *Criſty* has not returned, the proper owner of ſaid horſe is hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, in three weeks from this date, otherwiſe he will be ſold for charges.
Feb. 3, 1783. ¶ DAVID EVANS.

Paxton townſhip, February 12, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, ſome time in December laſt, a ſorrel MARE and COLT; the mare about 10 years old, 14 hands high, a ſwitch tail, no brand; the colt a natural trotter. The owner, proving property and paying charges, may have them again, by applying to ¶ SAMUEL SHERER.

LONDON, *October* 30.

THE addreſs of the refugees ſeems to have been drawn up by Sir William Pepperel, or his friend at New-York.

How impertinent is it in theſe men, to talk of their numbers, when it is well known they could never bring into the field three thouſand men in a body!-----What proof do they give that the Americans are tired with independence, but their own lying and impudent aſſertions?

Did not theſe very men tranſmit to this country a moſt notorious falſehood reſpecting Waſhington's army? Did they not aver that his utmoſt force was 4000 men, and theſe half-armed, half-fed, and half-clothed? Theſe fools did not conſider what praiſe they were heaping upon ſuch miſerable ſcarecrows, as they deſcribed them to be, who could withſtand a large and well diſciplined army of veterans, and at laſt defeat them!

But theſe refugees were the fellows to whom North and Germaine lent a willing ear, and for whoſe fugitive relations they procured penſions and places. The ſpeaking ſmooth matter to theſe deſpicable Miniſters was all their merit.

It can be well atteſted that ſeveral Americans, men of honour and credit, would have opened the eyes of our Miniſters, would have endeavoured to convince them of the utter impracticability of ſubjugating America; but to ſuch men they turned a deaf ear, they would liſten to nothing but what gratified their paſſions.

The fate of our war againſt America, will, in all probability, afford a very wholeſome leſſon to future ----------. It is neither numbers nor talents, that can ſucceed, at leaſt for any time, in a bad cauſe. Hence the expence and courage of all our Generals employed in that wretched buſineſs, have proved alike abortive.

From General Gage, the command of our forces in America has at length come down to General Dalling! When all our regulars have been tried, where will be the wonder if one of our Generals of the city trained bands ſhould be ſent over to take America, ſooner than give it up?

It is whiſpered that an expreſs is ſent to Ireland, to put a ſtop to the ſencible regiments now raiſing in that kingdom, on account of the heart-burnings that ſtep occaſions.

November 7. The public hope for the ſafety of the Ville de Paris is now become very ſlender indeed. It was thought at firſt that ſhe had made for Ireland; it was next ſuppoſed that ſhe had ſteered for Liſbon; ſome were of opinion, that ſhe followed the Caton and Pallas to Halifax; others imagined, that ſhe bent her courſe for the Weſtern-Iſlands; and there were not wanting others, who thought that it was moſt probable ſhe had put into Newfoundland. Unfortunately, we now find for a certainty, that at three of theſe places ſhe has not been heard of. The mails from Ireland make no mention of her; Admiral Campbell's diſpatches from Newfoundland are ſilent with reſpect to her; and the packet, which arrived a few days ago from Liſbon, deſtroys the hope that had been entertained of her having got into the Tagus. There remain, however, two places more, which it is poſſible, and almoſt barely poſſible, ſhe may have reached Halifax and one of the Weſtern-Iſlands; though, indeed, if the laſt accounts we had of her may be credited, we may give up all hopes of her being in Nova-Scotia, as ſhe is ſaid to have been ſeen laſt in the European ſeas. The underwriters, however, being unwilling to give her up for loſt, eagerly caught at a report which was ſpread this morning, that ſhe had put back, and reached St. Lucia in ſafety.

FISH-KILL, *February* 6.

A correſpondent has favoured us with the following extract from the General Orders of the army:---

"It is with great pleaſure the General communicates to the army, the following tranſlation of a letter he has received from the Miniſter of France.

To his Excellency General WASHINGTON *and the American Army.*

GENTLEMEN,

HIS MAJESTY has been informed of the marks of joy ſhewn by the American Army on the BIRTH of the DAUPHIN, and it has given him great ſatisfaction, to ſee the part which the American officers and ſoldiers have taken in that happy event.

The King has commanded me to make known to you, his ſenſibility on this occaſion; and has charged me to aſſure the American Army, and the General who commands it, of his affection and particular eſteem. *I have the honor to be, &c.*

TRENTON, *February* 5.

Laſt Friday came on, in the Court of Admiralty, the trial of the ſloop Diamond and ſchooner Dolphin, ſaid to have been captured in the Narrows the 8th December laſt by Captain Nathan Jackſon, in the armed boat Greyhound.

A claim had been put in by David Forman, Eſquire, of Monmouth, in behalf of the State, on a charge of colluſion; on the trial it appeared, that the ſaid Captain Jackſon ſailed from Egg-Harbour about the latter end of October, in the ſaid boat, manned with three men beſides himſelf, and armed with one ſwivel and two muſkets; that he went the next day openly into New-York with his boat, and remained there until the 7th December, and that evening boarded the Diamond, then lying about Red-Hook, *ſurprized the crew, and took her without oppoſition*, continuing on board her until the next evening, when the Dolphin came down, and was taken *in the ſame manner*. They were both condemned to the claimant. We are informed the account of ſales of the above veſſels and cargoes amount to £ 10,500.

RICHMOND, *February* 1.

The brig Buck, Captain Williams, belonging to this port, on her voyage to St. Kitts, unfortunately foundered in the Gulph ſtream the 6th ult. by which melancholy diſaſter, 18 out of 22 of her crew periſhed.----The Captain and three of his men were taken up by Captain Folger, and carried into Baltimore, after being on the wreck 65 hours.

Among the number who periſhed in the above veſſel, we have to lament the loſs of Mr. JAMES CLAY, Merchant, of this city, a young gentleman eſteemed by all who knew him, for the many good qualities which he poſſeſſed.

On the 21ſt ult. died in Williamſburg, Mrs. BETTY RANDOLPH, relict of the Honourable Peyton Randolph, deceaſed; a Lady whoſe many virtues endeared her to all who knew her.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 12.

Extract of a letter from St. Chriſtophers, dated January 16, 1783.

"You have incloſed a copy of the Honorable Mr. Townſhend's letter to the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England, which firſt gave riſe to the idea of peace. Since then the Governor of Dominique has wrote to Count Dillon, that the Anſon man of war arrived at Barbados the 8th inſt. and left England the 10th ult. She brings an account of peace, and the different diſpatches from government.

"If the above accounts are true, you will have them in America before this reaches you.

"I ſaw a gentleman from St. Thomas's, who left that iſland eight days ago: He informs me the news had the ſame effect there that it has had here."

Extract of a letter from St. Chriſtophers, dated Jan. 17, 1783.

"Count Dillion has received a letter from the Governor of Dominique, informing him of the arrival of the Anſon man of war at Barbados, with an account of the preliminaries of peace being actually ſigned before her departure from England, which was the 10th of December.

"From the different advices we have lately had from thence, we are inclined to believe this is the caſe.

"This piece of news you may readily ſuppoſe has put a ſtop to all buſineſs, until it ſhall be confirmed or contradicted.

"A ſnow juſt arrived from Oſtend, which ſhe left the 3d of December, brings an account that every body there expected peace would ſhortly take place."

Extract of a letter from Baltimore, dated February 7, 1783.

"You ſee by the incloſed (the accounts from St. Kitt's) what the opinion of a peace is grounded on, which ſeems generally believed here: Added to this account, we have a ſhip from St. Croix, in a ſhort paſſage, that ſpoke a neutral ſchooner, the Capt. of which aſſured that he had ſpoke Capt. Barry, in the Alliance, on his way to the Cape, to prevent any further operations in that quarter, and that hoſtilities had abſolutely ceaſed in Europe."

Extract of a letter from Baltimore, dated February 7.

"The ſchooner Harlequin arrived ſome days ſince from St. Kitt's, and the ſhip Iris from St. Croix, is at Annapolis: Some of her letters only are come to hand. The former brings advice, that a Britiſh ſhip of war had arrived at Barbados, and mentioned that matters were in ſuch a train as to leave no room to doubt of peace. A letter from the Capt. of the Iris mentions, that between St. Croix and St. Thomas, he ſpoke a neutral ſchooner from the latter port, who informed him that the Alliance, Capt. Barry, had touched there the day before, and brought a confirmation of peace, and that he had previouſly called to windward, and at St. Euſtatia, and was bound to the Cape, with the ſame intelligence."

Extract of a letter from St. Thomas's, dated December 30, 1782.

"All proſpects of peace ſeems to have vaniſhed for the enſuing twelve months, and ſhould Great-Britain be as ſucceſsful the following year, as ſhe has been this, it is more than probable we ſhall not have a peace in leſs than two years.

January 1, 1783.

"The veſſel having been detained to the preſent, I have to acquaint you, that ſuch advices have arrived from England, as leave a very great probability of a peace being concluded by this date.

"I incloſe, for your better information, a copy of the Secretary of State's letter to the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England, from which you can draw your own concluſion.

"The letter referred to, though it adviſes the poſſibility, yet leaves a very great uncertainty of ſuch an event taking place, by allowing ſo ſhort a time for the ſettlement of ſo important an object.

"M. Gerard, who went over to London as Plenipotentiary, with intention of reſiding there three months, departed on the third day after his arrival, with propoſitions delivered as the ultimatum of the Britiſh Court; and Mr. Fitzherbert, the Britiſh Reſident at Verſailles, is directed to leave that Court if the propoſals are not immediately accepted.

"The veſſel by which the above intelligence was received had a paſſage of 28 days from Plymouth. By her we alſo learn, that preparations are ſtill carrying on with the greateſt vigour for the enſuing campaign, ſhould there be one. Four Thouſand troops to be ſent to the Weſt-Indies, for which tranſports are already engaged."

The following is a copy of a printed hand-bill received on Saturday night laſt from Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, *February* 5.

Yeſterday arrived the ſchooner Harlequin, Captain White, in 14 days from St. Kitts, by which we have the following important intelligence.

Extract of a letter from St. Kitt's, dated the 15th of January, 1783, brought by the Harlequin.

"I congratulate you on the news of peace; indeed I may venture to aſſure you, that it has already taken place in Europe. Letters from England as late as the 29th of November mention, that it was expected to happen in a few days. The Parliament was prorogued from the 26th of November to the 5th of December, on that account.

"Letters from Dominica and Guadaloupe ſay, that the preliminaries are actually ſigned; for my own part, I have no doubt of it, though there are ſome people here who have; a few days, or perhaps hours, will probably put us out of ſuſpence.

"Trade, at St. Thomas's, is entirely at a ſtand; they are all thunderſtruck."

BASSETERRE, (St. Chriſtopher,) *January* 15.

The important and agreeable intelligence of a PEACE being concluded between the belligerent powers, which has circulated here for ſome time, gains ground daily, and ſeems now to be confirmed; we heartily wiſh it to be true: It is ſaid that the intelligence comes from good authority, and that the Anſon, of 64 guns, is abſolutely arrived at Barbados from England, with that intereſting news. The terms are ſaid to be, America to be acknowledged an Independent State by all parties, the Loyaliſts to be reimburſed for all their loſſes, and ſuch of them as chuſe, may remain peaceably in America; but if they quit, they may ſell their property, and have a grant of land in Eaſt or Weſt-Florida, Nova-Scotia, Canada or Porto-Rico; which places are to be given to England, and guaranteed by the powers at war; Gibraltar and Minorca to be given to Spain in lieu of Porto-Rico, and all places and iſlands taken by either party to be reciprocally reſtored, except Grenada, which France is to hold, to reimburſe her for the expences of the war.

This laſt article is not certain, as the Court of England abſolutely refuſed giving up Grenada, and it is not known what party has yielded their claim; but if we might be allowed an opinion, we think France has, as that Iſland is not worth the expence of another campaign.

We are juſt informed, that an American veſſel from l'Orient, arrived a day or two ago, at Guadaloupe, and brings a confirmation of the peace.

Extract of a letter, dated Boſton, January 26.

"The ſhip Fortune, Captain Billings, is juſt arrived from Amſterdam; ſhe has had 63 days paſſage, and brings advice that Count d'Eſtaing, with 40 ſhips of the line and 200 tranſports, had ſailed for the Weſt-Indies.

"We have accounts from Martinique, in 13 days, informing that 16 Spaniſh ſhips of the line, and a number of tranſports, had arrived at Porto-Rico."

On Friday morning laſt, ſuddenly departed this life, in the 72d year of her age, Mrs. CORNELIA BRIDGES, the relict of Mr. Edward Bridges, late merchant of this city. The prudent deportment of this lady in every ſtage of her life ſecured her the eſteem of all who knew her. Her chearfulneſs which was the offſpring of a mind compoſed by religion, and her entertaining converſation which flowed from a ſtrong and well cultivated underſtanding, rendered her old age peculiarly honorable. Her remains were interred on the Sunday following, in Chriſt-Church burying-ground, attended by a number of reſpectable friends and citizens.

On Saturday laſt, the Reverend Mr. Uſtick, Colonel Miles, Captain Watkins; and Meſſieurs Shields, Bowen, Ingols and M'Kim, a Committee from the Baptiſt Church, waited on his Excellency the Preſident with the following Addreſs.

To His Excellency JOHN DICKINSON, *Eſquire, Preſident of the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania,*

SIR,

THE Baptiſt Church in Philadelphia, happy in your acceſſion to the higheſt office in this Commonwealth, beg leave to preſent your Excellency their moſt ſincere congratulations.

The choice of one, eminent for political abilities, and diſtinguiſhed by his early and perſevering patriotiſm, as it unavoidably reflects an honour upon your Electors, ſo it preſages, in our opinion, the greateſt proſperity to their conſtituents, the people of this Commonwealth.

Your early and ſeaſonable attempts to promote the moſt important intereſts of the community, thoſe of virtue and religion, ſo illuſtriouſly corroborated by your own correſpondent and catholic examples, have our hearty thanks, and will, we hope, produce the beſt effects.

That the Supreme Ruler of the Univerſe may ever ſupport and direct you, that it may pleaſe him to make your perſon happy and your government honourable, that he would lengthen out your valuable life, as a bleſſing to your family and country, and at laſt receive you to the immortal honours of our glorious Redeemer's Kingdom, is our conſtant and hearty prayer.

Signed, by Order,

JOHN M'KIM, *Clerk.*

Philadelphia, February 8, 1783.

His *EXCELLENCY*'s ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

I MOST reſpectfully and ſincerely thank you for the honor of this addreſs.

It is a real ſatisfaction to me, that my appointment to the office I now hold is agreeable to you; and I rejoice, that my conduct is approved by perſons, the enlightened purity and wiſe ſimplicity of whoſe ſentiments and manners, render their approbation ſo highly valuable.

I feel all the force of the affectionate expreſſions with which this addreſs concludes, and my heart, full of eſteem and gratitude, fervently deſires that you, Gentlemen, and the *Baptiſt* Church, may enjoy every kind of happineſs.

DEAN and PURVIANCE,

Have juſt imported in the ſhips Congreſs and Intrepid, from France, and are now opening, the following GOODS, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the third door below the Drawbridge, which they will ſell on very reaſonable terms,

BLUE, brown, laylock, bloſſom, grey, hazle green, cheſnut, white, faun boue de Paris, mixed, and light coloured ſuperfine, midling and coarſe Cloths,
Nonbattu and royal Linens,
3-qr. and yard wide Brittanias,
Cottons, Calicoes and chintzes,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Striped, corded and lawn Handkerchiefs,
Milinet Lawn,
Marſeilles Quilting,
Plain and corded Dimities,
Dyed Jeans,
Womens white and coloured Kid Gloves,
A great Variety of plain and painted broad and narrow Ribbands,
Striped, flowered, plain, French and Italian Gauze,
A large Aſſortment of white and black blond Lace,
Men and Womens Silk Stockings,
Black Taffeties,
Black, white, cinnamon, roſe, ſilver grey, plum and Paris mode coloured Sattins,
Black Paduaſoy and Prunellas,
Striped Ticking,
Crimſon, pink and light blue Perſians,
Silk Shoe Patterns, Pins, &c.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12, 1783.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. JOSEPH SIMS, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are hereby earneſtly deſired to make immediate payment; thoſe perſons who are in arrears for intereſt money, and neglect to comply with the above requeſt in ſix weeks from this date, may depend on being dealt with as the law directs, without further notice.

ANN SIMS, Executrix,
¶ WOODDROP, SIMS, Executor.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

And may be entered on immediately,

A WELL finiſhed two ſtory brick HOUSE, two rooms on each floor, an elegant Piazza 30 feet by 12, floored: Alſo, a ſmall frame BUILDING, ſuitable for a ſmall family, with a Stable and Chaiſe-houſe, two large Gardens well fenced, with ſome fruit Trees, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, between the middle and upper ferries, in the city of Philadelphia, and commands a beautiful proſpect of the river: Alſo, ſeveral LOTS in the City, from one to four acres. For particulars enquire of the Printer. D. J.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1783.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN laſt night out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, in Sadſbury township, Lancaſter county, a grey MARE, 6 years old, 14½ hands high; ſhod before, no brand nor ear-mark, ſhort tail and the hair rubbed off her buttocks, natural to trot and goes faſt, was likely and in good order, when taken, EIGHT DOLLARS will be paid for the mare if recovered, and reaſonable charges, and the remainder for the thief, if convicted, by

Feb. 1, 1782. ¶ JOHN WASON.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1783.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber gave a bond to Richard Gregory, of Hartford county, in Maryland, for Forty Pounds, in gold or ſilver money, bearing date October the 16th, 1782; this is therefore to forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment of the ſaid bond, as they may depend I will not pay it, without being compelled by law.

BENJAMIN MYERS.

N. B. Theſe are to notify the above named Richard Gregory to call on the ſubſcriber, to rectify the wilful miſtake made, otherwiſe he may depend on being proſecuted. ¶ B. M.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of April next,

A COMMODIOUS two ſtory DWELLING-HOUSE, with kitchen, ſtables, &c. garden, two acres of good orchard, five acres of excellent meadow, and ſix acres of paſture or plough-land; all beautifully ſituate in New-Town, the metropolis of Bucks county. For terms, apply to Doctor JAMES TATE, on the premiſes. † Jan. 30, 1783.

To be Sold at Public AUCTION,

On the Premiſes, the 20th of March next,

A MOST valuable tract of LAND, in Lancaſter county, Donegall township, containing 560 acres and allowances of ſix per cent. for roads---About 150 acres whereof are cleared, the remainder extreamly well timbered, with walnut, hickory and oak; the ſoil in general is amongſt the firſt for goodneſs of any in that rich neighbourhood, and remarkable for ſure crops; a very healthy ſituation, and plenty of good water. There are about 20 acres of watered meadow, which may be increaſed to more than double the quantity, by a few days labour, the ſtream being very plentiful. The orchard is large and remarkable for the ſureſt and greateſt quantity of fruit of any in the county, which has been fully proved for a number of years paſt. There is a large dwelling-houſe, intended for four rooms on a floor, not yet finiſhed, alſo out houſes; diſtance from the borough of Lancaſter 18 miles, and three from the river Saſquehanna, where great quantities of ſhad and other fiſh are caught in their ſeaſons, and very convenient to different places of worſhip. This land has always been occupied by the original locator, James Aliſon, and his ſon, until my purchaſe. A good title, and immediate poſſeſſion, will be given, and the terms of payment made eaſy, by

JOHN MEASE.

Philad, Feb. 11, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county, ſome time ago, A ſtray pied BULL. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

Jan. 23, 1783. † JONATHAN BROWN.

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *August* 23, 1782.

The Bill, entituled "*An Act to discontinue part of a road in* New-Britain *township, in the county of* Bucks," was read the second time, and debated by paragraphs:

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading, and in the mean time printed for public consideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

An ACT *to discontinue part of a road in* New-Britain *township, in the county of* Bucks.

WHEREAS it has been represented to this House, by the petition of *Henry Dorrach*, of *New-Britain* towship, in the county of *Bucks*, yeoman, that some years ago a public road was laid out through lands then owned by *David Rees*, and since by said *Henry Dorrach*, from a road called *Butler*'s road to *Bristol* road, the first course and distance of which road, from said *Butler*'s road, being north-easterly forty-two perches:

AND WHEREAS another road was laid out a short time afterwards, through the lands then owned by said *David Rees*, and since by said *Henry Dorrach*, from the extent of said forty-two perches in the first mentioned road, to a certin road leading from *North Wales* towards *Coryell*'s ferry, crossing the aforesaid *Butler*'s road at the distance of thirty-eight perches from the said place of beginning, and at the distance of twenty-five perches rom the beginning of the first mentioned road; which said froad, when laid, was looked upon and intended both by the jury and petitioners, as well as the then owner of the land, to render useless the said forty-two perches of the first mentioned road, as it could be of no public use, but of considerable injury to the owner of the land to continue the same or keep it open:

AND WHEREAS multiplying of roads unnecessarily, not only tends to increase the expences of the highways, but is likewise a waste of land, which might otherwise be employed for the raising of produce:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same*, That from and after the publication of this act, the abovesaid forty-two perches of the first mentioned road, or so much of the same as lies between *Butler*'s road aforesaid, and where the last mentioned road falls into or meets with the first mentioned road, be discontinued and abolished.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *Thursday, January* 30, 1783.

The Bill, entituled, "An Act to establish and confirm "the estate of *John Morris*, of the township of *Eastown*, "in the county of *Chester*, in fifty acres of land in *West-* "*Whiteland* township, in the said county," was read the second time, and debated by paragraphs:

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading, and in the mean time printed for public consideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

An ACT *to establish and confirm the estate of* John Morris, *of the township of* Eastown, *in the county of* Chester, *in fifty acres of land in* West-Whiteland *township, in the said county.*

WHEREAS *John Morris*, of the township of *Eastown*, in the county of *Chester*, by his petition hath represented to the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, that he is seized and possessed of one hundred and fifty acres of land, situate, lying and being in *West-Whiteland* township, in the said county, bounded on the north by land late of *John Jacobs*, Esq; on the east by land of *John Cuthbert*, on the south by land of *Richard Thomas*, and on the west by lands of *Morris Zoots*, containing one hundred and fifty acres; which same tract of land was once the property of *David Howell*, deceased, and seized and taken in execution by *Jesse Maris*, Esq; then High Sheriff of the said county, for and on account of debts due and owing by the same *David Howell*; which same tract of land was in due form of law condemned for the discharge and payment of the executions and incumbrances thereon; and that the said High Sheriff, by virtue of a *Venditioni Exponas* to him directed, sold the same tract of land, after due notice of such sale being first made, unto the said *John Morris*, as the highest bidder thereat; and that the said *Jesse Maris*, Esq; by deed-poll, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of *August*, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one, and duly acknowledged, did convey the same tract of one hundred and fifty acres of land unto the said *John Morris* in fee. And that a deed from *John Cuthbert*, for part of the said tract of land, conveying the same tract unto the said *David Howell* in fee, was lost by fire in the house of the same *John Cuthbert*, or has shared the fate of certain papers belonging to a certain *Samuel Phipps*, which were supposed to be stolen from him; which same tract, part of the one hundred and fifty acres above described, is bounded as follows, beginning at a marked white-oak, by the east side of *Uchland* road; thence south, seventy-three degrees west, forty-eight perches to a post; thence north north-west, by land formerly of *David Howell*, one hundred and forty-one perches to a post; thence east, by *John Cuthbert*'s land, eighty-two perches to a post; thence by the said road south, twelve degrees east, forty eight perches to a post; thence south forty eight perches to a post; thence south, twelve degrees east, twenty perches to the place of beginning; containing fifty acres. And the said *John Morris* hath, by his petition, further represented, that the writings, necessary to complete his title to the said fifty acres, were also destroyed as aforesaid; he therefore prayed the General Assembly of this Commonwealth to give their aid for the securing and establishing the same tract of fifty acres of land unto the same *John Morris* in fee:

AND WHEREAS the same *John Morris* hath complied with the directions of the General Assembly, by giving public notice of his said application in the news-papers of the city of *Philadelphia*:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That the said tract of fifty acres of land, in the township of *West-Whiteland*, in the said county, bounded and described as aforesaid, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, are and shall be vested in the said *John Morris*, and his heirs and assigns forever; and that the said *John Morris*, and his heirs, do now stand seized, and after the publication of this act shall stand seized of the said fifty acres of land, with the hereditaments and appurtenances aforesaid thereunto belonging, to and for the only use, benefit and behoof of the same *John Morris*, and his heirs and assigns forever; subject to such quit rents and other rents, estates and incumbrances, as are or may be legally charged on the same, or any part or parcel thereof; and that all persons having and claiming any estate of property or inheritance in the same premises, or in any part or parcel thereof, shall, within the space of one year from the publication of this act, make their claim by bringing an ejectment against the said *John Morris*, his heirs or assigns, or the tenants or occupiers of the said fifty acres, from all future claims, otherwise they shall be excluded and forever debarred, except feme coverts, persons under age, imprisoned or beyond sea, who shall make their claims within one year after their said incapacities shall be removed, or otherwise they shall be debarred as aforesaid.

Philadelphia, March 19, 1782.

THE partnership of George Meade, and Company, having expired the first instant, all those who have any demands against them, are requested to call on the subscriber for payment, who is duly authorised to settle the affairs of the late Company; and all those indebted to them are likewise requested to discharge the same immediately.

GEORGE MEADE.

GEORGE MEADE has removed his compting-house to his dwelling-house, at the south-west corner of Walnut and Third-streets, where he has for sale, Havanna Sugars in boxes, West-India Rum by the hogshead, a good assortment of Dry Goods by the bale or smaller quantity, Beef and Pork by the barrel.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, in West-Town township, Chester county, containing 80 acres of good fresh land, about 50 acres cleared and the remainder well timbered, about four acres of meadow cleared, and convenience of making as much more; there are on said plantation, a good log dwelling-house and stable, a young bearing orchard of the best grafted fruit, and a saw-mill, built on Chester creek, the said creek running through the land a considerable distance, which affords a very fine seat for a grist-mill, being in a very fine neighbourhood for wheat and timber. Any person inclining to purchase may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

Jan 25, 1783. ‡ ROBERT YEARSLEY.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from his Bail, A certain THOMAS HINSON, late of Chester, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has fair brown hair tied behind, and is remarkable for his long nose; he is supposed to be gone for New-York. Whoever secures the said Hinson, and delivers him to any lawful officer in this State, to be dealt with according to law, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN HOGAN.

Philadelphia, January 24 1783 ‡

TO BE SOLD,

On easy Terms of payment,

A PLANTATION, situate in West Caln township, Chester county, containing 340 acres; it is about one mile from a good grist and saw-mill: There are on the said tract 50 or 60 acres of meadow land, a part cleared, with a quantity of plough land cleared, and a good bearing orchard. It may be very conveniently divided into two places, as there are timber, meadow-ground and water, sufficient to accommodate both. There are buildings which serve for two tenements already. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, or to JESSE YARNALL, living on the premises. ¶ WILLIAM SHIPLEY.

Philadelphia, January 24, 1783.

JAMES NEWPORT,

DISTILLER,

At his STORE *in Front-street above Arch-street, the third door above the Bank Meeting,*

Has, by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, on very reasonable terms,

WINES,	Annifeed Waters,
West-India Rum,	Clove ditto,
Country Ditto,	Orange ditto,
Brandy,	Cinnamon ditto,
Gin equal to any imported,	Pepper Mint ditto,
Peach, Apple Rye & Spirits,	Allfours,

And Spirits of Wine, proper for raising the proof of Rum, or any other Spirits; and is also fit for medicinal uses. He has fine flavoured Rum colouring.

N. B. He makes good allowance to country dealers and town store-keepers, who may always depend upon the goodness of his distilled liquors. ¶

The 24th day of 12th Month, 1782.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT one hundred Acres of LAND, with Improvements, half the tract cleared, good upland and meadow, the remainder well timbered; on said premises are a grist and merchant mill, on a good constant stream of water, well situated for business, 13 miles from Philadelphia. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, very pleasantly situated, in Northampton, Bucks county, containing 185 acres of good land (old measure) and an excellent stand for any public business, with a compleat stone house, four rooms on a floor, and a stone kitchen adjoining, an extraordinary barn and stables, a never failing well of excellent water, with a good pump in it, near the door, two bearing orchards, a variety of plumb, peach and cherry trees, a quantity of good meadow, and wood sufficient for the place. Any person inclinable to purchase said plantation may know the terms, by applying to JACOB BENNET, on the premises. ‡ December 21, 1782.

Chester County, February 3, 1783.

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, did, in the month of November, 1775, give a note of hand unto William White, of the township of New Providence, and county of Philadelphia, for the sum of Fifteen Pounds; and whereas the money has been at different times lawfully tendered for the same, this is to forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as I am determined not to pay any part thereof, unless compelled by law.

¶ ROBERT TODD.

EPSOM SALTS,

Of an excellent Quality, to be Sold, by the Barrel, by

JOHN KAIGHN,

In Front-street, near Arch-street.

TO BE SOLD, or LETT,

A HOUSE and LOT of GROUND, situate in Southwark, on Second-street, below Almond-street, the house is of brick, three stories high, and seventeen and half feet front, two rooms on a floor, with a brick kitchen, two stories high, connected by a piazza, the whole having been newly repaired and painted. The lot is 200 feet deep, under good fence; there is before the door a pump of choice water. The situation is airy and pleasant, and might suit a Captain of a vessel, or gentleman who would choose to live retired. It is subject to a ground-rent of only Thirty three shillings currency per annum, and may be entered immediately. For terms enquire as above. †

ERASMUS KELLY,

In Moravian Alley, has for SALE,

A NUMBER of BOOKS, suitable for Schools; among which are, Lilly's and Clarke's Grammars; Ruddiman's Rudiments; Sententiæ Pueriles; Introduction to making Latin, Corderius, Florus, Justin and Suetonius, by Clarke; Virgil in Usum Delphini; Longinus, by Smith; Bailey's Exercises; with all Sorts of English Books used in Schools.

ALSO

Greek Testament,		Martin's Dictionary,
Latin Bible, folio,		-------'s Philosophy,
----- Testament,		Spectator,
Dawson's Lexicon N. Test.		Watts's Lyric Poems,
Hederic's Lexicon,		-------'s Logic and Supplement,
Clavis Homerica,		-------'s Astronomy, &c.
Clavis Virgiliana,		Addison on Medals,
Gradus ad Parnassum,		-------- on Italy,
Ruddiman's large Grammar,		Burnet's History of his own Time,
Horace,	In usum delph.	-------'s Travels,
Juvenal,		Shaw's Justice,
Ovid's Metam.		Dunciad,
Terence,		Trapp's Virgil,
Justin,		Dryden's Fables,
C. Nepos,		Gay's Fables,
And other good Editions of Latin Classics,		Pilpay's Fables,

Prideaux's Connections,

And many others, in almost every Branch of Learning, &c.

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A FULLING & OIL-MILL,

SITUATE in the manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, about fourteen miles and an half from the city, with 16 acres of LAND, on which are erected, a large stone mill-house, with two water wheels, a very constant stream of water, a good situation for custom for the fulling business and flax-seed, also a stone dwelling-house, spring-house and stable, four acres of excellent watered meadow, and as much more may be made and watered at a small expence. The mills in good order for carrying on the fulling and oil-making. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, on the premises.

Jan. 27, 1783. † MICHAEL CONRAD.

January 21, 1783.

TO BE SOLD.

A TWO story brick HOUSE, KITCHEN and lot of GROUND, adjoining to Mr. JOSEPH HUDDELL, on Swanson-street, Southwark, it is very convenient for public business or trading by water. The lot extends into the river, and is capable of great improvements. If it is not sold before March, it will then be lett; any person inclining to purchase or rent, may see the premises and know the terms, by applying to Mr. WILLIAM ROBINSON, merchant, in Front-street. †

Springfield township, January 24, 1783.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS I JOHN SMITH, of Springfield township, in the county of Bucks, in Pennsylvania, did, on or about the 22d day of May, in the year of our Lord 1782, make and execute to a certain CHRISTIAN WIEGNER, of the same township, a certain Bond, conditioned for the payment of *Forty Three Pounds*; and whereas in or about the month of June, in the same year, I did also make and execute to a certain JOSEPH SAVITZ, or SAVIGE, three several Bonds, dated either in the said month of May or June, one whereof is conditioned for the payment of *Two Hundred and Twenty Pounds* and each of the said other two Bonds conditioned for the payment of *Fifty Pounds*; all of which said Bonds or obligations were fraudulently and deceitfully obtained from me, without any consideration: I do therefore hereby caution and forewarn all persons against taking an assignment of all or any of the said Bonds or Obligations, as I am determined not to pay the same, or any part thereof.

¶ JOHN SMITH.

To be Sold by the Subscriber,

ABOUT fifteen acres of land, in Blockley township, about four miles from the city of Philadelphia, joining on land belonging to John Penn, Esq; and the road commonly called the Schuylkill road, leading to the said city; the situation is high and healthy, and affords a long and agreeable view of the river Schuylkill, both up and down. It is part of a tract of about 80 acres, and it is proposed to lett the remaining 65 acres or thereabouts, with a dwelling-house and barn. To be entered upon punctually on the first day of the 4th month next.

29th 1st Month, 1783. MARGERY WARNER.

N. B. The above 15 acres has a good orchard, and several stone quarries adjoining the river Schuylkill. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, in the borough of Wilmington, being a corner of High and Market-streets, and directly opposite the Upper Market, fronting on High street 23 feet, and 69 on Market-street; whereon are a large commodious brick house, four rooms on a floor, a small two story brick tenement, and a frame ditto adjoining. Will be sold together, or separate, as may suit the purchasers.

Also a corner LOT, fronting on High and King-streets, 97 feet on High-street, and 62 feet on King-street; to be disposed of altogether, or divided into lots. Enquire of *Jonathan Dawes*, in Chesnut-street, or of *Rumford* and *Abijah Dawes*, in Water-street, between Market and Arch-streets, Philadelphia. ¶

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FEBRUARY. 1783. THE NUMB. 2749.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1783.

New-York, Feb. 9, 1783.

By the Brigantine Peggy, Capt. M'Neil, in 19 days from Tortola, we have received the following copy of His MAJESTY'S *Moſt Gracious SPEECH to both Houſes of Parliament, on Thurſday, December 5, 1782, which was brought to Tortola, from the windward, by Capt. Rodney, Son of Lord Rodney.*

My Lords and Gentlemen,

SINCE the cloſe of the laſt ſeſſions, I have employed my whole time in the care and attention which the important and critical conjuncture of public affairs required of me.

I loſt no time in giving the neceſſary orders to prohibit the further proſecution of offenſive war upon the continent of North-America. Adopting, as my inclination will always lead me to do, with deciſion and effect, whatever I collect to be the ſenſe of my Parliament and my people, I have pointed all my views and meaſures, as well in Europe as in North-America, to an entire and cordial reconciliation with thoſe colonies.

Finding it indiſpenſable to the attainment of this object, I did not heſitate to go the full length of the powers veſted in me, and offer to declare them FREE and INDEPENDENT STATES, by an article to be inſerted in the Treaty of Peace. Proviſional articles are agreed upon, to take effect whenever terms of peace ſhall be finally ſettled with the Court of France.

In thus admitting their ſeparation from the Crown of theſe kingdoms, I have ſacrificed every conſideration of my own, to the wiſhes and opinion of my people. I make it my humble and earneſt prayer to Almighty God, that Great-Britain may not feel the evils which might reſult from ſo great a diſmemberment of the empire; and that America may be free from thoſe calamities, which have formerly proved in the Mother Country, how eſſential Monarchy is to the enjoyment of conſtitutional liberty. Religion, language, intereſt, affections may, and I hope will, yet prove a bond of permanent union between the two countries. To this end, neither attention or diſpoſition ſhall be wanting on my part.

While I have carefully abſtained from all offenſive operations againſt America, I have directed my whole force by land and ſea againſt the other powers at war, with as much vigor as the ſituation of that force, at the commencement of the campaign, would permit. I truſt that you feel the advantages reſulting from the ſafety of the great branches of our trade. You muſt have ſeen with pride and ſatisfaction, the gallant defence of the governor and garriſon of Gibraltar; and my fleet, after having effected the object of their deſtination, offering battle to the combined force of France and Spain on their own coaſts; thoſe of my kingdoms have remained at the ſame time perfectly ſecure, and your domeſtic tranquility uninterrupted. This reſpectable ſtate, under the bleſſing of God, I attribute to the entire confidence which ſubſiſts between me and my people, and to the readineſs which has been ſhewn by my ſubjects in my city of London, and in other parts of my kingdom, to ſtand forth in the general defence. Some proofs have lately been given of public ſpirit in private men, which would do honour to any age and any country.

Having manifeſted to the whole world, by the moſt laſting examples, the ſignal ſpirit and bravery of my people, I conceived it a moment not unbecoming my dignity, and thought it a regard due to the lives and fortunes of ſuch brave and gallant ſubjects, to ſhew myſelf ready on my part to embrace fair and honorable terms of accommodation with all the powers at war.

I have the ſatisfaction to acquaint you, that negociations to this effect are conſiderably advanced, the reſult of which, as ſoon as they are brought to a concluſion, ſhall be immediately communicated to you.

I have every reaſon to hope and believe, that I ſhall have it in my power, in a very ſhort time, to acquaint you, that they have ended in terms of pacification, which, I truſt, you will ſee juſt cauſe to approve. I rely, however, with perfect confidence, on the wiſdom of my Parliament, and the ſpirit of my people, that if any unforeſeen change in the diſpoſition of the belligerent powers, ſhould fruſtrate my confident expectations, they will approve of the preparations I have thought adviſeable to make, and be ready to ſecond the moſt vigorous efforts in the further proſecution of the war.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I have endeavoured by every meaſure in my power to diminiſh the burthens of my people. I loſt no time in taking the moſt decided meaſures for introducing a better œconomy in the expenditure of the army.

I have carried into ſtrict execution the ſeveral reductions in my civil liſt expences, directed by an act of the laſt ſeſſions. I have introduced a further reform into other departments, and ſuppreſſed ſeveral ſinecure places in them. I have by this means ſo regulated my eſtabliſhments, that my expence ſhall not in future exceed my income.

I have ordered the eſtimate of the civil liſt debt, laid before you laſt ſeſſions, to be compleated. The debt proving ſomewhat greater than could be then correctly ſtated, and the propoſed reduction not immediately taking place, I truſt you will provide for the deficiency, ſecuring, as before, the repayment out of my annual income.

I have ordered enquiry to be made into the application of the ſum voted in the ſupport of the American ſufferers; and I truſt you will agree with me, that a due and generous attention ought to be ſhewn to thoſe who have relinquiſhed their properties or profeſſions from motives of loyalty to me, or attachment to the Mother Country.

As it may be neceſſary to give ſtability to ſome regulations by Act of Parliament, I have ordered accounts of the ſeveral eſtabliſhments, incidental expences, fees and other emoluments of office, to be laid before you. Regulations have already taken place in ſome, which it is my intention to extend to all, and which, beſides expediting all public buſineſs, muſt produce a very conſiderable ſaving, without taking from that ample encouragement, which ought to be held forth to talents, diligence and integrity, where ever they are to be found.

I have directed an enquiry to be made into whatever regards the landed revenue of my crown, as well as the management of my woods and foreſts, that both may be made as beneficial as poſſible, and that the latter may furniſh a certain reſource for ſupplying the navy, our great national bulwark, with its firſt material.

I have directed an inveſtigation into the department of the mint, that the purity of the coin, of ſo much importance to commerce, may be always adhered to: that by rendering the difficulty of counterfeiting greater, the lives of numbers may be ſaved, and every needleſs expence in it ſuppreſſed.

I muſt recommend to you an immediate attention to the great objects of the public receipts and expenditure; and above all, to the ſtate of the public debt. Notwithſtanding the great increaſe of it during the war, it is to be hoped, that ſuch regulations may ſtill be eſtabliſhed, ſuch ſavings made—and future loans ſo conducted, as to promote the means of its gradual redemption by a fixed courſe of payment. I muſt, with particular earneſtneſs, diſtinguiſh for your ſerious conſideration that part of the debt which conſiſts of navy, ordnance, and victualling bills; the enormous diſcount upon ſome of theſe bills ſhews this mode of payment to be a moſt ruinous expedient.

I have ordered the ſeveral eſtimates, made up as correctly as the preſent practice admits, to be laid before you. I hope that ſuch farther corrections as may be neceſſary, will be made before the next year. It is my deſire, that you ſhould be apprized of every expence before it is incurred, as far as the nature of ſuch ſervice can poſſibly admit. Matters of account can never be made too public.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The ſcarcity and conſequent high price of corn, requires your inſtant interpoſition.

The great exceſs to which the crimes of theft and robbery in many inſtances accompanied with perſonal violence, particularly in the neighbourhood of this metropolis, has called of late for a ſtrict and ſevere execution of the laws. It were much to be wiſhed, that theſe crimes could be prevented in their infancy, by correcting the vices become prevalent in the moſt alarming degree.

The liberal principles adopted by you, concerning the rights and the commerce of Ireland have done you the higheſt honor, and will, I truſt, enſure that harmony, which ought always to ſubſiſt between the two kingdoms. I am perſuaded that a general increaſe of commerce, throughout the empire, will prove the wiſdom of your meaſures with regard to that object. I would recommend to you a reviſion of your whole trading ſyſtem, upon the ſame comprehenſive principles, with a view to its utmoſt poſſible extenſion.

The regulation of a vaſt territory in Aſia opens a large field for your wiſdom, prudence and foreſight; I truſt that you will be able to frame ſome fundamental laws which may make their connection with Great-Britain a bleſſing to India; and that you will take therein proper meaſures to give all foreign nations, in matters of foreign commerce, an entire and perfect confidence in the probity, punctuality, and good order of government. You may be aſſured, that whatever depends upon me, ſhall be executed with a ſteadineſs, which can alone preſerve that part of my dominions, or the commerce which ariſes from it.

It is the fixed object of my heart to make the general good, and the ſpirit of the conſtitution, the invariable rule of my conduct, and on all occaſions to advance and reward merit in every profeſſion.

To enſure the full advantage of a government, conducted on ſuch principles, depends on your temper, your wiſdom, your diſintereſtedneſs, collectively and individually.

My people expect theſe qualifications, and therefore I call for them.

Wedneſday, February 19th, 1783.

AUCTION OF BOOKS

Will commence this evening,

At BELL's Book-Store, near St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

AND will be continued for ſeveral evenings ſucceſſively.---Hours of Sale each evening from half after ſix till nine o'clock.---Conditions of Sale as uſual.---Catalogues to be had at the place of Sale.---

N. B. A valuable collection of the moſt elegant French Authors are included in this Catalogue, which will be ſold or ſacrificed, according to the taſte of the company. § 1 w

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TO BE SOLD

On Tueſday the 4th day of March, on the Premiſes.

A PLANTATION containing 233¾ acres of land, lying on Broad Creek (a branch of Back Creek) in Cecil county, in the State of Maryland, 40 acres of which is in wood. There are on the premiſes, a tolerable good dwelling-houſe and other out-houſes, a good barn of hewed logs, 22 feet by 18, a ſpring of excellent water cloſe by the door, an orchard containing about 100 apple-trees of choice fruit, and about 8 acres of meadow ground. The ſituation of this farm renders it extremely valuable, being within 3 miles of 3 different merchant-mills, within 6 of the Head of Elk, and a number of other merchant-mills. The farm is divided into 4 fields, each of which is watered by Broad Creek, near the mouth of which a landing, at leaſt equal if not ſuperior to that on Back Creek, may be made, the diſtance from which to Chriſtiana Creek, Port Penn and Hamburgh on Delaware, is as ſhort, as from any of the waters of Cheſapeak. Credit will be allowed for one half the purchaſe money, on giving bonds upon intereſt with good ſecurity.

HENRY WARD PEARCE.

A few copies of the following excellent work, for the illumination of the JUDGES and GRAND JURIES in AMERICA,

May now be had at BELL's *Book-ſtore.*

Price ONE DOLLAR.

The TRUST, POWER and DUTY

Of the GRAND JURIES of ENGLAND.

EXPLAINED, according to the fundamentals of the Engliſh government, and the declarations of the ſame, made in Parliament by many ſtatutes; with ſeveral curious caſes relative to Judges and Juries. Exhibited at this time, for the information of all the friends of Liberty, who wiſh that true freedom, inſtead of being diminiſhed, may be increaſed ten fold, by the revolution of America from Great-Britain.

ALSO NUMBER SECOND---Price ONE DOLLAR.

A View of Society and Manners

In FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, GERMANY, and ITALY: With ANECDOTES relating to ſome EMINENT CHARACTERS. Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D. During his Travels through thoſe Countries, with his Grace, The preſent Duke of HAMILTON.

May now be had at BELL's Book-ſtore in Third-ſtreet. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD cheap by

WILLIAM & JOHN SITGREAVES,

At their STORE in Market-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, the corner of Lætitia-Court,

COARSE and fine Broad-cloths,
Sileſia Cloths,---Caſſimers,
Coatings,---Naps,
Blankets,---Flannels,
Emboſſed Serge,
Hair Pluſh of beſt Colours,
Camblets, Calimancoes & Durants,
Ell wide Flanders Sheeting,
Ruſſia and Flanders Bedtick,
Wide and narrow Dowlaſs,
Royal and Laval Linens,
¾ and yard wide Britannias,
Ravens Duck,
Ruſſia Drilling,
German Oznabrigs,
Calicoes and Chintz,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Plain and figured Jeans,
Striped Ginghams,
Corded and Fancy Dimity,
Yard wide Cotton Checks,
Yard & ell wd. Cotton Stripes,
Diaper,--- and Towelling,
Coloured Nankeens,
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs,
Stamped Cotton ditto,
Black and white Catgut,
Striped Gauze,
Minionet and flowered Lawns,
Plain and ſtriped Muſlins,
Yard wide black Modes,
Black India ell wide Perſians,
Half-yard and Half-ell ditto,
Taffeties and Luteſtrings,
Brocaded Silks,
White Sattins,
Black Hair Ribband,
Mens and Womens Silk and Cotton Hoſe,
Sewing Silk,
Threads and Bindings,
Ivory Combs,---Pins,
And a ſmall Aſſortment of Jewellery,

Alſo STARCH in KEGS, and a good FORTE-PIANO. 4 w.

Philadelphia, February 14, 1783.

By virtue of a Writ of *Levari Facias* to me directed, will be expoſed to SALE at the old COFFEE-HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of February inſt. at 12 o'clock at noon,

THE one undivided ſixth part (the whole in ſix equal parts to be divided) of and in a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, and Piece or Parcel of LAND, ſituate in the Northern-Liberties, in the county of Philadelphia, beginning at a poſt, &c. containing 59 acres and 48 perches. Alſo of and in a certain meſſuage or tenement and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 15 feet, and in length 78 feet, bounded, &c. Alſo, of and in a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, near or adjacent to the north bounds of ſaid city, and on the eaſt ſide of a lane or ſtreet 30 feet wide, called Spring-ſtreet, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 100 feet, and in depth 400 feet, bounded, &c. Alſo, of and in a certain yearly rent charge or ſum of 16 l. 13 s. iſſuing, ariſing and payable out of and from a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, and on the north ſide of Vine-ſtreet, adjoining to the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet aforeſaid, 36 feet, and in length or depth on Vine-ſtreet aforeſaid, 50 feet, more or leſs, now or late in the tenure of Seymour Hart; and alſo of and in one other yearly rent charge or ſum of 16 l. 13 s. iſſuing, ariſing and payable out of and from a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, nearly adjacent to the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth north and ſouth on Second-ſtreet aforeſaid, 36 feet, and in length or depth 50 feet, more or leſs; now or late in the tenure of Alexander M'Gee; late the eſtate of John Ford, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A PLANTATION in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, within 40 miles of Philadelphia, containing 160 acres of land, 30 of which is meadow, and about 20 more may be made, near half can be watered, a good new ſtone griſt mill, with two pair of ſtones, one of which is burrs, a ſaw mill, a good new ſquared log-houſe, with four rooms on a floor, two ſtories high, a large kitchen adjoining, a good log barn, about 60 acres of wood land, the whole in good repair. The above plantation and mills are within 12 miles of Chriſtiana bridge, from which flour is delivered to Philadelphia for One Shilling a barrel, and within 12 miles of the Head of Elk, where wheat may be had on low terms. For further particulars, apply to EDWARD STROUD, on the premiſes. Poſſeſſion may be had the firſt of April. ¶

Purſuant to an order iſſued out of the Orphan's court for the county of Cheſter, will be ſold at public vendue, by the Adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of JOSEPH HOLLIS, late of the townſhip of Weſt-Bradford, deceaſed, on the premiſes, on Saturday, the eighth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

A CERTAIN PLANTATION, tract or parcel of Land, containing about 100 acres, with a meſſuage or tenement, barn, ſtables and ſpring-houſe thereon erected, alſo a good bearing orchard, about 7 acres of good watered meadow and more may be made, 30 acres of woodland well timbered, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Bradford aforeſaid, bounded by land of Abel Griffiths, Archibald Young, and others; late the property of the ſaid JOSEPH HOLLIS, deceaſed. The conditions of ſale will be made known, at the time and place aforeſaid, by

HANNAH HOLLIS, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

Meſſieurs HALL & SELLERS.

IN a piece, ſigned *Sydney*, publiſhed in both the Pennſylvania Journal and Gazette of laſt Wedneſday, Mr. Reed is charged with not having taken the oath of allegiance to this State till the 9th of October, 1778. He raſhly aſſerts, that the act of the 1ſt of April, 1778, had effectually diſabled Mr. Reed, and declared his election to be *ipſo facto* void; that he was therefore not a Councillor, and incapable of being Preſident of this State; that all orders which he made, the commiſſions which he iſſued, and the grants of lands which he executed, were without law, and void. That malicious writer artfully avoids mentioning the act of the 10th of September, 1778, at which time Mr. Reed was, and is, by Sydney himſelf, acknowledged to have been a member of Congreſs, and to have continued ſuch, until he took his ſeat in the Supreme Executive Council. The 3d and 4th ſections of the act are in the following words, viz. "And whereas, by a clauſe in the act, entituled An Act obliging the male white inhabitants of this State to give aſſurances of allegiance to the ſame, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned, it is provided and declared, among other things, that Delegates in Congreſs are not within the intent and meaning of that act; which exemption, ſo far as relates to the Delegates in Congreſs nominated and appointed by the General Aſſembly of this State, appears to be improper:

"Be it therefore enacted, &c. That from and after the publication of this act, no perſon or perſons may or ſhall be elected as a Delegate in Congreſs for this Commonwealth, who hath not previouſly taken the oath or affirmation aforeſaid; and that every of the preſent Delegates in Congreſs for this Commonwealth, who, not having already taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid oath or affirmation, ſhall neglect to take and ſubſcribe the ſame on or before the 10th day of October next, ſhall be, and they are hereby declared to be liable to all and ſingular the diſabilities, incapacities and penalties, which any other perſons are made liable to by law for ſuch neglect, on or before the 1ſt day of June laſt."

Mr. Reed had taken the oath of allegiance long before the 9th of October, 1778, in the Supreme Court, where it ſtands recorded. Now, had he taken no oath of allegiance before the 9th of October, his being a Member of Congreſs on the 10th of September, and till after the 10th of October, on which day the indulgence ceaſed, and his having taken the oath on the 9th, are evidently within the letter and ſpirit of the act above recited. Alas! Mock Sydney, where is the force of thy inſinuations and wicked aſſertions? Vile, but ſilly deceiver, "thou didſt declare what thou didſt not thyſelf believe."

Feb. 14, 1783. HAMLET'S GHOST.

Mr. BLOODYBONES's Speech continued.

YAS, Mr. Speaker, you ſhall all feel the weight of this *ſword*. Like the flaming ſword which defended the garden of Eden, it cuts in every direction. It was this ſword, aided by the ſkill of its owner, that projected the ſurprize and defeat of the Heſſians at Trenton. Some ignorant folks aſcribe this glorious victory to General Waſhington---but, Mr. Speaker, he was nothing but a journeyman to our late worthy Preſident in this buſineſs, as you will ſee from the 15th page of this pamphlet. But, Sir, this was a trifling conqueſt, compared to his taking a body of Britiſh dragoons in the neighbourhood of Princeton, as you will ſee in the 22d page of this pamphlet. Some people ſay (for *people will ſay any thing to ſerve the purpoſes of party*, as appears by this pamphlet) that theſe dragoons were all diſmounted and playing cards at a country tavern; but this account of that gallant exploit is falſe, as will appear from the teſtimony of our worthy author. But, Mr. Speaker, the capital exploit of this ſword was at fort Wilſon, where a number of raſh citizens aſſembled themſelves together for their own deſtruction. Here, Sir, he did not look on and enjoy the carnage of his enemies. No, Sir, this would not have been becoming the Chief Magiſtrate of the State. I knaw Sir, there are ſome folks who ſay *(for people will ſay any thing to ſerve the purpoſes of party)* that the account here publiſhed of that tragical affair is falſe, and that his late Excellency winked at the preparations for a riot which were going forward in the city; that he refuſed to iſſue a proclamation to prevent it; and, above all, they ſay that he would not have drawn his ſword, if he had not been drag'd from his chamber by a party of light horſe. But, Sir, this account of that matter is all falſe, as will appear from his own declaration, taken from the 36th page of this pamphlet.---Now, Sir, having ſhewn you the exploits of our late Preſident's *ſword*, I go on to deſcribe to you the exploits of his *pen*.---Auh! Mr. Speaker, it is a weapon not leſs terrible and deadly than his ſword. Look here, Sir, and you will ſee what havoc it has made! every page of this pamphlet ſhews you nothing but the mangled limbs *and bloody bones* of his enemies. But, Sir, for the ſake of order (for I love order) I ſhall lay before you a liſt of the perſons and bodies of men, whom the pen of our hero has conſigned to infamy in the courſe of this pamphlet.

1ſt. Eleazer Oſwald, the printer of the "miſerable ſlander" of the Independent Gazetteer. I am againſt all monopolies; but I think there ſhould be a monopoly of ſlander in our city. I inſiſt upon it, Mr. Speaker, one news-paper, under the licence and inſpection of our late worthy Preſident, is ſufficient to convey off all the ſlander of this State.

2d. General John Cadwallader, poor creature! who miſtook a joke, or perhaps the ſallies produced by a *few gloſſes of wine*, (as the pamphlet tells us might have been the caſe) for a ſerious converſation.

3d. The Republican Society.---Auh! Mr. Speaker, what a pity we abuſed this body of citizens for oppoſing the conſtitution; for in ſo doing we have taught them, by ſubmitting to it, to take it out of our hands. Some people ſay that our late worthy Preſident ſet them an example of this kind of conduct. But it is *naw* ſuch thing. He never *diſapproved* of the conſtitution. *I grant*, he refuſed the office of Chief Juſtice in the Spring of 1777; but his objection to it did not ariſe, as ſome have wickedly inſinuated, to his being unwilling to ſwallow an oath to the conſtitution.---It aroſe from his objections to (the teſt laws, ſays Mr. Gally Pott, whiſpering) Order, order, Mr. Speaker, I won't be interrupted---more I won't---but to proceed to my liſt.

4th. The Tories---by which is meant all the Quakers, Churchmen, Baptiſts, German Lutherans, German Calviniſts, and Catholics in the State.

5th. The Philadelphia Light Horſe---I mean the peace recruits of that body---particularly thoſe gentlemen, who refuſed to expel one of their corps for ſaying that Mr. Reed ſent a tory lady privately to Governor Johnſton, in New-York, to enquire after letters from London, *after* refuſing to accept of a bribe through his hands.

6th. The Merchants of Philadelphia---a baſtely crew! conſiſting of tories and republicans, who once had the impudence to refuſe a *contribution demanded* from them, without law it is true, but to ſuppreſs the mutiny of the Pennſylvania line.

7th. The late Miniſter and Conſul of France.

8th. The Directors of the Bank.---Auh! Mr. Speaker, this bank is like the ſmell of burnt bones in our noſtrils. It was this bank that kept our army together laſt year, by which means the Republicans, who inſtituted it, have run away with all the power and popularity of the State.

9th. The Superintendant of Finance, whoſe exertions in favour of the army drew forth our little David, with "his ſling and his ſtone" wherewith he ſlew him.

10. The Aſſembly of 1782, who, in a very baſtely manner, refuſed to make our late worthy Preſident the agent for our enemies in Britain; and who have reduced the enormous ſalaries of the officers of government.

11. All men of large fortunes---who are tories, fools and tyrants.

12th. Men of midling fortunes---who are generally a very lazy and expenſive ſet of fellows.

13th. All cabals and ariſtocratic juntos, except the Preſbyterian ariſtocracy which ſupported our late worthy Preſident.

14th. All thoſe inhabitants of Pennſylvania, who object to being governed by ſtrangers. Auh! Mr. Speaker, we are an ignorant and baſtely people! and had it not been for the aid which New-Jerſey, Delaware and the Britiſh dominions lent us ſince the beginning of the war, we ſhould not have been able to uphold our government.

15. All thoſe bigots of every religious ſociety, who object to the ſole and excluſive right of the Preſbyterians to govern the State of Pennſylvania.

16th. The majority of the people of Pennſylvania, who have by their votes excluded our late worthy Preſident and his friends from the power of the State, inſomuch that they have not influence enough at preſent to appoint a door-keeper even to the neceſſary hooſe in the State-hooſe yard. Auh! tempora! Auh! Moſes! Thus you ſee, Mr. Speaker, our worthy friend has weilded his pen againſt a hoſt of enemies. Like Iſhmael of old, "as every man's hond is againſt him---ſo his hond, or rather his pen, is againſt every man."

But, Mr. Speaker, would you ſee the full effect of the pen of our worthy champion, let me call your attention to the pieces ſigned Valerius, in Mr. Bailey's paper. They are addreſſed chiefly you knaw, Sir, to his Excellency John Dickinſon, Eſquire. Auh! Mr. Speaker, they are a delicious morſel to all oppoſers of baſtely government.---I fear the force of his arguments are loſt to the capacities of ſome gentlemen of this *hooſe*, by their being decked with ſo many flowers. I beg leave therefore, Mr. Speaker, to ſelect a few of them, which I have extracted, and recorded in a blank leaf of my pſalm book. I ſhall with your permiſſion, Mr. Speaker, read them to the *hooſe*. It appears then from Valerius, that Mr. Dickinſon is, a fool, a piddling genius, a coward, a traitor, a deſerter, a hardened ſinner, an hypocrite, a phariſee, a whiner, a canter, a liar, a miſer, an apoſtate, a raſcal, a ſcoundrel, a dog, a devil, a ſon of a b----. Auh! no, Mr. Speaker, this laſt is my friend Skunk's name for Mr. Water Poſſet. Now Sir, what do you think of the *wit* and fire of the pen of Valerius? But Sir, I have not yet done. It remains yet to deſcribe the exploits of the *tongue* of our late worthy Preſident, and here you will ſee them in this pamphlet. His Excellency John Dickinſon, Eſquire, governs the State in conjunction with his council; and has no ſhare in the power or honors of this hooſe. But, Sir, in the pamphlet in my hond, you will ſee the effect of the *tongue* of our late worthy Preſident. His *tongue*, alone, made --ſuſpended---and abrogated the laws and conſtitution of the State. His *tongue* made Delegates---Judges---Marſhals and Vendue-Maſters.---The Council and Aſſembly only "co operated" with him.---His *tongue* was the "life and ſoul" of the government, as it was once the "life and ſoul of the intelligence of the army." His *tongue* was the legiſlative---the executive---and judicial authority of the State all in one. In a word, Mr. Speaker, he poſſeſſed the talents, and exerciſed the powers of an independent Monarch, and his name, I have no doubt, will be handed down to poſterity, not with the Cleons and Catalines of antiquity, nor with our modern Tiberius Gracchus, but with the name of his co-temporary and name-ſake Joſeph, the Emperor of Germany.

The Speeches of the Hon. ROGER SLYBOOTS, *of Northumberland county, and* PRAISE-GOD BAREBONES, *of Lancaſter county, in our next.*

TO THE WHIGS.

A VARIETY of inſtances have occurred, in which the whigs in this State have found it neceſſary to act without law in the ſervice of their country; particularly before the conſtitution was formed, and again whilſt the enemy were in the State.

Numbers have been already ſued for their conduct, when acting in obedience to the recommendations of Congreſs, the votes of Committees, or Military orders, and have been put to much expence and trouble. Many more, in ſtrictneſs of law, are liable to be ſued. Peace is daily looked for, and when peace comes, the neceſſity which occaſioned many of the ſteps that were taken by the friends of their country will ſoon be forgotten. The whigs have ſuffered much in the courſe of the war; if they are to be harraſſed with law ſuits after a peace, there will be no end to their ſufferings.

Would it not be worth while to petition the legiſlature for an act of oblivion and indemnity? This meaſure has frequently been adopted at the end of civil wars. We have an equal neceſſity for it; perhaps more than any other people ever had; for, in fact, we know not how ſoon after peace the powers of government may devolve into the hands of the diſaffected.

CAUTION.

NEWPORT, Jan. 25.

The privateer Rochambeau, captain Reed, has taken two brigs, from the Weſt-Indies, bound to New-York, and brought them ſafe into port.

A ſloop from New-York, bound to Nantucket, loaded with a valuable cargo of duck, cordage, &c. we hear, was a few days ſince captured by colonel Baſſet, at Holms's-Hole.

PROVIDENCE, January 25.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia to his friend in this town, dated Jan. 6.

"As every thing relating to finance ſo eſſentially concerns all ranks of people, I have ſent you the following extracts of letters from gentlemen in public characters in Europe, to others in like characters in this city, and which have been read in congreſs."

Extract of a letter from Mr. Adams, dated Hague, July 5, 1782.

"Although I was obliged to engage with them for five millions of guilders, I do not expect we ſhall obtain that ſum for a long time. If we get a million and a half by Chriſtmas, it will be more than I expect."

Extract of a letter from another gentleman, dated Paris, Octo. 25, 1782.

"In a letter from Mr. Adams to me, dated Hague, Sept. 29, I had the following intelligence: "Amidſt the innumerable crowd of loans which are opened in this country, many of which have little ſucceſs, I was afraid that ours would have failed. I have however the pleaſure to inform you, that I am at leaſt one million and an half in caſh (about three millions of livres) which will be an aid to the operations of our finances." From this it appears that Mr. Adams has well employed his time in Holland; and I beg you will pleaſe to communicate this extract to Mr. Morris."

By theſe two Extracts of letters from Mr. Adams, it appears, that the loan he is negociating in Holland had not failed; but on the contrary, that it had filled faſter than he had expected; the ſame loan having been obtained by him on the 29th of September, which he had not expected by Chriſtmas.

NEW-YORK, February 12.

By the brig Ranger, captain Roger Boyce, who left France the 23d of December, 1782, and was captured on the 6th inſtant, by the Eagle privateer, captain George Benneſon, which arrived here laſt night, the following letter was received.

Extract of a letter from the right honourable T. Townſhend, eſquire, ſecretary of ſtate, to the lord mayor of London, dated the 3d of December, 1782.

"My Lord,

"In conſequence of my letter to your lordſhip, of the 22d of laſt month, I take the earlieſt opportunity to inform your lordſhip, that an expreſs has juſt arrived from Paris, who brings the preliminary articles for a peace, ſigned on the 30th of November, by the ambaſſadors on the part of England, and thoſe on the part of the united ſtates of America; it now only remains to ſign the ſame articles between Great-Britain and France, to conſtitute a general peace; and this notice you will give to the public as ſoon as poſſible."

By letters received in the above veſſel, dated from Nantz, as late as December 22, we are informed, that ſince the ſigning the preliminaries for a peace between Great-Britain and the thirteen ſtates of America, as intimated in the above-mentioned notification, the ambaſſadors of France HAD NOT THEN ACCEDED TO THEM.---They add, that the French expreſs the moſt ardent wiſhes for an end of the war, and a return of the olive branch.

Saturday laſt was ſent in here, by his majeſty's frigate Huſſar, Thomas Macnamara Ruſſell, eſq; commander, of 20 guns and 160 men, the French frigate la Sybil, of 38 guns, and 350 men, commanded by monſieur le comte de Kegarou de Leomaria.

Captain Ruſſell fell in with the Sybil on the 22d ult. in lat. 36: 20, on ſoundings, in a freſh gale and hazy weather, ſtanding to the weſtward, wind N. N. W. the Sybil having up an Engliſh enſign reverſed in the main ſhrouds, and Engliſh colours over French on the enſign ſtaff, under jury maſts. This appearance of monſieur induced captain Ruſſell to believe that he was a prize to ſome Britiſh ſhip of war, and in diſtreſs, and therefore prepared to ſuccour and relieve him; for which purpoſe he ſtood under his lee to hail him; but at that moment the Frenchman put up his helm, and captain Ruſſell not ſuſpecting his deſign, received a half-raking fire, which killed him two men. The Huſſar and Sybil were in a few minutes cloſe on board each other, but monſieur not liking his ſituation, put before the wind, as did the Huſſar alſo, and a fair engagement commenced, that laſted one hour, in which time the bowſprit and foremaſt of the latter received ſome damage, but was ſoon repaired, and after a purſuit of near two hours, the Centurion appearing to windward, and the Tartar ſloop about five miles to leeward, under a preſs of ſail, the Huſſar again came up with the chace, and renewed the action; at the third broadſide from the Huſſar, monſieur found his ſhip ſinking, his powder drowned, and his opponent reducing him to cloſe fight, he once more attempted, but in vain, to fly.

In the above action, captain Ruſſel, and his brave crew, have acquired great honour, having fought their ſhip in a maſterly manner, and captured an enemy double their force; and to do monſieur de Kegarou juſtice, (although he fought thirty minutes under Engliſh colours and ſignals of diſtreſs) he manœuvred his ſhip with great judgment.

Captain Ruſſel has confined monſieur as a ſtate priſoner, for the violation of the laws of nations, in fighting under falſe colours, for which he has received the applauſe of all his brother and ſuperior officers.

The Sybil ſailed from Cape Francois the 27th ult. with 16 veſſels under her convoy, bound for Virginia, ſeven of which were captured by his majeſty's ſhips Amphion, Cyclops, Diomede, &c. and ſent in here.

Laſt night arrived a ſhip from St. Kitts, prize to his majeſty's ſloop of war, Tarrier, captain Morris.

PHILADELPHIA, February 19.

Nicholas Vandyke, eſquire, is elected preſident of the Delaware ſtate, and Thomas Rodney, James Tilton, Eleazer M'Coomb, and Gunning Bedford, eſquires, are appointed to repreſent that ſtate in the congreſs of the united ſtates.

Extract of a letter from Head Quarters, dated February 12, 1783.

"Yeſterday colonel Barber, of the Jerſey line, riding near where ſome ſoldiers were cutting a tree, as he came oppoſite it, the tree fell, and in an inſtant cruſhed to death both him and his horſe."

On Saturday morning the criminals mentioned in our laſt were carried to the gallows, on the commons, near this city; when Stackhouſe, Nurich and Lot Sulſey, were executed purſuant to their ſentence. A few minutes previous to the dreadful moment, of theſe unhappy wretches being turned off, a reſpite was received, poſtponing the execution of Lus Sulſey and John Dorſet for thirty days.

War-Office, February 14, 1783.

Information which reſpects the continental officers captured in the ſouthern diſtrict, has been tranſmitted to the Executive authorities of the ſeveral States. The officers, by applying to the Governor of the State in which they reſide, will be made acquainted with its purport.

The officers and privates of the militia, who were made priſoners of war by the Britiſh troops in the ſouthern department, including the States ſouth of the Delaware, have been accounted for with the enemy, and are at liberty to enter into a full activity of ſervice. W. JACKSON, *Aſſiſtant Secr'y. at war.*

[*The printers in the ſeveral States are requeſted to inſert this notification in their Gazettes.*]

To all perſons indebted for Taxes on land in Northumberland county, from 1773 to 1781, both inclusive;

NOTICE is hereby Given,

THAT the ſubſcriber is properly authoriſed to ſettle and receive all ſuch taxes: The Commiſſioners have hitherto proceeded with great moderation and forbearance; but ſo far as reſpects the Eighteen-penny Taxes, of which due and legal notice hath been long ſince given, a further delay need not be expected, if the preſent opportunity is not embraced: The other ſubſequent taxes, will be received either in old continental bills of credit, State money, or ſpecie, as the law directs. It is hoped as the public demands are urgent, that without further delay all perſons concerned will attend, ſettle and diſcharge their reſpective dues, for which purpoſe attendance will be given at Doctor Joſeph Gardner's, in Market-ſtreet, near the Black-horſe, during the hours of receſs from the buſineſs of the general aſſembly during the preſent ſeſſion, and no longer, by

¶ WILLIAM MONTGOMERY.

To "A FRIEND TO JUSTICE."

SIR,

WHEN a man of your abilities and knowledge thinks proper to offer his ſentiments to the public, on a ſubject of importance, it is to be wiſhed, that his obſervations may be confined to *that* ſubject, ſo as to place it fully and fairly before the view of the public. This might be ſerviceable, and would ſet a good example, ſo much wanted, of the manner in which ſuch queſtions ought to be agitated. Your humanity and politeneſs muſt acknowledge, that at leaſt he ought to avoid attributing actions to baſe motives, and introducing inſinuations againſt the character of a perſon whoſe "heart is upright." If any thing of this ſort has eſcaped you in your late publication, let your other merits veil it from any ſevere examination, but your own, upon which, no doubt, you will determine according to "juſtice."

We have done in *Pennſylvania* with the political "faſhions of *England*". By whatever hand an act of Council or Aſſembly is "penned" or "ſubſcribed," it is the deciſion of all the members aſſenting to it, who by the conſtitution have equal powers; and you impute too much to the Preſident, as he ſits with colleagues of real abilities and independent ſpirits. In the caſe alluded to, I am informed, they were *unanimous* in their opinion; and notwithſtanding your objections, I think that opinion was right.

Your argument derives an advantage, from your aſſuming a *general* ground to fix it upon. *That* is not the ground on which the point ſhould be debated. I believe, you never heard the Preſident or any member of the Council aſſert, that certificates have been "bought for a trivial ſum," or "without valuable conſideration," and that the "public faith" ought not to be obſerved with the *purchaſers* of them. You muſt be ſenſible, particularly, that the Preſident has publicly ſhewn that he is an advocate for "thoſe general and juſt arrangements, which muſt intereſt the whole community, and become a part of our national conſtitution;" and you confeſs, that he "expreſſes an *apprehenſion*, that with reſpect to continental debts, a neceſſity will ſucceed of ſatisfying the demands of juſtice and humanity on a more divided plan, than has been wiſhed for, unleſs the national Council can happily deviſe ſome effectual mode of removing difficulties;" from which the deduction is plain, that he did not deſire the *Pennſylvania* creditors ſhould be brought into the "*vortex*" you deſcribe. Then, Sir, I preſume, it was unneceſſary to exclaim, "Is this expedient?" and as unneceſſary, that the Council ſhould be told in "in letters of gold" the maxim already inſcribed, I am perſwaded, upon their hearts----"THAT WHICH IS NOT JUST CANNOT BE EXPEDIENT.

Now, Sir, let us come to the ground, on which the point *ſhould be* debated. Allow me to remind you of ſome *particular circumſtances*.

The General Aſſembly, at their laſt ſeſſion, publiſhed for conſideration a bill, entituled "An Act for the ſale of certain lands therein mentioned, for the purpoſe of redeeming and paying off the certificates of depreciation, given to the officers and ſoldiers of the *Pennſylvania* line, or their repreſentatives," &c. By this bill, the lands were to be laid out by the ſurveyor-general into lots, and then to be ſold to ſuch as ſhould bid for them, under regulations to be appointed by the Council, for gold, ſilver, or the certificates aforeſaid.

This bill recites in part an act, paſſed the 18th of *December*, 1780, by which "unlocated lands belonging to this State" were held out to officers and ſoldiers, THE IMMEDIATE OBJECTS OF THE ACT, to be purchaſed by their certificates, "*as equal in value to ſpecie, ſo ſoon as the land-office ſhould be opened by law.*"

Upon the publication of the bill, the officers immediately complained, that ſuch officers and ſoldiers as had retained their certificates could not poſſibly receive a relief of their diſtreſſes from it, if it ſhould paſs into a law, becauſe the purchaſers of certificates would be able to "*out-bid them at ſuch ſales*;" that the moſt valuable part of the lands held out to them as a fund by the act of 1780. next adjoining to the *Ohio* and to the ſettlements, would be diſpoſed of, probably, without one officer or ſoldier getting a ſingle acre; and therefore, after this moſt valuable part of the fund ſhould be ſo diſpoſed of, their certificates would ſtill remain in their hands. Thus, a law made *profeſſedly* for *their* relief, founded upon another law made *profeſſedly* for *their* relief would leave them in the ſame, if not in a worſe ſituation than it found them. They requeſted, that it might be conſidered, whether *this* was an obſervance of "*public faith*" with *them*.

Theſe were *their* complaints.

The *purchaſers* of certificates made no complaints, that I have heard of, againſt the bill; from whence it may be fairly concluded, that they did not diſlike it. I do not underſtand that you, Sir, well-informed as you are, made any complaints on their behalf.

The complaints of the retaining officers ſeemed to be little regarded. "*The dry tree*" was too much neglected----and I cannot but regret that ſuch "a Friend to Juſtice," as you are, did not undertake their cauſe. However, I am glad this honor belongs to one of the public bodies of the State.

The bill appeared to be warmly eſpouſed by a majority in the Aſſembly, and was carried after long debates. The Council could not be ſuppoſed able to procure a total alteration of it. In *theſe circumſtances*, was it not proper for them to propoſe "a diſtinction," as to the diſtribution of lands, that might be *more agreeable* to "public faith" than the bill was likely to prove? It is evident that they *referred* to ſuch a diſtribution, or to ſomething ſatisfactory in compenſation for it; for they deſire that thoſe "may not be diſappointed, who have relied upon the faith of the State." Their meaning muſt have been plain to the Houſe, and to every perſon who had looked over the act of the 18th of *December* 1780. That act declares, that "the lands purchaſed with and paid for in the certificates aforeſaid, are to be RATED and GRANTED at the SAME PRICE, at which unlocated lands ſhall or may be rated and granted to any perſon or perſons tendering gold or ſilver, or currency equivalent thereto."

By this *act*, "the faith of the State" was PLEDGED to the officers and ſoldiers, that *they* ſhould be allowed to pay for unlocated lands "*with certificates as ſpecie*," *at a certain moderate price, ſo ſoon as the Land-Office ſhould be opened*. By the *bill*, on the contrary, *they* were *actually*, though not *expreſſly*, EXCLUDED from purchaſing unlocated lands, when "the Land-Office *ſhould* be opened;" or, if poſſible for any of them to purchaſe, it would be in all probability at *a much higher price* than was fixed by the *act*.

Suppoſe the Council to have meant, that the "*faith plighted*" by this act ought to be obſerved, do you think, Sir, they were "ſwerving from the direct roads of ſincerity and juſtice," that lead to "the ſacred dwelling-place?" from the ſyſtem for a whig Legiſlature, or "from the maxims of wiſe ſtateſmen?" Or, when the members of the Council knew the rightful demands and affecting diſtreſſes of brave officers and ſoldiers, would it have been treating them "*with the candor of true dignity*," to have baffled their demands, and to have played with their diſtreſſes, by telling them, "*Gentlemen, we ſhould be* SYCOPHANTS, *if we ſhould make ſuch diſtinctions in your favour*;" indeed, we ſhould become *Mac-Fingal-ians*; nay, we ſhould be in danger of falling into a "*vortex*;" you had much better let the *laſt* claimants, who have relied *leſs* than you upon "the *public faith*," be *firſt* ſerved; WE "*are fond of arguments from holy writ*," and there we find, that they who came in "at the *eleventh* hour" were paid *before*, and *as well*, as they who "HAD BORNE THE BURTHEN AND HEAT OF THE DAY"---if we pay *ſuch* not only *ſooner*, but even *better* than we pay you, and *at your expence*, never mind it-----go on, brave lads,---think of nothing but ſerving your country as you have been *accuſtomed* to do---practiſe your *uſual* patience-----*and depend upon it*, that "*broad principles*," with the aid of long-winded *preambles* and promiſſory *paragraphs*, WILL DO YOUR BUSINESS AT LAST.

Here, Sir, you properly call me to order. I obey you. You ſay, "*Every* holder of certificates is entitled to a ſhare of the lands. Is it juſt to vacate that title? might you not as well deſtroy any other title? when the land ſhall be divided among the officers and ſoldiers who have retained their certificates, may you not as well reſume the grant?" no, no, no.

So many officers and ſoldiers have been compelled to part with their certificates, that if the members of the Council *could be* induced to perjure themſelves, and be influenced in their conduct by an expectation of votes, "their efforts would be made *for the purchaſers* of certificates, and not *for retaining officers* and ſoldiers." "The faith of the State" might have been obſerved, by aſſigning a *particular tract* on the *ſtipulated terms to theſe*, without "paying the other duties with a ſponge," and without "verifying the predictions of tories."---expreſſions! of which, a gentleman ſo capable of arguing as you are did not ſtand in need.

But, what in the name of Heaven, Sir, could induce you to believe, "that this inclination of the Council not to ſuffer thoſe officers and ſoldiers to be diſappointed, who have relied upon the faith of the State," WAS "a breach of faith?" they, poor fellows, were to be invited to *an entertainment*, like that ſaid in *Æſop's* fable to be given in a ſhallow diſh by the fox to the crane, where the latter, with her thin ſword like bill, could not get a ſingle mouthful. This, the Council benevolently ſeem to have thought, was trifling with their wants, and to have wiſhed to prevent.

Here, Sir, in your lively, eaſy way, you turn quick upon me with---"your hum---ble ſer---vant, Sir---then you only meant *Juſtice*, I find---good---why then, did not the Council deſire the Aſſembly to have the lands "rated and granted" in the ſame manner to the *purchaſers* of certificates, according to the comprehenſive words of the act of 1780?

Your hum---ble ſer---vant, Sir, again. If the Council acted "juſtly" with reſpect to retaining officers and ſoldiers, *they* "*acted juſtly*." One juſt act does not ceaſe to be ſo, becauſe it is not followed by another that would be juſt too. The objected "diſtinctions" was abſolutely neceſſary *with reference to the intended law*, in order to obtain "Juſtice" for *them*. Without it, a real "diſtinction" would be eſtabliſhed *in favor* of purchaſers of certificates, and "*unfavorable* to ſuch officers and ſoldiers: A "diſtinction" that, to my ſurprize, ſeems to have eſcaped your well known ſagacity, and abhorrence of "diſtinctions." The purchaſers of certificates might buy or not buy the lands, as they choſe. If they bought, they might get *advantageous* bargains. *The officers and ſoldiers* were aſſured, that they could not get *advantageous* bargains, *even* if they choſe to buy. The diſtinction mentioned in the Meſſage was founded on their RIGHT, and not on any "apprehenſion of ſwords," I dare ſay, and they could not and ought not to be ſatisfied without it. On the other hand, the purchaſers of certificates, and you, Sir, their advocate, appeared by long continued acquieſcence to be ſatisfied with the expected opportunity of their bidding againſt one another, *which opportunity would be amply left to them*, after the *deſired juſtice* ſhould be done to the retaining officers and ſoldiers. Beſides, the latter *particularly* claimed the attention, and it ſeems particularly excited the care of the Council: Ingratitude was "verifying the predictions of tories," and many of theſe officers and ſoldiers were inſtances of a mournful truth, though "poetically dreſt," of being *literally* reduced "TO BEG THEIR BREAD thro' lands they helped to SAVE."

It was the immediate duty of Council to take as much care as they could of THEM. It was ſound policy too to do ſo. The former, you ſay, "*are in eaſier circumſtances*;" are not employed in the public ſervice; can take care of themſelves; are more able to engage well qualified perſons to plead their cauſe; and, doubtleſs, are too generous to repine at ſeeing "JUSTICE" done to their poor, diſtreſſed, gallant fellow-citizens, even if they cannot obtain it for themſelves.

Your beautiful apoſtrophe, Sir, to the "Gentlemen of the PENNSYLVANIA line," will not mend the matter. You ſay to them, "tell your country, the certificates are *for money*, not *for land*. Let them, if they pleaſe, ſell the *land*, but let them pay you, and all other holders of certificates, the *money*." Sir, this, except what relates to "other holders," has been told their country. The anſwer received, was *the bill publiſhed for conſideration*, by which they found, that they could get neither *money* nor *land*. This proves, as I ſaid before, that the *general* ground taken by you, was not the ground on which the point *ſhould be* debated. Thoſe gentlemen want their *money* not *land*: But if land is to be ſubſtituted for money, they make this modeſt requeſt, that it may be *on ſuch terms* that "*the faith of the State may be kept*, and that *they* may get *ſome* of the *land*, with the other holders of certificates," and *as ſoon*. If this requeſt is reaſonable, "the diſtinction is neither *unneceſſary* nor *unjuſt*."

There is not the leaſt inſinuation given by Council, that the "other holders of certificates" ſhould not be as well paid, as the bill intended them to be, or that they ſhould not be paid in "money," if the Aſſembly ſhould think proper. The part of their meſſage that is excepted to, *refers* directly to *the then ſtate of things*, and it ſhould ſo "*be ſcanned*."

But let this caſe be ſuppoſed; that the Aſſembly had a ſum of money ſufficient only to pay off a part of the certificates, or the intereſt of a part; would it be "unjuſt" in the Aſſembly to make a "diſtinction," and pay that money to relieve the preſſing diſtreſſes of original holders and their families, deferring the payment to "other holders, *in eaſier circumſtances*," till the commonwealth ſhould be in a better condition to pay them? Or let it be ſuppoſed, that the Aſſembly, by a law, ſhould *aſſign and appropriate a ſufficient and productive fund*, for paying the intereſt of retained certificates, and ſhould be obliged to leave the "holders of other certificates" to buy the lands according to the bill publiſhed for conſideration, and not objected to by them. Would either of theſe modes be "to walk in the indirect and crooked bye-path of tricking policy," or to draw "the two-edged ſword of expediency?" And, yet, either of theſe "diſtinctions" would be felt by the retainers, I believe, to be more favourable to them, than "rating and granting" unlocated lands to them.

HUMANITY IS AN EXCELLENT COMPANION FOR JUSTICE.

Here, Sir, your candor will ſuggeſt to you, that Council did not mention to the Aſſembly, *what* "the diſtinction" ſhould be; whether "rated and granted lands," according to the act of 1780, or a ſatisfactory compenſation.

They relied, no doubt, as they ought to have done, that, if the Aſſembly ſhould be drawn to re-conſider the affair, their prudence and integrity would chuſe the beſt method of concluding it. They appear only to have deſired, that *ſomething ſubſtantial* might be done for the retainers of certificates, without making "other holders victims to the principle, that it may be expedient to defraud."

As to your comment on the words "circumſtances that may "hereafter occur," and "exceedingly extenſive and beneficial "conſequences," it caſts, as far as I am able to judge, a ſtrange confuſion over a very plain text. The war was then more likely to continue than it is now. The State might be obliged, by the difficulties of "circumſtances," to give other certificates. Their *value*, and the *willingneſs* to receive them, would be encreaſed by the *credit* a State would acquire,

"Who, to her *plighted Faith* and Vows,
"Had ever *firmly ſtood*."

And to ſay no more, the late complaints of our line, and preceding tranſactions, ſeem to have pointed out the good and great "conſequences" that would naturally reſult from *giving ſatisfaction* to a number of brave, ſuffering, deſerving men.

AN ENEMY TO INJUSTICE.

TO BE SOLD,

At the late Dwelling-houſe of ROBERT TOWERS, jun. in Market-ſtreet, on reaſonable Terms,

A general Aſſortment of freſh DRUGS and MEDICINES;
PATENT MEDICINES;
PAINTERS COLOURS;
SPICES;
SURGEONS INSTRUMENTS;
APOTHECARIES SHOP FURNITURE;
A Collection of MEDICAL BOOKS, among which are,
A few Volumes of valuable MANUSCRIPTS;
A ſtout young MARE, and a new RIDING CHAIR, with a Top and Harneſs compleat.

What remains on Hand will be ſold by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 18th Day of March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, at the ſaid Houſe.

All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Robert Towers, jun. are requeſted to make Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to

Feb. 18. § ROBERT TOWERS, Executor.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1783.

ALL perſons that are indebted to the eſtate of Sarah Forreſt, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are requeſted to call and diſcharge the ſame to the ſubſcriber; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted, by

‡ FREDERICK CHRISTIAN, Acting Executor.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION of about 95 acres of extraordinary good Land, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, 5 miles from the city, and about half a mile from Frankford, joining the road leading from Frankford to Germantown, bounding on Frankford-creek, on which is a good 2 ſtory ſtone houſe and kitchen, a never failing ſpring of good water near the houſe, with a ſtone houſe over it, alſo a well of good water with a pump in the yard, a large frame barn and ſtabling, a large orchard of the beſt grafted fruit, 4 or 5 acres of meadow and more may be cleared, 20 acres of woodland well timbered; ſaid plantation commands a beautiful proſpect of Philadelphia, and the river Delaware, alſo the village of Frankford, and is very convenient for a gentleman's country ſeat. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may view the premiſes and know the terms, by applying to

¶ ROBERT HARPER, on ſaid place.

Philadelphia, February 18, 1783.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the old George tavern, the corner of Second and Arch ſtreets, on Thurſday, the 27th inſtant, at twelve o'clock at noon, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate, lying and being in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing 4 acres, ſubject to a ground-rent of £ 4 13 4 per annum, payable to William Coates.

Alſo two certain other lots or parcels of land, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, lying contiguous to and adjoining each other, and together making one whole lot or parcel of land, containing 14 acres and 23 perches; the whole bounded by lands now or late of Thomas Fiſher, Mary Maſters, Iſaac Coates, Poplar lane, and a 50 feet road; late the eſtate of George Croghan, deceaſed. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

N. B. A plan of the ſaid lots may be ſeen at the Sheriff's office, or place of ſale.

Philadelphia, Firſt Month 8th, 1783.

To be RENTED or SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, part of which are meadow, with a large dwelling-houſe, and other buildings, &c. The ſaid plantation is within about ten miles of an extraordinary market, held twice a week at Wilmington, and may be entered upon the 8th of the Fourth Month. For further particulars apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia.

¶ t. b. c. t. f. WILLIAM ZANE.

Cheſter, February 3, 1783.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, from the Commiſſioners of this county, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, the 21ſt day of this inſtant February, at 10 o'clock, A certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, ſituate in New London townſhip, bounded by lands of ; and others, containing about 200 acres, more or leſs; late the property of Robert Finney; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

Alſo, at the ſame time and place will be ſold, horſes, cattle, ſheep and ſwine, houſhold and kitchen furniture, farming utenſils, &c. &c. ¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

Cheſter, February 10, 1783.

BY virtue of an order to me directed, under the hands and ſeals of Thomas Cheney, Iſaac Taylor and Joſeph Lucky, Eſquires, the ſale of a large quantity of Britiſh goods, illegally tranſported into this State, and regularly condemned by a due courſe of law, will begin on the 3d day of March next, at the houſe of Caleb Taylor, in Birmingnam townſhip, and continued from day to day till the whole are ſold. The goods conſiſt chiefly of coats, veſts, breeches, ſhirts, ſtockings, ſhoes, benſoals, hats, plaids, broadcloths, ſtocks, ſtock buckles, a variety of buttons, &c. &c. &c. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock; taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN THORNHILL, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible. JOSEPH THORNHILL, RICHARD THORNHILL, JOHN THORNHILL, JOHN DOWERS, Adminiſtrators. *Feb.* 17, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of ISAAC BURNS, of Marple townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, to be and appear at his dwelling-houſe, on the 6th day of March next, to receive a rateable part of the debts due to them reſpectively, and to give diſcharges for the ſame to

Feb. 18, 1783. ¶ ISAAC BURNS.

North Wales, February 11, 1783.

WHEREAS ſome evil minded perſon has propagated a report very injurious and hurtful to my character, I hereby challenge ſuch to appear in an open and bold manner, and meet me on the ground of Juſtice, and dare them to impeach me with any act unbecoming a gentleman and an honeſt man, which character I have ever held dear; and I further offer a Reward of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS to any perſon or perſons, who will prove the author of a report that I was privy to robbing a Collector, a circumſtance I totally deny, either with reſpect to Collectors or any other perſon or perſons, and do now charge the author or authors of ſuch ſcandalous report to be lying calumniators, and am determined to proſecute any perſon who may in future endeavour to circulate ſuch report to my diſadvantage.

† CHRISTIAN DULL.

Claret in Hogſheads and Bottles,

To be SOLD by

MEREDITHS and CLYMER. ¶

[*Advertiſements omitted this week will be in our next.*]

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 3d day of MARCH, 1783,

A PLANTATION, late the eſtate of SAMUEL BLAKER, deceaſed, ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, 22 miles from Philadelphia, on the old York road, and may be entered upon the 1ſt day of April next. Containing 50 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, whereof about 20 acres is woodland, 3 of good meadow, and more may be made; there is on the place a good frame houſe and cellar under it, a well of good water at the door, a ſtone kitchen, a weaver's ſhop, a frame barn, and a good orchard. The place has been occupied for ſhop-keeping. The title is indiſputable

The vendue will begin at 10 o'clock of ſaid day, on the premiſes, where the conditions will be made known, and attendance given, by § CATHARINE BLAKER.

Philadelphia County, February 7, 1783.

IN purſuance of an order of the ORPHANS COURT, we, the ſubſcribers, Auditors appointed to aſcertain the debts due from the eſtate of CHARLES JOLLY, Eſq; of Lower Merion townſhip, deceaſed, do hereby give notice to the creditors to produce their demands to us, at the houſe of Mrs. Catharine Jolly, near the Gulf Mill, on the 26th day of this inſt. February, in order that a ſettlement may be made of the ſaid eſtate.

ABRAHAM NANNA,
JONATHAN ROBERTS,
¶ LINDSAY COATS.

Will be expoſed to public SALE,

On the 1ſt day of Fourth Month next, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the PREMISES,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, near the forks of Brandywine; containing 130 acres, about 100 of which is cleared, 15 acres whereof is good watered meadow, and water courſes dug for about 8 acres more, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, with 2 rooms on a floor, a barn and ſtable, a good ſpring, with a houſe over it, a good bearing orchard, an oil-mill with a double preſs, a pair of ſtones 5 feet 6 inches diameter, and a pair of good rollers to grind the ſeed; there is alſo a convenient ſeat for a paper-mill, the race and mill-pit already dug.

N. B. The aforeſaid plantation will admit of being divided in two parts, with the aforeſaid mill to one, and mill-ſeat to the other. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber at Naaman's-creek, or to NATHAN SHARPLESS, near the aforeſaid plantation.

Second Month 8, 1783. § 5w FRANCIS TOWNSEND.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on the firſt of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A CERTAIN HOUSE and LOT of one acre of Land, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of the main ſtreet, the lower end of Germantown, oppoſite to Balthaſar Reſer's, deceaſed, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet 50 feet, and in depth to a forty feet ſtreet, 52 perches; late the eſtate of William Hoffman, blackſmith, deceaſed. There is a good ſmith's ſhop on the lot, likewiſe an orchard and garden, in good repair, and ſuits a blackſmith, cooper, tanner, ſkin-dreſſer, or any public buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe by private ſale, may apply to John Hoffman, near the market place, in Germantown. Due attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by the Executors of the deceaſed. ¶ †

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

Agreeable to the laſt Will and Teſtament of DANIEL WILLIAMS, deceaſed, on the 15th day of MARCH next.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Gwynedd townſhip, Philadelphia county, about 20 miles from the city, containing 128 acres of land, 15 acres of which is meadow, and more may be made, the Whiſſahiccon creek running through it, upwards of 30 acres of woodland, the remainder good arable land: Thereon is erected a dwelling-houſe, part ſtone and part frame, a frame barn, orchard and well of good water near the door; there is a meeting houſe, griſt mill, and ſaw mill, within a mile of ſaid plantation. The terms will be made known on the premiſes, the day of ſale, by

§ HUMPHREY WILLIAMS, } Executors.
Feb. 3, 1783. GEORGE MARIS, }

THIS ADVERTISEMENT is to ſhow,
To my ſubſcribers if they'd know,
Six months is almoſt o'er;
Which I have rode; therefore my wages,
I muſt demand from different ſtages,
Elſe I can ride no more.
I have been riding clear of gains,
Only my labour for my pains;
Expences almoſt double----
To what they were when I ſet out,
Well you may ſee, I make no doubt,
I've nothing for my trouble.
My money therefore, have I muſt,
Whether or not you take diſguſt----
Without further delay.
The printers muſt be paid, no doubt,
Or no more papers they'l give out,
Till they receive their pay.
Thoſe in arrears for time that's paſt,
I now adviſe them for the laſt,
To ſave themſelves and me,
Of further trouble--I do warn---
Delinquents not to take alarm,
When they the Bailiff ſee.
No more my friends can I perform,
My weekly tours through cold and ſtorm,
I tell you now in fine----
Unleſs more wages, not a mile,
I'll ride hereafter the old ſtile----
my name's
JAMES BALLANDINE.

January 18, 1783.

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 186 acres of good land, with Cheſter creek running through the middle of it; there are 20 acres of good meadow, part thereof watered by ſaid creek, and as much more may be made and well watered, with a good ſeat for almoſt any ſort of water-works; there are erected on ſaid premiſes, a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with a log kitchen adjoining the ſame, and a never failing ſpring of water within a few yards of the door, with a good houſe over the ſame, part log and part ſtone, with a good frame barn, ſtables and other out-houſes, a good log ſhop ſuit- able for a tradeſman; there are on ſaid place, two good bearing orchards, and a young orchard of 50 trees of the beſt grafted fruit, about 120 acres cleared, and the reſt well timbered; the whole in good repair. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid premiſes.

Jan. 28. ‡ THOMAS RUSSELL.

TO BE LETT,

For one or more Years,

Two PASTURE LOTS,

CONTAINING about eight acres, ſituate at the back of the Blue-Houſe. For terms, apply to WILLIAM ALLISON or JOHN BLEAKLEY, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets. ‡

THE Creditors of JOHN EWAN late of Mountholly, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to the Subſcriber, one of the Aſſignees, in order to make a dividend of a ſmall Sum of Money in his Hands.

‡ JOSHUA HOWELL.

THE PUBLIC are hereby deſired to take NOTICE, That as there is now no Coffee-Houſe kept in this City, and as the preſent Occupier of the late Houſe has forbid any public Sales being held there for the future, without a very conſiderable Gratuity being made him by the Subſcriber; That all Sales of Goods, Horſes, real Eſtate, Shipping, &c. which were uſually held there on Market Days and Evenings, will be held, 'till there is another Coffee-Houſe eſtabliſhed, at the CITY AUCTION-STORE, on the Eaſt Side of Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, where Goods, &c. are deſired to be ſent, and Sales advertiſed to be held. JOHN BAYARD, Auctioneer.

Philadelphia, February 10, 1783.

To be Sold at Public AUCTION,

On the Premiſes, the 20th of March next,

A MOST valuable tract of LAND, in Lancaſter county, Donegall townſhip, containing 560 acres and allowances of ſix per cent. for roads---About 150 acres whereof are cleared, the remainder extreamly well timbered, with walnut, hickory and oak; the ſoil in general is amongſt the firſt for goodneſs of any in that rich neighbourhood, and remarkable for ſure crops; a very healthy ſituation, and plenty of good water. There are about 20 acres of watered meadow, which may be increaſed to more than double the quantity, by a few days labour, the ſtream being very plentiful. The orchard is large and remarkable for the ſureſt and greateſt quantity of fruit of any in the county, which has been fully proved for a number of years paſt. There is a large dwelling-houſe, intended for four rooms on a floor, not yet finiſhed, alſo out houſes; diſtance from the borough of Lancaſter 18 miles, and three from the river Saſquehanna, where great quantities of ſhad and other fiſh are caught in their ſeaſons, and very convenient to different places of worſhip. This land has always been occupied by the original locator, James Aliſon, and his ſon, until my purchaſe. A good title, and immediate poſſeſſion, will be given, and the terms of payment made eaſy, by JOHN MEASE.

Philad. Feb. 11, 1783.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of RICHARD PARKER, late of the city of Philadelphia Braſs-Founder, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who may have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known, in order to be adjuſted, by RICHARD PARKER, } Adminiſtrat.
MARGARET PARKER. }

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of SUSANNA CLAYTON, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known to

RICHARD PARKER, }
¶ MARGARET PARKER, } Execut.

WAS left at the ſubſcriber's, in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, and State of Pennſylvania, in December laſt, by a man who called himſelf *Archibald Criſty*, a dun HORSE, with a white mane and tail, about 6 years old. As ſaid *Criſty* has not returned, the proper owner of ſaid horſe is hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, in three weeks from this date, otherwiſe he will be ſold for charges.

Feb. 3, 1783. ¶ DAVID EVANS.

Paxton townſhip, February 12, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, ſome time in December laſt, a ſorrel MARE and COLT; the mare about 10 years old, 14 hands high, a ſwitch tail, no brand; the colt a natural trotter. The owner, proving property and paying charges, may have them again, by applying to ¶ SAMUEL SHERER.

This Day is PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

FRANCIS BAILEY,

[Price HALF A DOLLAR,]

A SECOND EDITION OF

General REED's REMARKS

On a late Publication in the Independent Gazetteer; with a ſhort Addreſs to General Cadwallader, and the People of Pennſylvania, &c. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon on the 25th day of March next.

ALL that PLANTATION, formerly the property of Ellis Griffith, deceaſed, containing about 112 acres, ſituated in Amity townſhip, in the county of Berks, about one mile from the river Schuylkill, and adjoining Mounts Jones's plantation, which is about ten miles from Reading, on the new road in the ſaid townſhip; conſiſting of a dwelling houſe, barn, ſtable, and other out buildings, about 50 acres of good wheat land cleared, and under good fence, with about 6 acres of meadow, and a quantity more may be made at a ſmall expence; the whole is watered in the drieſt ſeaſon, by a conſtant ſtream running through the ſame. The ſaid plantation is capable of many valuable improvements, which may be made at a ſmall expence, and the remainder is good white oak timber land, &c.

For viewing the premiſes, and knowing the terms of ſale, apply to Mr. Henry Hoffa, at the ſign of the White Horſe, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, in the townſhip aforeſaid.

N. B. If the above plantation is not ſold before the 8th day of March next, it will be ſold on that day, between the hours of three and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the ſign of the White Horſe abovementioned, to the higheſt bidder, and a good title will be made to the purchaſer by the ſubſcriber,

Philad. Jan. 24 1783. JOHN LEE.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from his Bail, A certain THOMAS HINSON, late of Cheſter, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has fair brown hair tied behind, and is remarkable for his long noſe; he is ſuppoſed to be gone for New-York. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Hinſon, and delivers him to any lawful officer in this State, to be dealt with according to law, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN HOGAN.

Philadelphia, January 24, 1783. ‡

To be SOLD at public Sale,

Purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Andrew Mitchell, deceaſed, the following plantations or tracts of LAND, viz.

ONE ſituate in Cumberland townſhip, York county, containing 159 acres, 70 whereof woodland, 8 acres of meadow made, and 8 more may be made with very little expence; bounded by lands of John Armſtrong, John Buchannan, and Carrol's tract; the land is exceeding good for grain or paſture, and well watered by ſprings and a large branch of Marſh Creek running through the premiſes, with a good log barn and a ſmall tenement thereon. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. David Ramſey, living on the premiſes. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock, on Wedneſday, the 12th day of March next.

Alſo a plantation, ſituate in Weſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 130 acres, there are 70 acres cleared, and the remainder well timbered, with a good log houſe and a ſpring of good water at the door, alſo a good bearing orchard. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. William Davidſon, near the premiſes. The ſale to begin at two o'clock on Thurſday, the tenth day of April next, where attendance and reaſonable credit will be given, by HUGH JORDEN, Executor, and FRANCES MITCHELL, Executrix. *Jan.* 23, 1783.

N. B. If the above plantations are not ſold on the day of ſale, they will be let. ¶ 5 w.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1783.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on fifth day, the 13th of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and grazing FARM, late the property of William Shreve, ſituate in one of the richeſt and beſt neighbourhoods in Jerſey, being about 30 miles from Philadelphia, in the townſhip of Mansfield, in Burlington county, containing about 320 acres, 80 acres of which are mowable meadow, and more may be made, being plentifully watered, about 110 acres of ploughland, the remainder extraordinary good wood, and moſtly under good cedar fence.---There are on the premiſes, a new two ſtory frame houſe, with two rooms below ſtairs, and an entry through, four rooms on the ſecond floor, a convenient kitchen, and a cellar under the whole, a pump of good water at the door, a kitchen garden, under a pailed fence, and a thriving young orchard of 200 grafted trees. It is a good ſtand for buſineſs, about 6 miles from Bordentown, 11 from Burlington, convenient to ſeveral Meeting-houſes and mills. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion on or before the firſt day of April, and the terms will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by JEREMIAH WARDER, MORDECAI LEWIS, and SAMUEL COATES, } Aſſignees.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid William Shreve, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame within three months from this date, or they will be put into an Attorney's hands to collect; and thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid Shreve, are requeſted to bring them in, properly proved, to CLAYTON NEWBOLD, ROBERT EMLAY, or CALEB NEWBOLD, in Mansfield, or the Aſſignees, in Philadelphia. ¶ 4 w.

TO BE SOLD,

At public vendue, on the 20th of February next, on the premiſes, in Aſton townſhip, Cheſter county, near the ſign of the Seven Stars, about 5 miles from Cheſter, and 3½ from Marcus-hook,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, on Cheſter creek, with a fine conveniency for erecting any kind of water works at a ſmall expence. There are near 170 acres of land, of which 8 or 9 acres meadow, and more may be made, with 60 or 70 acres of woodland well timbered; a large orchard of good fruit, with a good ſtone houſe, and a ſpring near the door with a houſe over the ſame; a good garden pailed in, good barn, ſtabling and other out-houſes. The much frequented road leading from Edgmont to Marcus-hook goes by the houſe, which would well ſuit ſtore-keeping or other public buſineſs. The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy; and the title is indiſputable. Poſſeſſion will be given the 25th day of March next. At the ſame time and place will be ſold a mare with foal, a two year old colt, and a yearling ditto, wheat and rye in the ground, with ſundry other things, too tedious to mention. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock on ſaid day, when attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, by JAMES PENNELL. ¶

N. B. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the land may view it before the day of ſale.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable PLANTATION in Dragon-Neck, Red-Lion Hundred, and county of New-Caſtle, on Delaware, bounded by lands of John Thompſon, Eſq; Jonas Porter, and John Clark; containing about 240 acres, 140 where of is cleared, 20 acres of which is mowable meadow, and 25 acres more may be made, the reſidue in woodlond, under young thriving timber. The upland and meadow of the whole tract is of the beſt quality. On the premiſes is a good ſawed log dwelling-houſe well finiſhed off, a kitchen, ſawed log barn and granary, ſtables, a draw-well, garden, &c. alſo a young thriving peach orchard. For further particulars, and terms of ſale, enquire of John Clark, near the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, in Wilmington. *Jan.* 15, 1783. GEORGE CLARK.

To be Sold by way of Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 6th day of March next,

A Valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND (late the eſtate of Benjamin Hamilton, deceaſed) ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, containing about 126 acres, 12 of which are good meadow, and more may be made, about 30 acres of good woodland, and a young thriving orchard of about 100 bearing apple trees, a good ſquare log-houſe, with a never failing ſpring of water near the door, a good log barn and ſtables; the whole under good repair. Said place is ſituate near Old York road, 21 miles from Philadelphia, within half a mile of Neſhaminey Meeting-houſe, and very near ſeveral griſt mills. The conditions of ſale to be made known on the day of ſale, by

JOHN JAMISON,
ELIJAH STENSON, } Executors.
JOHN HAMILTON, }

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment; likewiſe all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the Executors of ſaid eſtate. *Jan.* 27, 1783. ¶ 4 w.

January 21, 1783.

TO BE SOLD.

A TWO ſtory brick HOUSE, KITCHEN and lot of GROUND, adjoining to Mr. JOSEPH HUDDELL, on Swanſon-ſtreet, Southwark, it is very convenient for public buſineſs or trading by water. The lot extends into the river, and is capable of great improvements. If it is not ſold before March, it will then be lett; any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent, may ſee the premiſes and know the terms, by applying to Mr. WILLIAM ROBINSON, merchant, in Front-ſtreet. †

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

FEBRUARY. 1783. THE. NUMB. 2750.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1783.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
THURSDAY, *February* 13, 1783.

The Bill, entituled "*A Supplement to an act, entituled An act for amending and continuing an act, entituled An act for the support of the government of this province, making the excise on wine, rum, brandy and other spirits, more equal, and preventing frauds in the collecting and paying the said excise,*" was read the second time, and debated by paragraphs:

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading, and in the mean time printed for public consideration.

Extract from the minutes,
PETER Z. LLOYD, *Clerk of the General Assembly.*

A SUPPLEMENT *to an act, entituled* "An act for amending and continuing an act, entituled An act for the support of the government of this province, making the excise on wine, rum, brandy and other spirits, more equal, and preventing frauds in the collecting and paying the said excise."

WHEREAS it hath been found by experience, that the excise laws heretofore in force have not been adequate to the salutary purposes intended by them: For remedy whereof, and for the better support of civil government,

Be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same,* That from and after the passing of this act, the rate, duty and sum of *eight-pence per* gallon shall be raised, levied, collected and paid on all wines, rum, brandy and other spirits, bartered, sold or consumed within this state, and which have been, or during the continuance of this act shall be imported from beyond seas, or made or distilled from the natural products of any country beyond seas; and that the rate, duty and sum of *four-pence per* gallon shall be raised, levied, collected and paid on all rum, brandy and other spirits, distilled from the natural products of this state or of any of the United States, and which shall be bartered, sold or consumed within this state (wine, rum, brandy or other spirits, entered for exportation out of this state, and exported accordingly, only excepted) any thing in any law heretofore made to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Provided always nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every contractor, employed and authorised as such by the Superintendant of Finance of the United States, shall, upon settlement of his account of rations with the said Financier, and having obtained a certificate under his hand of having really and *bona fide* issued in rations, within any certain limited time, such a certain number of gallons of wine, rum, brandy or other spirits, particularly specifying the different kinds thereof, have credit with the collector or deputy collector of the city of *Philadelphia*, or of any other county of this state, in the settlement of his account with such collector, for so much as the duty on the quantity of liquor so certified by the Superintendant of Finance to have been issued, within the time for which the said contractor shall have been charged with excise in the books of the said collector, shall amount to; and the said collector shall enter such discount of excise on the account of the said contractor under his hand; and shall further keep a true account thereof in his own books; and transmit a transcript thereof to the clerk of the quarter sessions within the time, in the manner, and under the penalties, as is directed in this act concerning all monies received by the said collectors, or any of them, in virtue of their offices respectively.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every importer of any of the liquors made exciseable by this act shall also make full and true entries with the collector of excise in the city or county where such liquors shall be imported, and unladed from any vessel, waggon or other carriage, and before the same shall be stored in any store, warehouse, shop, cellar or other place, of all such liquors, with the casks containing the same, with their true contents, marks and numbers, under the penalty of a sum equal to the excise by this act made chargeable on all such liquors; and every importer, merchant or wholesale dealer, in any of the liquors aforesaid, shall, upon every sale or alienation of any of the said liquors, without delay, make a return and entry of all liquors so sold, the time when sold, the quantity, and casks or vessels containing the same, with their marks, contents and numbers, together with the purchaser's name and place of abode, under the penalty of all the duties or excise chargeable by this act on all liquors so neglected to be entered. And the collector of excise, or his deputy, for the city or county where the same shall happen, or shall be suspected to have happened, shall have power, by virtue of this act, to enter in the day time into every storehouse, warehouse, shop, cellar, or other place which he may suspect, and there search, examine and compare all such liquors there found with the entries made; and if on enquiry it shall appear to him that there are liquors there stored, and not entered as this act directs, or if liquors entered with the said collector as imported or bought have been sold or removed without due entry thereof, then, and in every such case, the collector, or his deputy for the said district, shall forthwith charge such importer, merchant or wholesale dealer, with the whole excise made chargeable by this act, or such quantity of that kind of liquors, and shall proceed to recover such penalty from such importer, merchant or wholesale dealer, in the same manner as excise is recoverable from retailers of spirituous liquors under this act, or the act to which this is a supplement. And if any importer, merchant or wholesale dealer shall refuse to open such store, warehouse, shop, cellar or other place, where such liquors, or any of them, may be supposed to be, it shall and may be lawful for the collector, or his deputy, to call to his assistance the sheriff of the county or any constable, and shall break open such store, warehouse, shop, cellar or other place; and if any such officer shall neglect or refuse to assist such collector, or his deputy, when so required, he shall forfeit and pay, for every such neglect or refusal, the sum of *ten pounds*, to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures are recoverable by this act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this act, every distiller of spirituous liquors, before he or they proceed to any further distilling thereof, shall enter with the collector of excise for the city or county respectively, or his deputy, where said distiller shall reside, an account of all such stills or vessels for the distillation of spirituous liquors, with the quantity of their contents; and shall take out permits for retailing, as other retailers are by law obliged to do; and shall be accountable to such collector, or his deputy, for all liquors by them retailed, drawn, sold, bartered or delivered to any person or persons, for any valuable consideration whatsoever, in any quantity less than twenty gallons at one time and to one person, and shall pay the excise thereon, as all other retailers are by law obliged to do; any thing contained in any law heretofore made to the contrary notwithstanding. And if the said distillers, or any of them, shall sell, deliver, dispose of or remove, or shall suffer to be sold, delivered, disposed of or removed, from the distillery, store or cellar of the said distiller, any quantity of spirituous liquors above twenty gallons at one time to one person, without entering the same, or causing it to be entered with the collector of the county, or his deputy, and without taking out a permit and certificate of such entry, therein specifying the name of the person to whom such liquor hath been so sold, delivered or disposed of, with the quantity thereof, and the vessel or vessels containing the same, with their marks and numbers, and where the same is to be removed to, to be sold or consumed, every such distiller shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, a sum equal to the value of the liquor so neglected or refused to be enterd agreeable to the true intent and meaning of this act, to be recovered in any court of record within this state, by bill, plaint or information, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, nor more than one imparlance, shall be allowed. Of all which entries and certificates, the collector, or his deputy, with whom the same is entered, shall keep true and fair records, and shall charge the several persons named in such permits and certificates, to whom such liquors have been so sold or delivered by the distiller thereof, with the excise or duty chargeable thereon, as by this act is made payable for such liquor; and unless payment thereof be made within three months from the date of such permit and certificate, or a certificate from the collector of the city or county where the same hath been sold and delivered, importing that the same liquors have been sold and delivered by wholesale to some person or persons within the county of which he is collector or deputy collector, be returned to the collector, or his deputy, of the county where such liquors were distilled or removed from, the said collector, or his deputy, shall proceed against such delinquent, and recover all such sum or sums declared to be due by this act, in the same manner, and under the same fines and forfeitures, as other duties are made payable and recoverable by this act, or the act to which this is a supplement.

AND WHEREAS some difficulties have arisen about the meaning of the nineteenth section of the act, entituled "An act for the support of the government of this province, making the excise on wine, rum, brandy and other spirits, more equal, and preventing frauds in the collecting and paying the said excise," passed the twenty-first day of *March*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two:

AND WHEREAS by this act the excise is considerably increased and enlarged, it is fit and proper that every retailer of wine or spirituous liquors should now pay a larger sum annually, than hath been required by law heretofore:

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the duties charged by this act on the liquors retailed by any person in one year do not amount to the sum of *six pounds*, such person shall be charged with such further sum, as will make the whole excise payable in one year equal to *six pounds*.

Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to excuse or exonerate any person from paying any greater sum than *six pounds*, if the real excise on the liquors by him or her retailed within the year should arise to any greater sum.

And for the more effectual prevention of abuses against the intent and meaning of this act, *Be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid,* That from and after the day of next, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whatsoever, being citizens of this state, as well as the several collectors of the city of *Philadelphia* and of the several counties, and their deputies, as often as they shall find any carter, waggoner, drayman, boatman or other person, conveying by land or water any of the wines or spirituous liquors aforesaid, to ask and demand from any such carter, waggoner, drayman, boatman or other person, conveying the same, a permit for the lawful removal of such wines or spirituous liquors, and, upon neglect or refusal of the party to produce and show such permit, to stop, detain and safely keep all such wines or spirituous liquors; and if such demand be made by any person, other than the collector, or his deputy, such person shall forthwith inform the collector for the county, or his deputy, who shall immediately proceed therein according to law; and if, on a final trial, it shall be adjudged a proper seizure, the informant shall be entitled to one equal moiety of the share, which by the former acts, in case of seizure, have been the property of the collector of excise.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases of appeal to the judgment of the court of quarter sessions, for any thing done in pursuance of this act, or the act to which this is a supplement, their judgment therein shall be final, and no writ of *certiorari* shall issue for the removal thereof into the supreme court.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the day of each and every collector of excise in the different counties of this state, other than the collector of the city and county of *Philadelphia*, shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required, once in every three months, to render to the clerk of the quarter sessions of their respective counties, a just and true account of all debts outstanding, and all sums of money received in virtue of their office in the last preceding three months, either as excise, or as the amount of seizures, and costs attending the same; and also the amount of all fines and forfeitures; and the name and names of all and every the persons from whom the said several sums have been respectively received. And the collector of the city and county of *Philadelphia* shall, on the first *Tuesday* of every month, render an account as aforesaid to the clerk of the quarter sessions, of all sums of money outstanding and received within the last preceding month. And if any of the collectors in the city and county of *Philadelphia*, or of any other county within this state, shall neglect or refuse to render such account as aforesaid, in the manner and at the times aforesaid, he or they so offending shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, the sum of *pounds*, one half thereof to the prosecutor, and the other half to the use of the state, to be recovered by any person who shall sue for and prosecute the same to effect; which prosecution shall be by plaint, bill or information, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law, nor more than one imparlance, shall be allowed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several clerks of the quarter sessions shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required to file and keep, for the inspection of all whom it may concern, all the accounts of the said several collectors; and shall transmit certified copies of all such accounts, at least once in every six months, into the comptroller-general's office, certified under the hand of the president of such court of quarter sessions, under the penalty of ; which accounts, so rendered, shall be considered and taken as a check on the accounts exhibited by the collectors respectively, for settlement in the said comptroller's office.

AND WHEREAS it hath been hitherto the duty of the several collectors to settle their accounts with the state treasurer, and as there is now a comptroller's office established in this state, *Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid,* That hereafter it shall be the duty of the several collectors of excise, once in every months, or oftener, if required, to lay their accounts respectively before the comptroller-general, who shall adjust and settle all such accounts, and shall direct and order all such collectors forthwith to pay the monies in their hands into the treasury of this state. And if any of the said collectors shall neglect or refuse so to do, the comptroller-general shall, and he is hereby authorised, forthwith to proceed against every such delinquent collector, as by law he is directed in the case of other delinquents.

AND WHEREAS divers practices have been committed against the true intent and meaning of the acts heretofore made, by taking permits for the removal of liquors to places where they are not really intended to be retailed or sold: For remedy whereof,

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons whatsoever shall take a permit for the removal of wines or other liquors, made exciseable by this act, and shall not convey the said wines or other liquors to the county mentioned in the permit, or shall convey such wine or liquors to any other county within this state, and shall neglect or refuse to make entry of such further removal with the collector of the county to where the permit is directed, and to make record of the permit aforesaid with the said collector, or shall take a permit in the name of any other person than the real owner of such wine or other liquors, or shall enter them for exportation out of the state, either by land or water, and after removal of any of the said wines or other liquors, shall unlade and put any of the said wines or other liquors into any house, store, cellar or other place, without first entering the same with the collector of the county, or his deputy, every such offender shall forfeit and pay the sum of *pounds* for every hundred gallons so neglected to be properly entered, conveyed and conducted, as this act directs, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity; and also shall forfeit all such wines or other liquors, which shall be in any of the above ways attempted to be concealed from the payment of the duties required by this act; the one moiety of all such seizures, fines and forfeitures, so made and recovered, shall be to the informer who shall prosecute the offender to conviction, and the other half to the use of the state, to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures are by this act, and the acts to which this is a supplement, made recoverable.

AND WHEREAS, in and by the acts to which this is a supplement, the collectors therein named are required and enjoined to give bonds to the treasurer of the then province for certain sums therein mentioned, which sums are evidently too low, as the excise is now much improved and enlarged:

Therefore be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That before the day of next, and before they or any of them shall enter upon the execution of the duties of their respective offices, they shall each and every of them enter into bonds, with two sufficient sureties, to the treasurer of the state for the time being, for the sums following, *viz.*

The collector of the city and county of *Philadelphia*, in the sum of *pounds*.
The collector of the county of *Bucks*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Chester*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Lancaster*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *York*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Cumberland*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Berks*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Northampton*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Bedford*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Northumberland*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Westmoreland*, in the sum of
The collector of the county of *Washington*, in the sum of
to be paid to the said treasurer, or his successor, for the faithful discharge of their respective duties, and for the respective accounting for and paying all such sums of money as they shall from time to time receive by virtue of this act, and the acts to which this is a supplement:

AND WHEREAS it is fit and proper that the duties on tavern licences should be in due proportion to the increasing public expenditures, and the profits arising from public house-keeping:

Therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this act, the prices of all tavern licences shall be double the sum at which they have been by law charged hitherto; and the prothonotaries are hereby enjoined and required to receive, from every person who shall be recommended as the law directs to keep a public house, a sum for every licence for that purpose, equal to double the sum at which all such licences have been respectively rated at by law in the city of *Philadelphia* and the several counties of this state, and shall account for and pay over all such sums by them received, in the manner directed heretofore by law for receiving and paying over the same, any thing in any law heretofore made in anywise notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the several laws continued in force by the act to which this is a supplement, and so much of the said act as are altered, supplied or amended by this act, are hereby repealed and made void, any thing contained in any of the said laws in anywise notwithstanding.

Will be exposed to public SALE,

On the 1st day of Fourth Month next, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the PREMISES,

A PLANTATION, situate in East-Bradford township, Chester county, near the forks of Brandywine; containing 130 acres, about 100 of which is cleared, 15 acres whereof is good watered meadow, and water courses dug for about 8 acres more, a stone dwelling-house, two stories high, with 2 rooms on a floor, a barn and stable, a good spring, with a house over it, a good bearing orchard, an oil-mill with a double press, a pair of stones 5 feet 6 inches diameter, and a pair of good rollers to grind the seed; there is also a convenient seat for a paper-mill, the race and mill-pit already dug.

N. B. The aforesaid plantation will admit of being divided in two parts, with the aforesaid mill to one, and mill-seat to the other. Any person inclining to view the premises before the day of sale, may apply to the subscriber at Naaman's-creek, or to NATHAN SHARPLESS, near the aforesaid plantation.

Second Month 8, 1783. 5w FRANCIS TOWNSEND.

To HAMLET's GHOST.

Angels and Miniſters of Grace defend us!---
Be thou a Spirit of Health, or Goblin damn'd,
Bring'ſt with the airs from Heaven, or blaſts from Hell,
Be thy Intents wicked, or charitable,
Thou com'ſt in ſuch a queſtionable Shape,
That I will *ſpeak to thee.*

WHO art thou? The ghoſt of Hamlet, whoſe name thou aſſumeſt, or the ghoſt of Cataline, who, in grateful return to Mr. Reed, for purſuing the ſteps of him whoſe body thou once inhabited, reviſiteſt this earth to eſpouſe his cauſe? Are his crimes ſo great in magnitude and number, and are his diſabilities *as a non-juror* ſo fully proved by Hamden and Sidney, that not a ſingle hero can be found in his whole group of earthly champions, who dares to enter the liſts of argument in his favour? Raſh and impudent phantom! you will not be believed, even though you come from the dead, for you bring your refutation with you, and out of your own lips prove yourſelf a deceiver.

You boldly aſſert, Mr. Ghoſt (ſince this is the name you aſſume in defence of your friend) "that Mr. Reed had taken the oath of allegiance long before the 9th of October, 1778, in the Supreme Court, where it ſtands recorded." This I flatly deny, and from good authority too, for I have made ſuch enquiries as leave no poſſibility of a miſtake. If ſuch a fact exiſts, why have neither you, Mr. Reed, or any of his earthly or *ghoſtly* friends, proved it. If it "ſtands recorded," as you tell us it does, why do you not publiſh a certificate of it, as you, the *ghoſtly Judge of that Court*, to whoſe records you have daily acceſs, might eaſily do? The abſurdity of your aſſertion is too groſs to be impoſed upon the public for truth. The Judges of the Supreme Court never had any authority to adminiſter ſuch an oath. This power is by the teſt laws confined to the Juſtices of the peace. It never was in a ſingle inſtance, that I have heard of, uſurped by the Juſtices of the Supreme Court; and ſhould they aſſume it, their act being againſt law, and without authority, would be void, and could not reſtore Mr. Reed to a ſingle forfeited right. Muſt I then look upon you as "a Spirit of health, or Goblin damn'd," when you ſay that he took the oath in the court long before the 9th of October, 1778, and yet knew that the court was not opened till the 24th of September, 1778? On that day he was admitted as an attorney, and took the oath of office, which you attempt impoſing on the public to be an oath of allegiance. If he took the oath of allegiance *long before* the 9th of October, 1778, why did he take it again on that day? "Alas, vile but ſilly deceiver! (for I will retort in your own words) thou didſt declare, what thou didſt not thyſelf believe." You had therefore better to have remained in the regions aſſigned you, than to have appeared on earth with a falſhood in your mouth, which only ſerves to ſhew the miſerable ſituation your friend was reduced to, when ſuch means were neceſſary for his defence.

But you aſſert, with equal confidence, and from no better authority, "That had Mr. Reed taken no oath of allegiance before the 9th of October, 1778, his being a member of Congreſs on the 10th of September, and till after the 10th of October, on which day the indulgence ceaſed, and his having taken the oath on the 9th, are evidently within the letter and ſpirit of the act of the 10th of September, 1778."

I have inconteſtibly proved, in a late publication, that every ſubject of this ſtate, who was not within the exceptions of the teſt laws, as it is clear that Mr. Reed was not, and who did not take the oaths of abjuration and allegiance on or before the 1ſt day of July, 1777, became diſfranchiſed of all the rights of citizenſhip, and rendered incapable of being elected into or holding any office, place or truſt in this commonwealth. That every ſuch non-juror was by law adjudged *ipſo facto* incapable and diſabled, to all intents and purpoſes whatſoever, to have, occupy or enjoy any preferment, office or employment, or any part thereof, in this ſtate; that every ſuch office, place or truſt ſhould be void, and was by the teſt laws adjudged void.

Mr. Reed did neither abjure the Britiſh king, or ſwear allegiance to this State, till fifteen months and nine days after the time limitted by this act. He was therefore *ipſo facto* incapable of being elected a member of Congreſs, his election was *ipſo facto* void, and at the time of his election to be a member of Congreſs, and *while he ſat as ſuch*, that office was by the expreſs words of the act *ipſo facto* void and vacant, and he was never a member of Congreſs, in the eye of the law.

On the 14th of September, 1777, which was long after he was by the expreſs words of the act rendered *ipſo facto* incapable of the appointment, he was elected a member of Congreſs, but did not think it ſafe or prudent to take his ſeat till the 6th of April, 1778. The act of the 10th of September, 1778, could not then extend to Mr. Reed, who was never a member of Congreſs, by reaſon of his diſabilities having commenced *long before* the time of his election, which was therefore void, and the ſeat remained vacant.

Other gentlemen were properly elected before their diſabilities commenced, and might, under the exception contained in the firſt act, have omitted taking the oaths of abjuration and allegiance, had it not been enjoined them by the act of the 10th of September, 1778. This was the object of the law, which it is evident, to any man poſſeſſed of a ſingle ray of ſenſe, could not extend to Mr. Reed, who was never a Member of Congreſs, and the Legiſlature did not intend to open a door at that late period to reſtore *non-jurors and tories*. It is alſo to be conſidered, that it would have been highly improper to have admitted into Congreſs, young gentlemen upon their coming to full age, or ſtrangers coming into this State to reſide, without taking an oath of fidelity, and therefore the act wiſely guards againſt this danger, but extends to no other caſes than ſuch as I have mentioned.

The influence of Mr. Reed raiſed into Congreſs one gentleman, who had left the enemies country long ſince the commencement of the war, and he might have continued that practice, had it not been for the laſt mentioned act.

Thus it appears, Mr. Reed, for the ghoſt having vaniſhed, I ſhall addreſs myſelf to you, that, like Clodius in diſguiſe, who intruded himſelf into the ſecret myſteries of the veſtal virgins, and polluted their moſt ſolemn ſacrifices, you ſerved at the altar of liberty, without the commiſſion of one of the prieſts of the temple. Poſterity will review, as the greateſt wonder of the revolution, a government adminiſtered for three years by a Britiſh ſubject. The traitors who have fled to New-York, and to England, will grow proud in comparing their conduct with yours, and even Arnold himſelf will draw conſolation, for the firſt time ſince his deſertion, when he finds how much your conduct exceeds his own in baſeneſs and malignity. Your publications, under the ſignature of Valerius, convey a new idea to the public. They exhibit a man ſuffering in this world all the tortures of the damned. Death may ſeparate you from your companions, but cannot increaſe your puniſhment. You tell the citizens of Pennſylvania, in your late pamphlet, that you do not intend to leave them, but rather to *eat* bread and *water* among them. The pangs of Tantalus you are already no ſtranger to, and might ſafely change ſituations with him---If you are determined to remain in Pennſylvania, every good man muſt admire the wiſdom of Providence, in thus compelling you to execute its ſevereſt judgments upon yourſelf. Thanks are due to Heaven likewiſe, for preſerving his creatures in other parts of the world from the influence of your ſeditious and malignant temper. Here you can do but little more miſchief. Here you ſuffer the contempt and diſgrace due to your crimes. Here every eye that meets you, inſults you with the remembrance of abuſed and forfeited power. Here ſtrangers crowd to doors and windows to view you, as a ſpectacle of human wickedneſs and woe. Here the infirm and aged would not exchange their crutches for your ſtate and condition. Here every whiſper is at your expence. Here you are avoided as if you carried in your breath the ſeeds of the plague. Your pamphlet is read and conſidered as your laſt ſpeech and dying words. It has fixed your fate and infamy forever: It only remains to drive away the cart.

SIDNEY.

FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

A PRAYER.

O JUPITER! I was formed by thee in the ſhape of a Hare. After exiſting ſome time in the form of this timid creature, I was torne to pieces by a cur, and transformed into a Puppy. Dying young, from a kick I received on my poſteriors from a ſchool-boy, I was changed into a Viper. Being trod to death in a gutter by a lad, I was changed into a Skunk, and to this day retain the name, the nature, and the *perfuming qualities* of that naſty animal, together with the peculiar qualities of each of thoſe animals I before animated. My exiſtence has become a curſe to *me*. One man chaſes me----another kicks me for barking at him,---a third horſe-whips me---a fourth treads upon me, for hiſſing, or attempting to bite him---while thouſands inſult me on account of my odoriferous tail. The boys in the ſtreets ſpit upon me---while the girls hold their noſes, as I paſs by them. From morning till night, I am *ſkunked* in every part of the town. O Jupiter! have pity on me; and, if the work be not beyond the reach of thy almighty power, transform me into a MAN, that I may be fit to live among human creatures. But if this cannot be granted, change me into a bear, a tyger, a wolf, a hog, or any other beaſt of ſtrength and courage, that I may repel force by force, and revenge the injuries that are daily offered to me in my preſent loathſome form and character.

To be SOLD, and immediate Poſſeſſion given,

THAT valuable FARM, ſituate in Whitemarſh townſhip, Philadelphia county, juſt beyond the 13 mile ſtone, on the Bethlehem road, adjoining the Church lot, known by the name of Whitemarſh Church, where William Weſt, deceaſed, lately dwelt; the farm contains near 300 acres, and the land is generally eſteemed as good as any in the country, having the advantage of a lime-ſtone quarry on it; the meadows are watered by Wiſſahickon Creek and Sandy Run, are in general good, and produce from 30 to 40 tons of excellent hay per annum; the arable part is now under wheat and rye, and two large fields of clover; the whole is under a complete new fence, and has upwards of 70 acres of woodland; there is on ſaid farm, a large brick manſion-houſe, with a fine well in a back cellar, and a pump in the yard, a large barn, and convenient ſtabling for 12 horſes, a waggon-houſe, cow-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, and a ſtone building that will ſerve either for a tenant's houſe, or a granary; there is a good garden adjoining the houſe, and on the place are five good orchards, one of which is quite young; this place is conveniently ſituated to attend the market from, and has the advantage of ſeveral griſt-mills, a fulling-mill, and paper-mill, within three miles of it, and is contiguous to places of worſhip of ſeveral denominations. The purchaſer may be accommodated with a 40 acre lot of woodland, at the diſtance of 5 miles from the houſe, and with any part of the ſtock or farming utenſils. For terms apply to Mr. FRANCIS WEST, jun. on the premiſes, or to the ſubſcribers in Philadelphia.

N. B. If not ſold on or before the 10th of March next, it will be lett for one year on reaſonable terms.

On Thurſday, the 3d of April next, will be ſold by public ſale, all the ſtock, grain and farming utenſils, on ſaid plantation, conſiſting of cows, ſheep, ſwine, a blooded mare with foal, and two colts at her feet, one is a filly two years old, and the other a horſe colt, one year old, wheat, rye, corn, a waggon, cart, ploughs, &c. alſo the grain in the ground, and a few articles of houſhold furniture. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Weſt, deceaſed, by bond, note or book-debt, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame immediately; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to call on the ſubſcribers for payment.

MARY WEST, Executrix,
JOHN NIXON,
BENJAMIN FULLER,
JOHN DONNALDSON,
D. H. CONYNGHAM, } Executors.

JOSEPH MITCHELL

WANTS a good MILLER, that underſtands his buſineſs well. Alſo, a good MILL-STONE MAKER, that is a good judge of ſtone, and will take particular care to make them according to directions, and turn them out of his hands neatly made. Eight or ten pair are to be made this ſeaſon on my plantation, in Solebury, in the county of Bucks, adjoining the river Delaware, and ſome on the plantation I live on, in Tredyffrin, in the county of Cheſter. And likewiſe a good FARMER, that will take proper care of a good plantation; he muſt have a ſufficient ability to ſtock it well, it being very ſuitable for many cattle both in winter and ſummer, the fields producing plenty of paſture, and water in each, and a good deal of very good meadow producing timothy and blue graſs It is in Readington, adjoining the lands late of Peter Perrine, Eſq; Hunterdon county, New-Jerſey, near 60 miles from Philadelphia, but may have the choice of other markets nearer, which ever ſuits beſt. None but ſuch as above need apply. ¶

By virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to SALE, at Jenkintown, on FRIDAY, the 28th of February inſtant, at twelve o'clock at noon,

A CERTAIN ſtone Meſſuage or Tenement, and Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by lands of Reyner Tyſon, Caſper Martin, and others, ſituate in Abington townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia; late the eſtate of John Knight, of Abington aforeſaid; ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On THURSDAY, the 6th day of March next, on the premiſes, purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of CHARLES MULLEN, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Horſham townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, 20 miles from the city, and three from the Spring-houſe tavern, containing 118 acres; a good proportion of which is timberland and meadow: There are on ſaid premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, with a ſpring of excellent water near the door, a log barn and ſtabling, a good apple orchard, with divers other conveniences; the whole being well watered and in extraordinary repair.

Alſo at the ſame time and place will be expoſed to ſale, the whole perſonal eſtate of ſaid deceaſed, conſiſting of horſes, cows, ſheep and ſwine, wheat, rye, buck-wheat and oats, corn in the ground, cyder, dried beef and bacon, feather beds and bedding, houſhold furniture, farming utenſils, implements of huſbandry, &c. &c. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock, A. M. where attendance will be given, by

Feb. 15. § WILLIAM MULLEN, and DANIEL JONES, } Executors.

N. B. Any perſon deſirous of viewing the premiſes before the time of ſale, may apply to William Mullen, near the ſame.

THE Partnerſhip of *Price & Snowden* diſſolving the firſt of April, all thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Partnerſhip are requeſted to call on the Subſcribers for Payment; and all thoſe indebted to them are likewiſe requeſted to diſcharge the ſame as ſoon as poſſible.

PRICE and SNOWDEN.

Philadelphia, February 21, 1783. †

THE creditors of Robert Fulton, deceaſed (formerly of Lancaſter) are requeſted to meet at PATRICK BYRNE's Tavern, in Front-ſtreet, on Friday, the 25th day of April next, at ſix o'clock in the evening. ¶

BEST SEINE TWINE,

NOW manufacturing and ſelling by the ſubſcriber, near Darby; it may be ſeen at NICHOLAS BERNARD's Looking-glaſs ſtore, at the corner of the Dock and Third-ſtreet, who will ſell it at the loweſt price. Country produce will be taken in part payment. ¶

JOHN DIAMOND.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable plantation, in Maxatawney townſhip, Berks county, about 55 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing 200 acres of good lime-ſtone land, of which about 100 acres are cleared, and 16 acres of meadow, which may be watered very conveniently; a conſtant ſtream of water running thro' the ſame. There is a good bearing orchard, a ſufficient quantity of timber, a lime-kiln, to which the quarry is very handy; alſo a ſtone meſſuage, a large log barn, ſtables, waggon-houſe, and a pump with excellent water near the houſe; alſo a ſmith's ſhop, waggon-ſhop, and other buildings, ſuitable for any tradeſman. The fields are well fenced with cheſnut rails, lies near to mills, meeting-houſes and ſchools. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to the owner, near Perkiomin, on the main road leading to Reading, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame. FREDERICK HOUSEMAN.

N. B. If the above place is not ſold between this and April next, it will be lett for two years. *Feb.* 24, 1783. ¶

Purſuant to an Order iſſued out of the ORPHANS COURT for the county of Cheſter, will be SOLD at public Vendue, by the Adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of ANDREW WILSON, late of the townſhip of New-Town, deceaſed, on the premiſes on THURSDAY the 13th day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A PLANTATION or tract of LAND, on the great road leading to Brandywine, 12 miles from Wilmington and 4 from Cheſter, containing 113 acres, about 30 acres of woodland well timbered, 12 acres of meadow, and more may be made, a good bearing orchard of various kinds of fruit trees, with a good ſtone dwelling-houſe two ſtories high, three rooms on a floor, a kitchen and cellar, a barn, ſtable and ſpring-houſe thereon erected, ſituate in the townſhip of Nether Providence and county aforeſaid, bounded by lands of William Robinſon, William Edwards and others; late the property of the ſaid Andrew Wilſon, deceaſed. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, by

Feb. 20, 1783. § SUSANNA WILSON, Adminiſtrat.

Purſuant to an Order iſſued out of the ORPHANS COURT for the county of Cheſter, will be SOLD at public Vendue, by the Adminiſtrators of the eſtate of DAVID REGESTER, late of the townſhip of Edgmont, deceaſed, on the premiſes, on FRIDAY, the 14th day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or tract of LAND, with a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables and ſpring-houſe, and alſo a ſmall Tenement thereon erected, containing about 112 acres (more or leſs) a large bearing orchard, about 8 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made, about 30 acres of woodland, well timbered, ſituate in the townſhip of Edgmont, and county aforeſaid, bounded by Ridley creek, and lands of Abel Green, William Ruſſell and others, late the property of the ſaid David Regeſter, deceaſed. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, by

Feb. 19, 1783. § GEORGE BESHOP, JOSEPH BLACK, } Adminiſtrators.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On THURSDAY, the 13th day of March next, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, ſituated in Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, containing upwards of 300 acres, about two thirds cleared, the reſt well timbered; whereon is a good dwelling-houſe, the one end ſtone, the other log, two ſtories high, and conveniently divided into rooms; there is a good cedar roof on ſaid houſe, with a piazza before the door, likewiſe a convenient barn and ſtabling; there is about ten acres of good watered meadow, and a large quantity more may be made, alſo an excellent ſpring and ſpring-houſe about 20 yards from the door; there are a variety of fruit-trees, ſuch as apple, peach and cherry-trees; there is 160 apple-trees of the beſt fruit, with cyder-works ſo convenient as to convey the cyder from the preſs into the cellar with a ſhort ſpout; the ſituation exceeding pleaſant, ſituate on the public road from Lancaſter to Newport, and about an equal diſtance from each of thoſe places; there are Preſbyterian, Seceder, Covenanter and Friends meeting-houſes all within ſix miles, and five merchant-mills within three miles, and a limeſtone quarrey within a mile and a half of ſaid place. If on the day of ſale it might ſuit the purchaſers to buy a part of the land, it may be divided into two or three tenements, as there are excellent ſprings, and the woodland would ſuit to be divided and be convenient. An indiſputable title will be given.

On the ſame day and place will be expoſed to ſale, horſes, cows, ſheep and ſwine, waggon, cart, ploughs and harrows, with many other articles too tedious to mention; where due attendance will be given, and the conditions made known by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. The ſale will begin at ten o'clock.

Feb. 24. † ROBERT M'ELHENEY.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, two miles from Swedes Ford, containing near 100 acres of good land, between 30 and 40 acres of woodland, well timbered, a ſufficient quantity of good watered meadow, and a good bearing orchard; there is erected on the ſaid place a good dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables, a ſpring of exceeding good water near to the houſe, with a large and convenient ſtone houſe over it. The ſaid plantation is within one mile of ſeveral lime kilns, where lime may be had at a moderate rate for manuring the land. For further particulars, enquire of the owner, living on the premiſes. JOHN CLEAVER. ¶

Philadelphia, January 1, 1783.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber hath applied to the General Aſſembly of this State for leave to bring in a bill, to be enacted into a law, for compleating his title to a certain houſe and lot of land, ſituate on the north ſide of Saſſafras ſtreet, betweeen Front and Second-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, deficient by the loſs of a deed of gift from Nicholas Caſſell to Mary Comron, for the ſame houſe and lot in fee. All perſons pretending any claim to the ſaid eſtate, are hereby required to take notice of the ſaid application, that they may object to the grant of the ſame, ſhould they think it improper. ABRAHAM COMRON, for himſelf and his ſiſter Rebecca Engliſh.

CARENAGE, *(St. Lucia) January* 18.

On Thurſday arrived at Gros-Iſlet, the Diana frigate; ſhe was cruiſing with the Pegaſe and Bombay Caſtle, in the Bay of Biſcay, and diſpatched from thence with the intelligence of a French fleet of 40 ſail of tranſports, under convoy of 8 ſail of the line, being ſeen ſteering to the weſtward, whom ſhe dogged for ſome days. She had been ſome time from England, before her leaving the Bay.

We are informed that his Majeſty's ſhip Dolphin had chaſed the American frigate Hague, of 36 guns, and run her aſhore at Guadaloupe.

We hear that the Raven ſloop of war was taken yeſterday by the Reſolue French frigate, and carried into Matinique.

NEW-YORK, *February* 20.

ORDERS.

Head-Quarters, New-York, February 18, 1783.

Should there be any perſons at preſent within the lines, whoſe houſes or lands have been withheld from them, on account of offences or ſuppoſed offences againſt the Crown, they are deſired to make their reſpective claims to the Offices of Police in New-York, on Long-Iſland, or on Staten-Iſland, who will report the ſame to the Commander in Chief.

All perſons without the lines, who have abandoned eſtates within, are deſired to ſend their claims to the Offices of Police aforeſaid, and all perſons occupying eſtates within the above deſcriptions, are ſtrictly enjoined to take due care thereof, as they will be made anſwerable for any damage, waſte or deſtruction, that may be henceforward committed on the ſame. They will likewiſe permit any perſon authoriſed from either of the above-mentioned Office, to viſit the ſaid eſtates, and take inventories of all effects thereunto belonging.

OL. DE LANCEY, Adjutant-General.

Copies of letters from France, reſpecting peace or war, intercepted on board the Ranger, Captain Boyce, brought into this port on the 6th inſt. by the Eagle privateer, Capt. Bennifon.

Copy of a letter, dated Nantz, December 5, 1782, *from Mr. John H. P. to Meſſrs. S. and R. P. at Baltimore.*

"The negociations at Paris have of late been reſumed, and with apparent ſeriouſneſs, if we are to credit the univerſal talk, which is that a peace will ſhortly take place, nay ſome go ſo far as to ſay, that the preliminaries are actualy ſigned. Whether an implicit faith is to be given to theſe reports, I cannot pretend to determine, but certain it is, that the Britiſh negociators or agents, Meſſrs. Oſwald and Fizherbert, now at Paris, have frequent and long conferences with the French and American Miniſters, and every appearance ſeems to indicate a ſpeedy termination of the diſpute, or a vigorous proſecution of hoſtilities. I had almoſt forgot to mention, that Meſſrs. Gerard and Raynoval, are now at London, deputed from the Court of Verſailles. From theſe circumſtances I am induced to requeſt you will make the moſt ſpeedy ſale in your power of the goods I have ſhipped you per the Dauphine and Speedwell (in caſe they arrive ſafe.) I fear that the ſenſation, which an expectation of peace may cauſe, will render ſales rather dull with you."

From Mr. E. E. to Meſſrs. P. W. and Co. at Philadelphia.

Painbeuf, Dec. 8, 1782.

"On my return from Oſtend, I ſtopped a few days at Paris, was ſeveral times at Paſſey, dined with Mr. A. Mr. J. and others; a meeting on public matters undoubtedly occaſioned their being together. What will be the event a few days will inform us; and I am in hourly expectation of an expreſs to acquaint me whether any thing has been done. We had lately a current report, that preliminaries for a *general peace* were actually ſigned; again it was denied, and the King's Speech muſt be our criterion to judge by. M. Gerard, &c. are returned from England. I am informed orders were immediately ſent to Breſt, &c. for the departure of ten ſail of the line, and a number of tranſports with troops for the Weſt-Indies; whence our politicians ſay, *We ſhall not have peace*, at leaſt from the preſent negociation."

From the writer of the firſt of thoſe epiſtles, to Mr. William M'C----, Merchant at Baltimore.

Nantz, December 9, 1782.

"The negociations for peace which had been for ſome time carrying on at Paris, but ſuſpended during an interval, have of late been reſumed with ſuch ſeriouſneſs, as to promiſe either a ſpeedy termination of hoſtilities, *or an obſtinate continuance of them*; if we are to credit the univerſal report, the iſſue will be ſhortly known, which the major part of the people conclude to be a peace. What are the preliminaries, what the conditions of this important event, I cannot adviſe you, they not being yet promulgated; but, rumour ſays, it hinges upon a ſingle article, the conceſſion of which is required of this Court by that of Great-Britain: A ſhort time will, I hope, relieve us from that anxious ſtate of ſuſpence, thoſe hopes and fears, by which you may readily ſuppoſe all are agitated, on the eve of an occurrence big with importance. The two Britiſh negociators now at Paris are Meſſrs. Oſwald and Fitzherbert, and on the part of the United States are convened Meſſrs. Franklin, Jay, Adams, and Laurens, from whoſe united abilities I form the higheſt expectations; to *their* demands I preſume no violent oppoſition will be made, unleſs it be on the chapter of the reſtoration of tory and proprietary eſtates, *which I devoutly pray may not be ceded*.---Indeed I ſcarcely ſee how ſuch a meaſure is poſſible."

This afternoon arrived a polacre in 56 days from Cadiz, prize to his Majeſty's ſloop Bonetta, it is ſaid ſhe brings no account of peace being concluded in Europe, but that the combined fleets were preparing to ſail when ſhe left that port.

The Bonetta has alſo ſent in a brig from Turks Iſland.

On Friday was ſent in here by his Majeſty's frigate Amphitrite, Rupert George, Eſq; commander, the ſhip Apollo, Capt. Mackey, from Cape Francois for Virginia, but belongs to Mr. Denny, of Boſton: Her cargo conſiſts of ſugar, coffee, rum, and ſome Bohea tea.

By the above veſſel we are told, that the French fleet under the command of Monſ. Vaudreuil, that ſailed from Boſton the latter end of December laſt, had put into Porto Rico, in their way to Cape Francois.

There were no French men of war at the Cape, when Capt. Mackey ſailed from thence.

Captain Barrey, in the Alliance frigate, ſailed from the Cape early in January, for the Havanna, in order to take under his convoy the veſſels that might be at that place bound to America.

BALTIMORE, *February* 21.

By the ſchooner Clio, Captain Daſhiel, juſt arrived here, in 19 days from St. Chriſtopher's, we have the following intelligence, viz.

Extract of a letter from St. Chriſtopher's, dated January 29, 1783.

"On the 26th inſtant, Count Dillon received an expreſs from the Governor of Guadaloupe, acquainting him, that the Venus frigate had arrived there, and announced the ſailing of Count de Eſtaing from Cadiz, on the 18th ult. for Martinique, with 45 ſail of the line, and 300 tranſports, on board of which were 15,000 troops.---The Captain of the frigate alſo reports, that all Negociations for a peace were at an end. If the news of the day ſhould prove true (which ſeems to carry conviction with it, as no peace-meſſenger has yet made his appearance) buſineſs will again flouriſh in this iſland."

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 26.

Yeſterday arrived in our river, the ſhip Queen of France, Captain Deal, from L'Orient, but laſt from Teneriffe. She failed from L'Orient the 27th of December; by her we have the following

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at L'Orient, dated Dec. 24.

"The preſent critical ſituation of affairs has nearly put a ſtop to all buſineſs. The independence of the United States of America has been acceded to by the King of Great-Britain *conditionally*; but a general peace has not yet taken place, and we think it probable a conſiderable time may elapſe before things are brought to a final concluſion."

Later accounts by the above veſſel indicate, that peace was not in ſuch forwardneſs as we have had reaſon to expect.

Extract of a letter from Teneriffe, dated January 28, 1783.

"A lugger, bound to the Havanna, touched here the 26th inſtant, in eight days from Cadiz. She brings no news that can be depended upon, further than that there are 40 ſail of the line and 200 tranſports lying at that place, which were expected to ſail on an expedition about the 5th of February, ſuppoſed againſt Jamaica."

The ſhip Rambler, Capt. Lovett, brigantine ---------, Capt. Pearce, and brigantine Don Galvez, Capt. Jones, belonging to New-England, are arrived in the Cheſapeake, from the Havanna.

Captain --------, in the ſhip Robin Hood, belonging to New-England, on his way from Cape Francois to the Havanna, captured and carried in with him a brig, from Jamaica, with 200 hogſheads of ſugar.

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

MONDAY, *February* 24, 1783. A. M.

RESOLVED,

THAT the Commiſſioners of the ſeveral counties be directed to inform the Sheriffs of their reſpective counties, that no expences whatever at county elections will hereafter be allowed, unleſs the ſame are authoriſed by law; and that the Commiſſioners henceforth draw no orders for any expences incurred at ſuch elections, beyond what the law in ſuch caſe will ſtrictly warrant and ſupport.

Ordered, That the foregoing Reſolution be publiſhed in the news-papers of this city. *Extract from the Minutes*,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

FRIDAY, *November* 22, 1782.

The Bill, entituled "An Act for the relief and ſupport of mariners within the city of *Philadelphia*, diſtrict of *Southwark*, and the townſhips of *Moyamenſing* and *Northern Liberties* united," was read the ſecond time, and debated by paragraphs:

Ordered to be tranſcribed for a third reading, and in the mean time printed for public conſideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

An ACT *for the relief and ſupport of mariners within the city of* Philadelphia, *diſtrict of* Southwark, *and the townſhips of* Moyamenſing *and* Northern Liberties *united.*

WHEREAS it frequently happens that mariners become chargeable to the inhabitants of the city of *Philadelphia*, diſtrict of *Southwark*, and the townſhips of *Moyamenſing* and *Northern Liberties* united:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, *in General Aſſembly met, and by the authority of the ſame*, That, from and after the publication of this act, every captain or maſter of any ſhip or veſſel ſhall, at the time of his entering the ſame at the Naval Office in the ſaid city, deliver in upon his ſolemn oath or affirmation to the Naval Officer of the port of *Philadelphia*, who is hereby enjoined and required to adminiſter the ſame, the names of every mariner employed on board of ſuch ſhip or veſſel, during her voyage.

Provided always, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to ſhips of war belonging to this State, the United States, or either of them, or to the allies of the United States.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That every captain or maſter of ſuch ſhip or veſſel ſhall, upon delivering in upon oath or affirmation aforeſaid the names of every ſuch mariner employed as aforeſaid, deduct and pay immediately out of the wages or hire of ſuch mariner, to the ſaid Naval Officer, the ſum of *One Shilling* for each month, and ſo in proportion for any leſs time he has been out on ſuch voyage; to be reckoned from the time of ſigning the articles of ſuch ſhip or veſſel.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That all the monies that ſhall or may be raiſed by this act ſhall be kept and called "*The Mariners Fund*," and ſhall be applied by the overſeers of the city aforeſaid for the ſupport, maintenance or burial of all poor mariners as ſhall happen to fall ſick, die or become chargeable within the ſaid city, diſtrict and townſhips reſpectively, and for no other uſe or purpoſe whatſoever.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That every captain or maſter of any ſuch ſhip or veſſel, who ſhall refuſe or neglect to deliver in upon oath or affirmation, to be adminiſtred by the ſaid Naval Officer, who is hereby enjoined and required to adminiſter the ſame, the names of every ſuch mariner, together with the time every ſuch mariner hath been employed on board ſuch ſhip or veſſel, ſhall forfeit and pay to the ſaid Naval Officer, for each and every ſuch neglect or omiſſion, the ſum of to be applied for the uſes aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Naval Officer ſhall, once in every month, render unto the overſeers of the poor of the ſaid city, upon oath or affirmation, a juſt and true account of all monies by him received for the fund aforeſaid, and pay the ſame on demand to the treaſurer of the board of overſeers of the poor of the ſaid city, by an order to be drawn on the ſaid Naval Officer, and ſigned by the preſident of the ſaid board.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That if the ſaid Naval Officer ſhall neglect or refuſe to render ſuch account monthly, or pay the monies to the treaſurer aforeſaid, he ſhall for each and every ſuch neglect or omiſſion forfeit and pay the ſum of *Pounds*, to be applied for the uſes aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That all the forfeitures and penalties to be incurred by this act ſhall be recovered, in the uſual courſe of law, by any one of the overſeers of the ſaid city, and ſhall be paid on the recovery aforeſaid into the hands of the treaſurer aforeſaid, for the uſes aforeſaid

To be LETT or SOLD,

And may be entered on the firſt of April next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, now in the tenure of Jonathan Davis, containing about 143 acres, about one half of which is cleared, and the other moſt excellent woodland; there is about twelve acres of meadow, a good log houſe, barn and ſtables, and a young bearing orchard on the premiſes; ſituated in the Great Valley, on the road leading from the Lancaſter road to the Valley Forge, two miles from the ſign of the Spread Eagle, and eighteen from Philadelphia. The quantity of fine timber on this land, and ſo near where ſuch a quantity was deſtroyed while the army lay at Valley Forge, muſt ſtrike the eye of every beholder. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia. ¶ JOHN DUFFIELD.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION, on the river Schuylkill and Perkiomen, 23 miles from Philadelphia, and is well ſituated for health, profit, and pleaſure; the land is high, the aſpect ſouth, the country abounding with moſt ſorts of game and fiſh, and in a ſocial neighbourhood, good for marketing; containing 302 acres, one third timbered, a good proportion of watered meadow, and a large addition of ground may be appropriated to that uſe. The arable land is good in quality, and has moſt of it been limed from 50 to 100 buſhels the acre; there is water in the drieſt ſeaſons in all the fields, except one; a large lime-kiln, and a ſhare of a ſhad-fiſhery on the place; a merchant-mill, and the moſt neceſſary tradeſmen adjoining the premiſes. The houſe is almoſt new, ſituated on an eminence nearly central, commanding a full view of the farm, and an extenſive proſpect of hilly country; it is 45 feet in length, and 35 feet wide, with eight feet entries on each floor through the middle; it is built with the beſt ſtone, lime and ſand, with a cedar roof, completely finiſhed by Philadelphia workmen, and is well calculated to accommodate a large genteel family; there are two ſtair-caſes, good garrets, and cellars, in one of which is the kitchen, but intended for a dairy, as the water is conveyed through it; a pump at the door, a ſtone ſmoke and hog-houſe, a large garden well manured and fenced, and a graſs lot round the whole, a large orchard, and a young one of grafted fruit, containing 200 trees; the barn is built of the ſame materials as the houſe, 65 feet by 35, with ſtables underneath, and is inferior to no building of its ſize, one of the bays has held 1000 buſhels of wheat in the ſtraw; there are a cow and carriage-houſe adjoining. The above deſcribed plantation is calculated in every reſpect for a gentleman's country retreat, and is compleat for a farmer to make a livelihood, by raiſing grain and going to market, the land being moſt excellent for paſture.

The terms of ſale may be either caſh, bills of exchange, or it will be exchanged for an intereſt in Philadelphia, or the payments will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, upon his giving ſecurity. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given, and indiſputable title made. For further particulars enquire of JEREMIAH WARDER, in Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes. ¶ JAMES VAUX.

Maryland, Intendant's Office, Feb. 7, 1783.

THE Houſe of Delegates having reſolved, "That every Collector in arrear to the public for aſſeſſment or tax, or any public monies in the years 1779, 1780 and 1781, be immediately ſued." The Intendant of the revenue takes the liberty of informing ſuch debtors, that notwithſtanding the above reſolution, if any perſons, who are ſo indebted, will exert themſelves in making payments of conſiderable parts of their debts, that he will ſtrike off the actions where ſuits are commenced, and remit a part, or the whole of the 20 per cent. impoſed on them by law for their non-payments, and that ſuch of the Collectors who are in arrears for 1782, and do not immediately make payments, may expect their bonds will be put in ſuit,

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER, Intendant.

ALL perſons that are in any wiſe indebted to the eſtate of Joſeph Jewell, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted.

MARGARET JEWELL, Executrix,
WILLIAM HARRIS, and
JAMES POTTER, Executors.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of WILLIAM SHUTE, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible.

ANN SHUTE, } Adminiſtrat.
Feb. 26. † DANIEL SMITH. }

OFFICE for confiſcated Eſtates.

Annapolis, February 4, 1783.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Aſſembly of the State of Maryland, will be SOLD at public AUCTION, on the 14th day of April next, at the town of Vienna,

SEVERAL thouſand acres of fertile LANDS, beautifully ſituated on the river Nanticoke, generally known by the name of the INDIAN LANDS; it having been granted to a Tribe now extinct. It will be ſurveyed and laid off in convenient farms, and proper perſons will attend on the premiſes for ſeveral days before the ſale, to ſhew the different lots to any perſon who may incline to purchaſe.

One third the purchaſe money to be paid in thirty days, another third in two years, and the remaining third in three years. Bond and ſecurity will be required on the day of ſale.

At the ſame time and place, and on the ſame terms, will be SOLD, A number of valuable SLAVES, conſiſting of men, women and children, late the property of Alexander Hamilton.

By Order,

J. DORSEY, Clerk.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

A PERSON who called himſelf JOHN JONES, a Book-binder, came to my houſe on the 11th inſtant, and hired my horſe for half a day, and has not returned him ſince: Said Jones is about 25 years of age, pitted with the ſmall pox, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, a blue coat, felt hat, and long white ſurtout: The horſe is a bay, about 8 years old, 14 and an half hands high, well built, and in good order, a natural trotter, has a black mane and tail and black legs, a ſtar in his forehead about the ſize of a dollar, and a little white on his off hind foot, newly ſhod all round, he has neither brand nor ear-mark perceptible. Whoever takes up ſaid Jones, and ſecures him, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the owner gets his horſe again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or FOUR DOLLARS for the man, and EIGHT DOLLARS for the horſe, paid by ADAM POAT.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of about 400 acres of LAND, ſituate on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, 6 miles from the latter, on which is a large merchant-mill compleatly finiſhed, with two water wheels and three pair of ſtones, cloths, &c. ſuitable for merchant and country work; there is on ſaid premiſes three good dwelling-houſes, one of which has been occupied as a tavern, and known by the name of the Red Lyon (at Mill-creek) for many years; the land good, well watered and timbered, and will be ſold together or in parcels, as beſt ſuits the purchaſers. A clear and indiſputable title will be made on payment of one third of the purchaſe money, and the remainder ſecured to be paid in payments, with or without intereſt, as we may agree. For terms of ſale apply to ABRAHAM GIBBONS, near the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, in the borough of Cheſter.

Second Month, 19th, 1783. JAMES GIBBONS.

N. B. If the above premiſes are not ſold by the firſt of Fifth Month, the mills will be rented. J. G.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in New Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, a red brown HEIFER, ſuppoſed to be one year and a half old, mark'd on the right ear. The owner is hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOHN MOYER.

Auguſt 6, 1782. †

To be Sold at Public AUCTION,

On the Premiſes, the 20th of March next,

A MOST valuable tract of LAND, in Lancaſter county, Donegall townſhip, containing 560 acres and allowances of ſix per cent. for roads---About 150 acres whereof are cleared, the remainder extreamly well timbered, with walnut, hickory and oak; the ſoil in general is amongſt the firſt for goodneſs of any in that rich neighbourhood, and remarkable for ſure crops; a very healthy ſituation, and plenty of good water. There are about 20 acres of watered meadow, which may be increaſed to more than double the quantity, by a few days labour, the ſtream being very plentiful. The orchard is large and remarkable for the ſureſt and greateſt quantity of fruit of any in the county, which has been fully proved for a number of years paſt. There is a large dwelling-houſe, intended for four rooms on a floor, not yet finiſhed, alſo out houſes; diſtance from the borough of Lancaſter 18 miles, and three from the river Saſquehanna, where great quantities of ſhad and other fiſh are caught in their ſeaſons, and very convenient to different places of worſhip. This land has always been occupied by the original locator, James Aliſon, and his ſon, until my purchaſe. A good title, and immediate poſſeſſion, will be given, and the terms of payment made eaſy, by JOHN MEASE.

Philad. Feb. 11, 1783.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on the firſt of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A CERTAIN HOUSE and LOT of one acre of Land, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of the main ſtreet, the lower end of Germantown, oppoſite to Balthaſar Reſer's, deceaſed, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet 50 feet, and in depth to a forty feet ſtreet, 52 perches; late the eſtate of William Hoffman, blackſmith, deceaſed. There is a good ſmith's ſhop on the lot, likewiſe an orchard and garden, in good repair, and ſuits a blackſmith, cooper, tanner, ſkin-dreſſer, or any public buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe by private ſale, may apply to John Hoffman, near the market place, in Germantown. Due attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by the Executors of the deceaſed. ¶

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

Agreeable to the laſt Will and Teſtament of DANIEL WILLIAMS, deceaſed, on the 15th day of MARCH next.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Gwynedd townſhip, Philadelphia county, about 20 miles from the city, containing 128 acres of land, 15 acres of which is meadow, and more may be made, the Whiſſahiccon creek running through it, upwards of 30 acres of woodland, the remainder good arable land: Thereon is erected a dwelling-houſe, part ſtone and part frame, a frame barn, orchard and well of good water near the door; there is a meeting houſe, griſt mill, and ſaw mill, within a mile of ſaid plantation. The terms will be made known on the premiſes, the day of ſale, by

§ HUMPHREY WILLIAMS, } Executors.
Feb. 3, 1783. GEORGE MARIS }

To be SOLD at public Sale,

Purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Andrew Mitchell, deceaſed, the following plantations or tracts of LAND, viz.

ONE ſituate in Cumberland townſhip, York county, containing 159 acres, 70 whereof woodland, 8 acres of meadow made, and 8 more may be made with very little expence; bounded by lands of John Armſtrong, John Buchannan, and Carrol's tract; the land is exceeding good for grain or paſture, and well watered by ſprings and a large branch of Marſh Creek running through the premiſes, with a good log barn and a ſmall tenement thereon. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. David Ramſey, living on the premiſes. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock, on Wedneſday, the 12th day of March next.

Alſo a plantation, ſituate in Weſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 130 acres, there are 70 acres cleared, and the remainder well timbered, with a good log houſe and a ſpring of good water at the door, alſo a good bearing orchard. Any perſon willing to view the premiſes before the day of ſale may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to Mr. William Davidſon, near the premiſes. The ſale to begin at two o'clock on Thurſday, the tenth day of April next, where attendance and reaſonable credit will be given, by HUGH JORDEN, Executor, and FRANCES MITCHELL, Executrix. *Jan.* 23, 1783.

N. B. If the above plantations are not ſold on the day of ſale, they will be lett. ¶ 5 w.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1783.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on fifth day, the 13th of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and grazing FARM, late the property of William Shreve, ſituate in one of the richeſt and beſt neighbourhoods in Jerſey, being about 30 miles from Philadelphia, in the townſhip of Mansfield, in Burlington county, containing about 320 acres, 80 acres of which are mowable meadow, and more may be made, being plentifully watered, about 110 acres of ploughland, the remainder extraordinary good wood, and moſtly under good cedar fence.---- There are on the premiſes, a new two ſtory frame houſe, with two rooms below ſtairs, and an entry through, four rooms on the ſecond floor, a convenient kitchen, and a cellar under the whole, a pump of good water at the door, a kitchen garden, under a pailed fence, and a thriving young orchard of 200 grafted trees. It is a good ſtand for buſineſs, about 6 miles from Bordentown, 11 from Burlington, convenient to ſeveral Meeting-houſes and mills. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion on or before the firſt day of April, and the terms will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by JEREMIAH WARDER, MORDECAI LEWIS, and SAMUEL COATES, } Aſſignees.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid William Shreve, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame within three months from this date, or they will be put into an Attorney's hands to collect; and thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid Shreve, are requeſted to bring them in, properly proved, to CLAYTON NEWBOLD, ROBERT EMLAY, or CALEB NEWBOLD, in Mansfield, or the Aſſignees, in Philadelphia. ¶ 4 w.

GOOD ENCOURAGEMENT will be given to a Perſon acquainted with SLITTING IRON, and to FORGEMEN, by applying to *JOSHUA GIBSON*, at Brandywine Iron-works, about three miles from Wilmington. ¶

Glouceſter county, January 2, 1783.

WAS lately captured at Egg-harbour, by the ſubſcriber, commanding a company of militia in the ſervice of the State of New-Jerſey, a Negroe MAN, named PETER, about 22 or 23 years of age, who ſays he belongs to one Smith Frame, at the head of Indian river; his maſter is deſired to make application to the Goaler of Glouceſter county, in New-Jerſey, by the firſt day of February next, pay the expence, and take charge of him, or he will be ſold for the ſame, for the uſe of the captors, by, ‡ JOHN DAVIS.

To be Sold by way of Public Vendue,

On the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 6th day of March next,

A Valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND (late the eſtate of Benjamin Hamilton, deceaſed) ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, containing about 126 acres, 12 of which are good meadow, and more may be made, about 30 acres of good woodland, and a young thriving orchard of about 100 bearing apple trees, a good ſquare log-houſe, with a never failing ſpring of water near the door, a good log barn and ſtables; the whole under good repair. Said place is ſituate near Old York road, 21 miles from Philadelphia, within half a mile of Neſhaminey Meeting-houſe, and very near ſeveral griſt mills. The conditions of ſale to be made known on the day of ſale, by

JOHN JAMISON,
ELIJAH STENSON, } Executors.
JOHN HAMILTON,

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment; likewiſe all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the Executors of ſaid eſtate. *Jan.* 27, 1783. ¶4 w.

THE Creditors of JOHN EWAN late of Mountholly, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to the Subſcriber, one of the Aſſignees, in order to make a dividend of a ſmall Sum of Money in his Hands.

‡ JOSHUA HOWELL.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of RICHARD PARKER, late of the city of Philadelphia Braſs-Founder, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who may have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known, in order to be adjuſted, by RICHARD PARKER, MARGARET PARKER. } Adminiſtrat.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of SUSANNA CLAYTON, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make them known to

¶ RICHARD PARKER, MARGARET PARKER, } Execut.

French and Engliſh Languages taught.

A FRENCH Gentleman, who has learned both the Engliſh and his own Language by principles, offers to teach (at their own houſes) the Ladies and Gentlemen who may be deſirous to learn either of them. It does not become him to vaunt his own abilities, but he flatters himſelf the progreſs of his ſcholars will convince them that he is not ill qualified for the undertaking. The pleaſing proſpect of a long intercourſe of trade and friendſhip between the Americans and his countrymen, points out the uſefulneſs of theſe ſo faſhionable and ſo univerſally admired languages, in too ſtrong a manner, to render it neceſſary to expatiate in favor of the learning of them.

The ſaid Gentleman will tranſlate any piece of writing from either of theſe languages into the other, and keep the ſtricteſt ſecrecy, if required.

He lodges at the north-weſt corner-houſe but one of Fourth and Walnut-ſtreets. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon on the 25th day of March next.

ALL that PLANTATION, formerly the property of Ellis Griffith, deceaſed, containing about 112 acres, ſituated in Amity townſhip, in the county of Berks, about one mile from the river Schuylkill, and adjoining Mounts Jones's plantation, which is about ten miles from Reading, on the new road in the ſaid townſhip; conſiſting of a dwelling houſe, barn, ſtable, and other out buildings, about 50 acres of good wheat land cleared, and under good fence, with about 6 acres of meadow, and a quantity more may be made at a ſmall expence; the whole is watered in the drieſt ſeaſon, by a conſtant ſtream running through the ſame. The ſaid plantation is capable of many valuable improvements, which may be made at a ſmall expence, and the remainder is good white oak timber land, &c.

For viewing the premiſes, and knowing the terms of ſale, apply to Mr. Henry Hoffa, at the ſign of the White Horſe, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, in the townſhip aforeſaid.

N. B. If the above plantation is not ſold before the 8th day of March next, it will be ſold on that day, between the hours of three and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the ſign of the White Horſe abovementioned, to the higheſt bidder, and a good title will be made to the purchaſer by the ſubſcriber,

Philad. Jan. 24, 1783. JOHN LEE.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT is to ſhow,
To my ſubſcribers if they'd know,
Six months is almoſt o'er;
Which I have rode; therefore my wages,
I muſt demand from different ſtages,
Elſe I can ride no more.
I have been riding clear of gains,
Only my labour for my pains;
Expences almoſt double----
To what they were when I ſet out,
Well you may ſee, I make no doubt,
I've nothing for my trouble:
My money therefore, have I muſt,
Whether or not you take diſguſt----
Without further delay.
The printers muſt be paid, no doubt,
Or no more papers they'l give out,
Till they receive their pay.
Thoſe in arrears for time that's paſt,
I now adviſe them for the laſt,
To ſave themſelves and me,
Of further trouble---I do warn---
Delinquents not to take alarm,
When they the Bailiff ſee.
No more my friends can I perform,
My weekly tours through cold and ſtorm,
I tell you now in fine----
Unleſs more wages, not a mile,
I'll ride hereafter the old ſtile----
my name's
JAMES BALLANDINE.

January 18, 1783.

TO BE LETT,

For one or more Years,

TWO PASTURE LOTS,

CONTAINING about eight acres, ſituate at the back of the Blue-Houſe. For terms, apply to WILLIAM ALLISON or JOHN BLEAKLEY, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets. ‡

Claret in Hogſheads and Bottles,

To be SOLD by

MEREDITHS and CLYMER. ¶

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 186 acres of good land, with Cheſter creek running through the middle of it there are 20 acres of good meadow, part thereof watered by ſaid creek, and as much more may be made and well watered, with a good ſeat for almoſt any ſort of water-works; there are erected on ſaid premiſes, a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with a log kitchen adjoining the ſame, and a never failing ſpring of water within a few yards of the door, with a good houſe over the ſame, part log and part ſtone, with a good frame barn, ſtables and other out-houſes, a good log ſhop ſuit- able for a tradeſman; there are on ſaid place, two good bearing orchards, and a young orchard of 50 trees of the beſt grafted fruit, about 120 acres cleared, and the reſt well timbered; the whole in good repair. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid premiſes.

Jan. 28. ‡ THOMAS RUSSELL.

Philadelphia County, February 7, 1783.

IN purſuance of an order of the ORPHANS COURT, we, the ſubſcribers, Auditors appointed to aſcertain the debts due from the eſtate of CHARLES JOLLY, Eſq; of Lower Merion townſhip, deceaſed, do hereby give notice to the creditors to produce their demands to us, at the houſe of Mrs. Catharine Jolly, near the Gulf Mill, on the 26th day of this inſt. February, in order that a ſettlement may be made of the ſaid eſtate.

ABRAHAM NANNA,
JONATHAN ROBERTS,
¶ LINDSAY COATS.

Northern Liberties or Upper Ferry.

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with two HORSE-BOATS, a SCOW, and all other neceſſary boats, in compleat order for the care and convenience of paſſengers, continues to give the ſtricteſt attendance to the ferry, and hopes his attention to his buſineſs will entitle him to the favor of his former cuſtomers and others. JOSEPH VAN-DYKE.

N. B. Entertainment for man and horſe, boats and proper hands to attend, are always ready to wait on Ladies and Gentlemen, who wiſh to go on parties of pleaſure or buſineſs. †

TO BE SOLD,

ONE Hundred and Seventy acres of LAND, in Chriſtiana hundred, New-Caſtle county, on which is a ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 40 feet front, well finiſhed off, a good barn and ſtables, 45 feet by 32, ſheds and other neceſſary out-houſes, a good ſpring and houſe over it, pailed garden, three orchards, moſtly young trees, nine acres of good watered meadow made, and more partly cleared, plow land good, and well watered, the woodland is well timbered, the whole in good repair, in a healthy good neighbourhood, near to different ſorts of mills, and houſes of worſhip, within eight miles of Wilmington, and ſeven of Newport, on the weſt branch of the Kennet or Lewis's road; and as the roads to Newport and Oakeſſion branches from ſaid Kennet road cloſe by ſaid houſe, it is generally eſteemed as the only ſuitable place (vacant) for a ſtore and tavern within many miles of the ſame; therefore, about 40 acres of the ſaid upland and 5 acres of watered meadow, in the forks of ſaid roads, and the above buildings and improvements, will be ſold ſeparate, for either of ſaid employments, if it would ſuit the purchaſer beſt. The title is good, and clear of quitrent. With ſaid land may be had a good ſtock of horſe kind, horned cattle, and farming utenſils of all ſorts, as the ſubſcriber intends to move into a town. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or that part for a tavern, may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, GEORGE CRAGHEAD.

Juſt imported for SALE, in the laſt ſhips arrived at Baltimore from France.

By *JOHN WOODWARD*,

At his STORE in Front-ſtreet, near Union-Street, where Mr. Tench Coxe lately lived,

AN Aſſortment of Chintzes and Calicoes.---Britannia and other Linens.----Sheetings, Shalloons, Camblets and Callimancoes.---Superfine, ſecond and coarſe Broad Cloths.---Broad and narrow Flanders Bedticks.---Flannels, Coatings, Duffils and ſuperfine Frizes.---Corduroys, Sattins and Velvets, &c. &c.

January 8, 1783. ¶

WILLIAM JONES,

ORGAN-BUILDER, from Charleſtown, South Carolina,

BEGS leave to acquaint the public, that he undertakes cleaning, repairing, quilling and tuning harpſichords, forte-pianos and ſpinnets, on reaſonable terms; he alſo can alter the touch of harpſichords and ſpinnets, ſo as to be more agreeable to the performer, and better for the inſtrument; likewiſe tunes guittars Thoſe ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to employ him, may depend on his utmoſt endeavours to render them perfect ſatisfaction Enquire at John Keeys, Hatter, in Strawberry-Alley. ¶

TO BE SOLD.

A PLANTATION or TRACT of Land, containing 130 acres, ſituated in Hilltown townſhip, Bucks county, 30 miles from Philadelphia, and on the public road to Bethlehem, 25 acres of which are good meadow, moſt of which can be watered, and 10 acres more may be made, about 40 or 50 acres woodland, the remainder cleared and under good fence. On this place is a good ſtone Houſe, two ſtories high, with a ſquare Log Houſe adjoining, ſquare log barn, with ſtables under the mows, a very good orchard of near two hundred apple trees, a good pailed garden, and three excellent ſprings of water, that never failed the laſt ſummer, one of them within 6 rods of the houſe. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

THOMAS MORRIS.

N. B. If this place is not ſold by the firſt of March enſuing, it will then be expoſed to public ſale on the premiſes. ¶

December 10, 1782.

WAS left at the ſubſcriber's, in Berwick townſhip, York county, and State of Pennſylvania, on the 9th of November laſt, by a man who called himſelf JAMES RICHERSON, a waggon, three horſes, and a Negroe boy called Criſmus; the ſaid Richerſon went away to meet the owner of ſaid waggon, and is not returned ſince; the ſaid Negroe boy ſays his maſter's name is Mark Ronfroe, living at Henry county, in the State of Virginia. The proper owner or owners of ſaid waggon, horſes and Negroe boy, is hereby deſired to prove property, pay charges, and take them away from ¶ WILLIAM BAGHER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

Supplement to the Pennsylvania Gazette. No. 2750.

TO BE SOLD,

At the late Dwelling-house of ROBERT TOWERS, jun. in Market-street, on reasonable Terms,

A general Assortment of fresh DRUGS and MEDICINES;
PATENT MEDICINES;
PAINTERS COLOURS;
SPICES;
SURGEONS INSTRUMENTS;
APOTHECARIES SHOP FURNITURE;
A Collection of MEDICAL BOOKS, among which are,
A few Volumes of valuable MANUSCRIPTS;
A stout young MARE, and a new RIDING CHAIR, with a Top and Harness compleat.

What remains on Hand will be sold by public Vendue, on Tuesday, the 18th Day of March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, at the said House.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Robert Towers, jun. are requested to make Payment; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts to

Feb. 18. § ROBERT TOWERS, Executor.

To all persons indebted for Taxes on land in Northumberland county, from 1773 to 1781, both inclusive;

NOTICE is hereby Given,

THAT the subscriber is properly authorised to settle and receive all such taxes: The Commissioners have hitherto proceeded with great moderation and forbearance; but so far as respects the Eighteen-penny Taxes, of which due and legal notice hath been long since given, a further delay need not be expected, if the present opportunity is not embraced: The other subsequent taxes, will be received either in old continental bills of credit, State money, or specie, as the law directs. It is hoped as the public demands are urgent, that without further delay all persons concerned will attend, settle and discharge their respective dues, for which purpose attendance will be given at Doctor Joseph Gardner's, in Market-street, near the Black-horse, during the hours of recess from the business of the general assembly during the present session, and no longer, by

¶ WILLIAM MONTGOMERY.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION of about 95 acres of extraordinary good Land, situate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, 5 miles from the city, and about half a mile from Frankford, joining the road leading from Frankford to Germantown, bounding on Frankford-creek, on which is a good 2 story stone house and kitchen, a never failing spring of good water near the house, with a stone house over it, also a well of good water with a pump in the yard, a large frame barn and stabling, a large orchard of the best grafted fruit, 4 or 5 acres of meadow and more may be cleared, 20 acres of woodland well timbered; said plantation commands a beautiful prospect of Philadelphia, and the river Delaware, also the village of Frankford, and is very convenient for a gentleman's country seat. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may view the premises and know the terms, by applying to

¶ ROBERT HARPER, on said place.

Philadelphia, February 18, 1783.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the old George tavern, the corner of Second and Arch streets, on Thursday, the 27th instant, at twelve o'clock at noon, a certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing 4 acres, subject to a ground-rent of £ 4 13 4 per annum, payable to William Coates.

Also two certain other lots or parcels of land, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, lying contiguous to and adjoining each other, and together making one whole lot or parcel of land, containing 14 acres and 23 perches; the whole bounded by lands now or late of Thomas Fisher, Mary Masters, Isaac Coates, Poplar lane, and a 50 feet road; late the estate of George Croghan, deceased.

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

N. B. A plan of the said lots may be seen at the Sheriff's office, or place of sale.

Philadelphia, Februry 12, 1783.

ALL persons that are indebted to the estate of Sarah Forrest, deceased, by bond, note or book debt, are requested to call and discharge the same to the subscriber; and those that have any demands against the said estate, are desired to produce their accounts, properly attested, that they may be adjusted, by

† FREDERICK CHRISTIAN, Acting Executor.

Philadelphia, First Month 8*th*, 1783.

To be RENTED or SOLD,

A PLANTATION, situate in Kennet township, Chester county, containing about 160 acres, part of which are meadow, with a large dwelling-house, and other buildings, &c. The said plantation is within about ten miles of an extraordinary market, held twice a week at Wilmington, and may be entered upon the 8th of the Fourth Month. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, living in Philadelphia.

¶ t. b. c. t. f. WILLIAM ZANE.

Chester, February 10, 1783.

BY virtue of an order to me directed, under the hands and seals of Thomas Cheney, Isaac Taylor and Joseph Lucky, Esquires, the sale of a large quantity of British goods, illegally transported into this State, and regularly condemned by a due course of law, will begin on the 3d day of March next, at the house of Caleb Taylor, in Birmingham township, and continued from day to day till the whole are sold. The goods consist chiefly of coats, vests, breeches, shirts, stockings, shoes, bensoals, hats, plaids, broadcloths, stocks, stock buckles, a variety of buttons, &c. &c. &c. The sale to begin at 12 o'clock; taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

A few copies of the following excellent work, for the illumination of the Judges and Grand Juries in America,

May now be had at BELL's *Book-store.*

Price One Dollar.

The Trust, Power and Duty

Of the Grand Juries of England.

EXPLAINED, according to the fundamentals of the English government, and the declarations of the same, made in Parliament by many statutes; with several curious cases relative to Judges and Juries. Exhibited at this time, for the information of all the friends of Liberty, who wish that true freedom, instead of being diminished, may be increased ten fold, by the revolution of America from Great-Britain.

Also NUMBER SECOND---Price One Dollar.

A View of Society and Manners

In France, Switzerland, Germany, and Italy:
With Anecdotes relating to some Eminent Characters.
Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D.
During his Travels through those Countries, with his Grace,
The present Duke of HAMILTON.

May now be had at BELL's Book-store in Third-street. ¶

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, and to be SOLD cheap by

WILLIAM & JOHN SITGREAVES,

At their STORE in Market-street, between Front and Second-streets, the corner of Lætitia-Court,

COARSE and fine Broadcloths,
Silesia Cloths,---Cassimers,
Coatings,---Naps,
Blankets,---Flannels,
Embossed Serge,
Hair Plush of best Colours,
Camblets, Calimancoes & Durants,
Ell wide Flanders Sheeting,
Russia and Flanders Bedtick,
Wide and narrow Dowlass,
Royal and Laval Linens,
¾ and yard wide Britannias,
Ravens Duck,
Russia Drilling,
German Oznabrigs,
Calicoes and Chintz,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Plain and figured Jeans,
Striped Ginghams,
Corded and Fancy Dimity,
Yard wide Cotton Checks,
Yard & ell wd. Cotton Stripes,
Diaper,---and Towelling,
Coloured Nankeens,
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs,
Stamped Cotton ditto,
Black and white Catgut,
Striped Gauze,
Minionet and flowered Lawns,
Plain and striped Muslins,
Yard wide black Modes,
Black India ell wide Persians,
Half-yard and Half-ell ditto,
Taffeties and Lutestrings,
Brocaded Silks,
White Sattins,
Black Hair Ribband,
Mens and Womens Silk and Cotton Hose,
Sewing Silk,
Threads and Bindings,
Ivory Combs,---Pins,
And a small Assortment of Jewellery.

Also Starch in Kegs, and a good Forte-Piano. 4 w.

North Wales, February 11, 1783.

WHEREAS some evil minded person has propagated a report very injurious and hurtful to my character, I hereby challenge such to appear in an open and bold manner, and meet me on the ground of Justice, and dare them to impeach me with any act unbecoming a gentleman and an honest man, which character I have ever held dear; and I further offer a Reward of One Hundred Guineas to any person or persons, who will prove the author of a report that I was privy to robbing a Collector, a circumstance I totally deny, either with respect to Collectors or any other person or persons, and do now charge the author or authors of such scandalous report to be lying calumniators, and am determined to prosecute any person who may in future endeavour to circulate such report to my disadvantage.

† CHRISTIAN DULL.

TO BE SOLD

On Tuesday the 4th day of March, on the Premises.

A PLANTATION containing 233¾ acres of land, lying on Broad Creek (a branch of Back Creek) in Cecil county, in the State of Maryland, 40 acres of which is in wood. There are on the premises, a tolerable good dwelling-house and other out-houses, a good barn of hewed logs, 22 feet by 18, a spring of excellent water close by the door, an orchard containing about 100 apple-trees of choice fruit, and about 8 acres of meadow ground. The situation of this farm renders it extremely valuable, being within 3 miles of 3 different merchant-mills, within 6 of the Head of Elk, and a number of other merchant-mills. The farm is divided into 4 fields, each of which is watered by Broad Creek, near the mouth of which a landing, at least equal if not superior to that on Back Creek, may be made, the distance from which to Christiana Creek, Port Penn and Hamburgh on Delaware, is as short, as from any of the waters of Chesapeak. Credit will be allowed for one half the purchase money, on giving bonds upon interest with good security.

HENRY WARD PEARCE.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A PLANTATION in New-London township, Chester county, within 40 miles of Philadelphia, containing 160 acres of land, 30 of which is meadow, and about 20 more may be made, near half can be watered, a good new stone grist mill, with two pair of stones, one of which is burrs, a saw mill, a good new squared log-house, with four rooms on a floor, two stories high, a large kitchen adjoining, a good log barn, about 60 acres of wood land, the whole in good repair. The above plantation and mills are within 12 miles of Christiana bridge, from which flour is delivered to Philadelphia for One Shilling a barrel, and within 12 miles of the Head of Elk, where wheat may be had on low terms. For further particulars, apply to EDWARD STROUD, on the premises. Possession may be had the first of April. ¶

WILLIAM SMITH,

In Second-street, the third door above the Church, has now by Wholesale and Retail,

A QUANTITY of double flint pint, gill, and half gill Tumblers, together with a handsome assortment of China and Queens ware, japaned and pewter ware; an assortment of knives and forks, and other cutlery ware; a quantity of Ivory combs, coffee mills, shoes, and a few boxes of window glass. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A QUANTITY of RIGHTS to locate Lands, in any Part of the Western Division of New-Jersey, on reasonable Terms, and a good Title will be made by the Subscriber,

Mount-Pleasant, Feb. 4, 1783. JOHN LEE.

Wanted for one Year, to superintend a Plantation; if well qualified (none else need apply) good Wages will be given.

*** A Man is wanted for the same situation; if well qualified (none else need apply) good Wages will be given.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in West Fallowfield township, Chester county, containing 265 acres, with a good dwelling-house, two stories high, four convenient fire places on the lower floor, and very suitable for any kind of public business, as its situation is where different roads lead to Lancaster, Wilmington, Newport, Christiana Bridge and to Johnson's ferry, on Susquehanna, and a good well of never failing water convenient to the house, a good barn and stables, with other out-houses, two good bearing orchards of the best grafted fruit trees; the plantation well watered with several springs running through the same, 12 acres of meadow made, and more may be made; it hath been a public house of entertainment for many years past, and lies in a very healthy pleasant situation. The title indisputable. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises, SAMUEL FUTHEY. ¶

N. B. It is a very suitable place for a store.

DEAN and PURVIANCE,

Have juſt imported in the ſhips Congreſs and Intrepid, from France, and are now opening, the following GOODS, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the third door below the Drawbridge, which they will ſell on very reaſonable terms,

BLUE, brown, laylock, bloſſom, grey, hazle green, cheſnut, white, faun boue de Paris, mixed, and light coloured ſuperfine, midling and coarſe Cloths,
Nonbattu and royal Linens,
3-qr. and yard wide Brittanias,
Cottons, Calicoes and chintzes,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Striped, corded and lawn Handkerchiefs,
Milinet Lawn,
Marſeilles Quilting,
Plain and corded Dimities,
Dyed Jeans,
Womens white and coloured Kid Gloves,
A great Variety of plain and painted broad and narrow Ribbands,
Striped, flowered, plain, French and Italian Gauze,
A large Aſſortment of white and black blond Lace,
Men and Womens Silk Stockings,
Black Taffeties,
Black, white, cinnamon, roſe, ſilver grey, plum and Paris mode coloured Sattins,
Black Paduaſoy and Prunellas,
Striped Ticking,
Crimſon, pink and light blue Perſians,
Silk Shoe Patterns, Pins, &c.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

And may be entered on immediately,

A WELL finiſhed two ſtory brick HOUSE, two rooms on each floor, an elegant Piazza 30 feet by 12, floored: Alſo, a ſmall frame BUILDING, ſuitable for a ſmall family, with a Stable and Chaiſe-houſe, two large Gardens well fenced, with ſome fruit Trees, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, between the middle and upper ferries, in the city of Philadelphia, and commands a beautiful proſpect of the river: Alſo, ſeveral LOTS in the City, from one to four acres. For particulars enquire of the Printer. D. J.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1783.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres, more or leſs, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, ſpring-houſe, barn and ſtables, a large young orchard, and 20 acres of meadow, and near as much more may be made at a reaſonable expence; there are about 80 acres of it good woodland, and ſo convenient to the lime-kilns, that it may be limed for leſs than Sixpence per puſhel. Poſſeſſion may be had the 25th of March next. For terms of ſale, apply to NONES and COHEN, Brokers, in Front-ſtreet, next to the Poſt-office.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1783.

N. B. The above mentioned land is ſituate on the direct line between the Court-houſe of Lancaſter and Philadelphia. The line has been run, and the road will run through it, which will undoubtedly render it a ſuitable place for a ſtore or tavern.

WHereas Mr. *Guillier de Mondoucet*, a French gentleman from Nogent Le Rotrou, and ſuppoſed to be now on the continent of North-America, is become heir to a very conſiderable fortune in France, by the demiſe of his parents. This is to deſire any perſon or perſons who may have heard of the ſaid Mr. Guillier, to inform Meſſrs. LACAZE and MALLET, merchants in Philadelphia, by letter or otherwiſe, what is become of him, whether he be dead or living.

All information concerning the ſaid Mr. Guillier will be thankfully received by LACAZE & MALLET.

Phlad. Feb. 4, 1783.

TO BE LETT,

About nine miles from this city, in a good neighbourhood,

A GENTEEL well finiſhed dwelling houſe, two ſtories high, and garrets; there are four large rooms below, and five up ſtairs, a large kitchen adjoining, with chambers over it, and a cellar under the whole, large piazzas on the back and front ſides of the houſe, a large pailed garden, with a variety of fruit, and in compleat order, and about twenty acres of upland and meadow, with a ſufficient quantity of fire wood, ſtabling for eight horſes, a carriage houſe, and hen houſe, and every other convenience, ſuitable for a gentleman's family. For particulars enquire of the Printers.

N. B. More land may be had with the above premiſes, if required, and ſupplied with every kind of ſtock, and a great variety of poultry, at a very reaſonable rate.

To be Sold or Lett by the ſubſcriber,

or exchanged for a Houſe in town,

THE elegant HOUSE and LOT he now lives in, near the two mile ſtone on the Frankford road: Likewiſe to be ſold, Two LOTS of GROUND, ſituated on the north ſide of a fifty feet ſtreet, extending into Paſſyunk road, near the ſouth bounds of the city, one of them containing in front 100 feet, and in depth 180 feet; bounded weſterly by ground of William Drury, and northerly partly by Drury's ground and partly by a ſeven feet alley: The other lot containing 50 feet in front, and 180 feet in depth; bounded weſterly by ground late of Peter Howard, northerly by the above mentioned ſeven feet alley, weſterly by a 14 feet alley. Enquire of Mr. ALEXANDER TODD, merchant, in Front-ſtreet, or of ¶ RICHARD FARMER.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN THORNHILL, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible. JOSEPH THORNHILL, RICHARD THORNHILL, JOHN THORNHILL, JOHN DOWERS. Adminiſtrators. *Feb.* 17, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of ISAAC BURNS, of Marple townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, to be and appear at his dwelling-houſe, on the 6th day of March next, to receive a rateable part of the debts due to them reſpectively, and to give diſcharges for the ſame to

Feb. 18, 1783. ¶ ISAAC BURNS.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

living in the townſhip of Midletown, and county of Cheſter,

A LOT of GROUND, whereon are a large three ſtory brick houſe, kitchen, tanyard and draw-well, &c.

Alſo a LOT of GROUND on Ridley creek, containing eight acres and one quarter, about one half marſh, in good timothy graſs, the other half upland, whereon is a good bearing orchard; all ſituate in the borough of Cheſter; which will be ſold ſeparate or together. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above premiſes, by applying to the ſubſcriber, may know the terms of ſale.

Jan. 7, 1783. ¶ ROBERT PENNELL.

TO BE SOLD,

Purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of GEORGE GEARY, late of the townſhip of Gwynedd, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed,

A PLANTATION ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, contiguous to the great road leading from Philadelphia to Bethlehem, about 21 miles from the former, and within a half a mile of a free ſchool, containing 112 acres of land, 15 acres of which is good meadow, 40 acres of wood-land, the remainder arable; there is on ſaid premiſes a log houſe, a large barn and a ſpring-houſe over a never failing ſpring of water, a bearing orchard of 150 apple trees, the whole in good repair.

For terms of ſale apply to GEORGE MARIS, and HUGH EVANS, Executors, near North-Wales meeting-houſe. ¶

To be Lett for a certain term of years,

A GRIST-MILL and SAW-MILL, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, within two miles of Goſhen meeting-houſe, with a good ſtream of water, a good dwelling-houſe and orchard, with upland and meadow ground; it may be entered on the firſt of April, or ſooner. For terms, enquire of

¶ THOMAS REES, living on ſaid premiſes.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JACOB WENTZ, ſen. late of Worceſter townſhip, Philadelphia county, deceaſed, by bills, bonds, notes, book-debts or otherwiſe, are hereby deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers hereof, of the townſhip and county aforeſaid, before the 27th day of May next, to prevent farther coſt; and all perſons, who have any juſt demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts, properly adjuſted.

¶ JACOB WENTZ, and } Adminiſtrators.
Feb. 3, 1783. MICHAEL CROLL, }

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE into the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip of Cheſter, county of Burlington, ſtate of New-Jerſey, a yellow NEGROE MAN, with large fore teeth; had on a pair of ſtriped trowſers, white cap, and no hat, his other clothes not remembered. He demanded the ſubſcriber's money, who being hard of hearing did not underſtand him, his wife endeavoured to tell what he ſaid; the Negroe ſaid if ſhe ſpoke one word he would put her to death. The Negroe having a piſtol in his hand, diſcharged it at the ſubſcriber, and the two balls that were in the piſtol, hit the leather jacket he had on, but did not enter his body, though he was very much hurt, and the Negroe immediately left the houſe. Any perſon, who will apprehend and ſecure the ſaid Negroe in any Goal, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

Feb. 3, 1783. THOMAS WARRINGTON.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of WILLIAM JACKSON, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible. MARY JACKSON, Adminiſtratrix.

§ 4 w WILLIAM ADCOCK, Adminiſtrator.

CAME on the premiſes of the ſubſcriber, living in Reading townſhip, York county, near Hamer's mill, a black Mare, about 7 years old, and about 12 hands high; no brand nor ſaddle viſible or natural marks. The owner is deſired to come, and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Dec. 3, 1782. ¶ JOHN NEELY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been taken up treſpaſſing in the incloſures of the ſubſcribers, living in Mannelan townſhip, in the county of York, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania, the 10th inſtant: Two ſtray MARES, the one a ſorrel, about 13 hands high, three white feet, with a blaze in her face, and a ſmall white ſpot on one ſide of her neck, no brand, ſuppoſed to be about 12 years old; the other a dark roan, about 13 hands high, no brand nor particular marks, ſuppoſed to be 10 years old. The owner or owners is deſired to prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

LAWRENCE BOSMAN,
Dec. 24, 1782. ¶ JOHN SIMONS.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN laſt night out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, in Sadſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, a grey MARE, 6 years old, 14½ hands high; ſhod before, no brand nor ear-mark, ſhort tail and the hair rubbed off her buttocks, natural to trot and goes faſt, was likely and in good order, when taken, EIGHT DOLLARS will be paid for the mare if recovered, and reaſonable charges, and the remainder for the thief, if convicted, by

Feb. 1, 1782. ¶ JOHN WASON.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1783.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber gave a bond to Richard Gregory, of Hartford county, in Maryland, for Forty Pounds, in gold or ſilver money, bearing date October the 16th, 1782; this is therefore to forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment of the ſaid bond, as they may depend I will not pay it, without being compelled by law.

BENJAMIN MYERS.

N. B. Theſe are to notify the above named Richard Gregory to call on the ſubſcriber, to rectify the wilful miſtake made, otherwiſe he may depend on being proſecuted. ¶ B. M.

LACAZE & MALLET,

At their STORE in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

An elegant aſſortment of Dry Goods,

Lately imported in the laſt veſſels from France.

Alſo good Engliſh MUSKETS.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. JOSEPH SIMS, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are hereby earneſtly deſired to make immediate payment; thoſe perſons who are in arrears for intereſt money, and neglect to comply with the above requeſt in ſix weeks from this date, may depend on being dealt with as the law directs, without further notice.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12, 1783.

ANN SIMS, Executrix,
WOODROP, SIMS, Executor.

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, did, in the month of November, 1775, give a note of hand unto William White, of the townſhip of New Providence, and county of Philadelphia, for the ſum of Fifteen Pounds; and whereas the money has been at different times lawfully tendered for the ſame, this is to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay any part thereof, unleſs compelled by law.

Cheſter County, February 23, 1783.

¶ ROBERT TODD.

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber,

Living in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 3 miles from the Turk's Head,

A PLANTATION containing 150 acres of land, 30 acres of which is good meadow, 30 acres of wood-land, the remainder arable; there is on ſaid premiſes a good ſtone houſe, 40 feet by 30, with a kitchen 20 feet by 18, adjoining, a ſtone barn 60 feet by 40, with a ſtone ſtable 40 feet by 20, a ſpring-houſe over a never failing ſpring of water, a bearing orchard of 200 apple trees, and other fruit trees, the whole in good repair. There are 30 acres of ſaid land lying on the north ſide of the road leading from the Turk's Head to Downingtown, and 120 acres on the ſouth ſide of ſaid road, which is divided by a ſtone fence, and a ſmall ſtream of water runs through the whole length of the land; there is alſo a ſmall orchard of grafted fruit trees on the north ſide of ſaid road, and a ſmall ſtream of water runs through the ſame. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above premiſes, may know the terms of ſale by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

¶ JAMES TATE, on

Jan. 30, 1783.

Best possible image.

Pursuant to an order issued out of the Orphan's court for the county of Chester, will be sold at public vendue, by the Administratrix of the estate of JOSEPH HOLLIS, late of the township of West-Bradford, deceased, on the premises, on Saturday, the eighth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

A CERTAIN PLANTATION, tract or parcel of Land, containing about 100 acres, with a messuage or tenement, barn, stables and spring-house thereon erected, also a good bearing orchard, about 7 acres of good watered meadow and more may be made, 30 acres of woodland well timbered, situate in the township of West-Bradford aforesaid, bounded by land of Abel Griffiths, Archibald Young, and others; late the property of the said JOSEPH HOLLIS, deceased. The conditions of sale will be made known, at the time and place aforesaid, by

HANNAH HOLLIS, Administratrix. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A BRICK HOUSE in Walnut-street near Fourth-street, in the tenure of Mr. Thomas Fitzsimons, containing in front 16 feet 6 inches, and in depth 40 feet; it has two parlours, two chambers, and two garrets, with a frame kitchen 16 by 13 feet, with a room over it; and back of the kitchen is a stable and chair-house. The lot is 108 feet deep, with a privilege of a 7 foot alley, the whole subject to a ground rent of Fourteen Dollars per annum. Also two lots adjoining the above house, containing on Walnut-street 24 feet 9 inches each in depth, and 220 feet each in length. On one of those lots there are two brick kitchens, two stories high, a room below, one above, and a cellar to each; on the other lot is a stable that will hold four horses and a chariot. There is a large new store 48 by 20 feet two stories high, back of the two lots, which, as well as the stable, may be purchased or not with the lots. It would be most agreeable to sell the whole together; if that cannot be done, they will be sold separate, and sufficient time will be given for payment, on giving good security. For further particulars enquire of GEORGE MEADE.

He has also to dispose of on credit several tracts of land, in the neighbourhoods of Alexandria and Winchester, in Virginia.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in New-London township, Chester county, 11 miles from Christina landing, 9 miles from the Head of Elk, and 17 miles from Wilmington, containing 420 acres, about one half cleared, 25 acres of meadow and 6 more may be made, above 250 bearing apple trees. There is on said plantation, a good house two stories high, with a kitchen adjoining; a good stone mill-house 42 feet by 32, built in 1769, (cedar roofed, with two pair of stones and two good bolting cloths &c.) on Big Elk Creek, a never failing stream; a good barn with stabling for 18 horses, and hay lofts above, a spring and spring-house within 10 yards of the kitchen door, and never failing springs in each field; a good title will be given for the whole. For terms, apply to the subscriber, on the premises. ROBERT WILKIN. †

Philadelphia, March 19, 1782.

THE partnership of George Meade, and Company, having expired the first instant, all those who have any demands against them, are requested to call on the subscriber for payment, who is duly authorised to settle the affairs of the late Company; and all those indebted to them are likewise requested to discharge the same immediately.

GEORGE MEADE.

GEORGE MEADE has removed his compting-house to his dwelling-house, at the south-west corner of Walnut and Third-streets, where he has for sale, Havanna Sugars in boxes, West-India Rum by the hogshead, a good assortment of Dry Goods by the bale or smaller quantity, Beef and Pork by the barrel.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, in West-Town township, Chester county, containing 80 acres of good fresh land, about 50 acres cleared, and the remainder well timbered, about four acres of meadow cleared, and conveniency of making as much more; there are on said plantation, a good log dwelling-house and stable, a young bearing orchard of the best grafted fruit, and a saw-mill, built on Chester creek, the said creek running through the land a considerable distance, which affords a very fine seat for a grist-mill, it being in a very fine neighbourhood for wheat and timber. Any person inclining to purchase may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

Jan. 25, 1783. ‡ ROBERT YEARSLEY.

TO BE SOLD,

On easy Terms of payment,

A PLANTATION, situate in West Caln township, Chester county, containing 340 acres; it is about one mile from a good grist and saw-mill: There are on the said tract 50 or 60 acres of meadow land, a part cleared, with a quantity of plough land cleared, and a good bearing orchard. It may be very conveniently divided into two places, as there are timber, meadow-ground and water, sufficient to accommodate both. There are buildings which serve for two tenements already. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, or to JESSE YARNALL, living on the premises. ¶ WILLIAM SHIPLEY.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Buckingham township, Bucks county, some time ago, A stray pied BULL. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

Jan. 23, 1783. † JONATHAN BROWN.

MEAT

Taken in to SMOKE by

JOHN JONES,

In Market-street, next door to the Old Jail.

EPSOM SALTS,

Of an excellent Quality, to be Sold, by the Barrel, by

JOHN KAIGHN,

In Front-street, near Arch-street.

TO BE SOLD, or LETT,

A HOUSE and LOT of GROUND, situate in Southwark, on Second-street, below Almond-street, the house is of brick, three stories high, and seventeen and half feet front, two rooms on a floor, with a brick kitchen, two stories high, connected by a piazza, the whole having been newly repaired and painted. The lot is 200 feet deep, under good fence; there is before the door a pump of choice water. The situation is airy and pleasant, and might suit a Captain of a vessel, or gentleman who would choose to live retired. It is subject to a ground-rent of only Thirty three shillings currency per annum, and may be entered immediately. For terms enquire as above, †

Philadelphia, January 24, 1783.

JAMES NEWPORT,

DISTILLER,

At his STORE *in Front-street above Arch-street, the third door above the Bank Meeting,*

Has, by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, on very reasonable terms,

WINES,
West-India Rum,
Country Ditto,
Brandy,
Gin equal to any imported,
Peach, Apple Rye & Spirits,
Annifeed Waters,
Clove ditto,
Orange ditto,
Cinnamon ditto,
Pepper Mint ditto,
Allfours,

And Spirits of Wine, proper for raising the proof of Rum, or any other Spirits; and is also fit for medicinal uses. He has fine flavoured Rum colouring.

N. B. He makes good allowance to country dealers and town store-keepers, who may always depend upon the goodness of his distilled liquors. ¶

The 24th day of 12th Month, 1782.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT one hundred Acres of LAND, with Improvements, half the tract cleared, good upland and meadow, the remainder well timbered; on said premises are a grist and merchant mill, on a good constant stream of water, well situated for business, 13 miles from Philadelphia. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, very pleasantly situated, in Northampton, Bucks county, containing 185 acres of good land (old measure) and an excellent stand for any public business, with a compleat stone house, four rooms on a floor, and a stone kitchen adjoining, an extraordinary barn and stables, a never failing well of excellent water, with a good pump in it, near the door, two bearing orchards, a variety of plumb, peach and cherry trees, a quantity of good meadow, and wood sufficient for the place. Any person inclinable to purchase said plantation may know the terms, by applying to JACOB BENNET, on the premises. ‡ December 21, 1782.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, in the borough of Wilmington, being a corner of High and Market-streets, and directly opposite the Upper Market, fronting on High-street 23 feet, and 69 on Market-street; whereon are a large commodious brick house, four rooms on a floor, a small two story brick tenement, and a frame ditto adjoining. Will be sold together, or separate, as may suit the purchasers.

Also a corner LOT, fronting on High and King-streets, 97 feet on High-street, and 62 feet on King-street; to be disposed of altogether, or divided into lots. Enquire of *Jonathan Dawes*, in Chesnut-street, or of *Rumford* and *Abijah Dawes*, in Water-street, between Market and Arch-streets, Philadelphia. ¶

To be Sold by the Subscriber,

ABOUT fifteen acres of land, in Blockley township, about four miles from the city of Philadelphia, joining on land belonging to John Penn, Esq; and the road commonly called the Schuylkill road, leading to the said city; the situation is high and healthy, and affords a long and agreeable view of the river Schuylkill, both up and down. It is part of a tract of about 80 acres, and it is proposed to lett the remaining 65 acres or thereabouts, with a dwelling-house and barn. To be entered upon punctually on the first day of the 4th month next.

27th 1st Month, 1783. MARGERY WARNER.

N. B. The above 15 acres has a good orchard, and several stone quarries adjoining the river Schuylkill. ¶

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 3d day of MARCH, 1783,

A PLANTATION, late the estate of SAMUEL BLAKER, deceased, situate in Warwick township, Bucks county, 22 miles from Philadelphia, on the old York road, and may be entered upon the 1st day of April next. Containing 50 acres, be the same more or less, whereof about 20 acres is woodland, 3 of good meadow, and more may be made; there is on the place a good frame house and cellar under it, a well of good water at the door, a stone kitchen, a weaver's shop, a frame barn, and a good orchard. The place has been occupied for shop-keeping. The title is indisputable

The vendue will begin at 10 o'clock of said day, on the premises, where the conditions will be made known, and attendance given, by § CATHARINE BLAKER.

Paxton township, February 12, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Paxton township, Lancaster county, some time in December last, a forrel MARE and COLT; the mare about 10 years old, 14 hands high, a switch tail, no brand; the colt a natural trotter. The owner, proving property and paying charges, may have them again, by applying to

SAMUEL SHERER.

WAS left at the subscriber's, in Vincent township, Chester county, and State of Pennsylvania, in December last, by a man who called himself *Archibald Crisby*, a dun HORSE, with a white mane and tail, about 6 years old. As said *Crisby* has not returned, the proper owner of said horse is hereby desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, in three weeks from this date, otherwise he will be sold for charges.

DAVID EVANS.

Feb. 3, 1783. ¶

Philadelphia, February 10, 1783.

THE PUBLIC are hereby desired to take NOTICE, That as there is now no Coffee-House kept in this City, and as the present Occupier of the late House has forbid any public Sales being held there for the future, without a very considerable Gratuity being made him by the Subscriber; That all Sales of Goods, Horses, real Estate, Shipping, &c. which were usually held there on Market Days and Evenings, will be held, 'till there is another Coffee-House established, at the CITY AUCTION-STORE, on the East Side of Front-street, between Market and Arch-streets, on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, where Goods, &c. are desired to be sent, and Sales advertised to be held.

JOHN BAYARD, Auctioneer.

By virtue of a Writ of *Levari Facias* to me directed, will be exposed to SALE at the old COFFEE-HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of February inst. at 12 o'clock at noon,

THE one undivided fifth part (the whole in five equal parts to be divided) of and in a certain Messuage or Tenement, and Piece or Parcel of LAND, situate in the Northern-Liberties, in the county of Philadelphia, beginning at a post, &c. containing 59 acres and 48 perches. Also of and in a certain messuage or tenement and lot or piece of ground, situate on the west side of Fifth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on said street 15 feet, and in length 78 feet, bounded, &c. Also, of and in a certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the north side of Vine-street, adjoining to the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Second-street aforesaid, 36 feet, and in length or depth 50 feet, more or less; now or late in the tenure of Alexander M'Gee; late the estate of John Ford, deceased; seized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 14, 1783.

Just imported in the Ships CONGRESS and INTREPID, from FRANCE, and to be sold by

PETER WIKOFF,

At his house in Front-street, between Arch and Race-streets, opposite to Elfreth's Alley,

An assortment of European Goods,

Suitable for the Season, among which are,

SUPERFINE and middling broadcloths, swanskins, coatings, ratteens, friezes, camblets, sergeminorques, bed-ticking, Britannia and other low priced linens, bohea tea, wool cards, nankeens, ravens duck, oznabrigs, bordered handkerchiefs, needles, &c. &c.

N. B. The late partnership of PETER and WILLIAM WIKOFF, by mutual consent expired last month, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscriber, who is fully authorised to receive and settle the same.

Jan. 14, 1783. T.b.c. 6w. PETER WIKOFF.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the 10th or middle of March next.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION in the Northern Liberties, within 3 miles of this city, containing 212 acres of land; on this place are a genteel messuage, good barn, stables, cow house, granary, corn crib, milk and smoke house, with large orchards of the best grafted fruit, besides pears, plumbs, &c. It is capable of supporting a large stock, and very handy to attend the market. For terms, enquire of

Philad. Jan. 30, 1783. REYNOLD KEEN. ‡

Chester County, January, 31, 1783.

THESE are to give notice to any person or persons inclining to undertake the building of a new COURT-HOUSE and GOAL in the county aforesaid, that the Commissioners will meet them at the house of THOMAS DOWNING, in Downing's-town, on the 20th day of February next, in order to enter into articles of agreement. ¶

Philadelphia, January 23, 1783.

TO BE LETT,

ONE good PLANTATION, situate within one mile of Hides-town, East-New-Jersey, containing about 80 acres, on which is a good house, stables, orchard, and other suitable conveniences, now occupied by Samuel Bailey, and may be entered upon the first day of April ensuing.

One large Plantation adjoining the above, containing 280 acres, with a good house, barn and stables; there is a piece of good meadow, and a large proportion of orchard of the best fruit, with almost all other conveniences necessary to render a farm agreeable. The whole in the tenure of Absalom Hankins, and may be entered upon the first day of April ensuing.

One other Plantation adjoining the above, containing 212 acres, properly laid out in fields, in good fence, with a good house, barn and stables, and an excellent well of water before the door, a good bearing orchard of the best fruit, now in the tenure of Daniel Hutchinson, and may be entered upon the first day of April ensuing.

ALSO

One small plantation, containing about 13 acres, most of which being meadow and gardens, would suit a person who could attend the market, it being only 7 miles from this city, on the old York road; there is a handsome large stone house, kitchen, barn, stables, milk house, well, and every kind of convenience, and would also suit for a gentleman's country seat, it being one of the most healthy spots in this country, it may be entered upon the first day of April ensuing.

A good new two story brick house and kitchen, together with a good two story frame dwelling house, back of the same, with an alley for its accommodation, situate in Christian-street, between Front and Second-streets, (next to Caleb Ash's) the whole now in the tenure of Valentine War, and may be entered upon the first day of February ensuing.

Also two stables, situate upon the Dock, calculated to contain from 5 to 10 horses each, and may be entered upon immediately, both of these would suit for private stables, as they will be lett low.

For terms apply to the subscriber, at the north-east corner of Second and Chestnut-streets. T.b.c. JOHN SHIELDS.

For SALE, by the Subscriber,

Living on the premises, and may be entered on the first day of the Fourth Month next,

A CONVENIENT SETTLEMENT, in the Manor of Moreland, county of Philadelphia, containing 72 acres, adjoining lands of Moses Vancourt, Samuel Boutcher, and the Southampton road, near 14 miles from the city; on which there are erected, two dwelling houses, one built with stone, two stories high, two rooms on the lower floor besides a kitchen, and three above, well finished, a pump by the door, a stone milk-house, watered by said pump, a barn, 40 feet by 24, one half built with stone, a waggon-house, smith's shop of stone, and log coal-house; the other dwelling-house built with sawed logs, weather boarded with cedar, two rooms on the floor, a bearing orchard of about 200 apple trees, 15 acres of good watered meadow, and about 12 acres of woodland; the ploughland well manured with lime; the whole in good repair.

First Month, 18th Day, 1783. ISAAC CADWALADER.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has taken a convenient house near the bridge at Frankfort, five miles from this city, where he has provided every thing necessary and comfortable for the entertainment of travellers and others, as well as stabling and provender for horses. Those who will be kind enough to favour him with their custom may depend upon the best usage and attendance in his power to give. Also to be LETT by the same person, at the same place, a brick HOUSE and Garden, with near 20 acres of good land adjoining, part of which is newly cleared; this may be entered upon the 25th of March or the 1st of April next.

Philad. Dec. 16, 1782. JAMES MARTIN.

BELL's Book-Store, *in Third-street*,

January 30th, 1783.

The more exalted of the Sentimentalists, may now felicitate themselves, and their friends, upon the opportunity of purchasing, the liberal, moral, politic, and philosophic explorations in various countries, justly exhibited in the following most elegant BOOK of TRAVELS, superior in entertainment and instruction, to all the productions of either ancient or modern TRAVELLERS.

NUMBER FIRST-----Price *One Dollar*.

A View of Society and Manners

In FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, GERMANY, and ITALY: With ANECDOTES relating to some EMINENT CHARACTERS.

Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D.

During his travels through those countries. with his Grace the present Duke of HAMILTON.

NUMBER SECOND---Price *One Dollar*.

Of MOORE's ELEGANT TRAVELS.

Will be published about three weeks from this date. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE HOUSE and LOT, pleasantly situated in the township of Little Egg-Harbour, Burlington county, and State of New Jersey; there is about two and a half acres in the lot, the house is almost new, and is 46 feet by 20, with three rooms on a floor, and a good kitchen, a well of good water near the door, about 40 young bearing apple-trees of good fruit; said house is but a few rods from Friends Meeting-house, saw and grist mills, and as near a creek that puts in from the sea and bay that abounds with fish fowl, &c. commands a pleasing prospect of the sea and beaches, and is a good stand for a store, tavern or a mechanic.

Part of the purchase money being paid down, time will be given for the remainder.

Any person inclining to purchase may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, in Moore's-Town, New-Jersey.

EBENEZER TUCKER.

Moore's-Town, Jan. 29, 1783.

P. S. If said house is not sold by the 24th day of March next, it will be sold at public Sale on that day, on the premises, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A Large new commodious three story house, kitchen, stables, coach-house and lot of ground thereto belonging, would accommodate a gentleman or man of business, being one of the best stands for trade in this city (300l. per annum has been refused for it) likewise a farm on a branch of Neshaminy, within 19 miles of Philadelphia. about 90 acres thereof cleared, 20 of which are meadow, and the remainder well timbered; the soil is good, and there are upwards of 100 young fruit trees thereon.

Also 70 acres of land within 9 miles of this city, about 30 thereof cleared, and under good new post and rail fence, and has a fine stream of water thereon, situate on the Ridge road.

And two lots of ground, on the north side of Market-street, between Eighth and Ninth-streets, each 23 feet front on Market-street, and extend in depth to street 306 feet. The person interested in the above mentioned property being disposed to leave this country, will sell on reasonable terms. One half of the money to be paid down, and the remainder in two or three years. Apply to the Printers. ¶

SIXTY DOLLARS Reward,

RUN AWAY from the ship NANCY, after receiving a month's pay advance, the following MEN, viz

MATHIAS CLOGNER, a Dutchman, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, light hair, and smooth face, speaks broken English.

Hugh Barnett, 6 feet 1 inch high, has black hair, with a remarkable long cut which extends over the right eye.

Philip Williams, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, short black hair, and came last from the Havanna with Capt. Souder.

John Williams, alias *Welch*, about the size of Philip Williams, came from St. Thomas's with Capt. Truxton.

George Irons, armourer, was formerly in Col Procter's regt.

Johannes Peters and *Godfrey Antone*, Dutchmen, both of which came last from St. Thomas's with Capt. Truxton, and are each of them about 5 feet 6 inches high.

Andrew Barkus, a Spanish Negroe, who neither speaks nor understands English.

John Clark, a likely young fellow, 5 feet 8 inches high.

Charles Lane, 5 feet 6 inches high, between 40 and 50 years of age, pock-marked, with one of his eyes very red.

The above persons are so well known in this city, that a more particular description is unnecessary.

Whoever secures them in goal, and gives information to the Commanding Officer on board the Nancy, lying at Fort Mifflin, or the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, or in proportion for each. ROBERT SHEWELL.

N. B. Also run away from the above ship, JOHN HEWES (carpenter) about 5 feet 7 inches high, short black hair and smooth face. Whoever secures him as above, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward. ¶

A WASH KETTLE,

WAS found, about five weeks ago, in Third street, between Market and Arch-streets, early in the morning, supposed to have been stolen and left in the street. Whoever has lost the same, by applying to the Printers, may be informed where it is, and may have it again, on proving property and paying charges. ‖ Philad. Feb. 3, 1783.

Manor of Moreland, Philad. county, Jan. 24, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, near the Crooked-Billet, some time last fall, Eleven stray SHEEP, with different marks. The owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

† MORDECAI THOMAS.

Best possible image.